ORDINANCE NO._____ COUNCIL BILL NO. CB14-0039 SERIES OF 2014 COMMITTEE OF REFERENCE: Business, Workforce & Sustainability A BILL

For an ordinance repealing and reenacting a new Article V of Chapter 28 of the Revised Municipal Code entitled "Nondiscrimination in City Contracts and Purchase Orders for Covered Goods and Covered Services and Opportunities for Minority and Woman-Owned Businesses and Small Business Enterprises in Procurements for Covered Goods and Covered Services".

WHEREAS, it is in the best interests of the City to promote equal opportunity in the City's goods and services contracting efforts; and

WHEREAS, procurement policies that reach broader segments of the business community maximize opportunities for more businesses to compete for and participate in City procurements; and

WHEREAS, the City has the constitutional duty to prohibit, prevent, and eliminate race-and gender-based discrimination and the effects of such discrimination in City procurement opportunities; and

WHEREAS, since as early as 1991, the City has made various inquiries to determine whether discrimination existed in the City's goods and services contracting opportunities and in the private sector goods and services industries in the Denver metropolitan area into which the city infuses its public tax dollars. These inquiries include a 1991 study of the utilization and availability of minority and woman business enterprises ("MBEs" and "WBEs") and of evidence of race-and gender-based discrimination against them in the goods and services industries, in both city contracting and in the Denver metropolitan area ("the 1991 Disparity Study"); a 1995 supplement containing additional marketplace analysis of disparities between utilization and availability of MBEs and WBEs in the goods and services sectors of the Denver metropolitan area ("the 1995 Marketplace Analysis"); and a 1995-1996 Affirmative Action Community Task Force Purchasing Subcommittee that conducted extensive public meetings regarding the need for affirmative action programs in the City's procurement activities and concluded in a final report dated February 28, 1996, that MBEs and WBEs were underutilized in the areas of goods and services procurement in the Denver metropolitan area marketplace and a need existed for an MBE and WBE procurement program; and

WHEREAS, such inquiries provided evidence of race-and gender-based discrimination by the City and by the private sector goods and services industries in which the City as a passive participant; and

WHEREAS, based upon the scope of the identified public and private discrimination established by these inquires, the Denver City Council, in 1996, enacted Ordinance No. 305, entitled "Nondiscrimination in City Contracts for Goods and Services", establishing an aspirational goals program for the Department of General Services to prevent discrimination and its effects against MBEs and WBEs in City procurement opportunities; and

WHEREAS, in 2000, the City suspended this program after the U.S. District Court enjoined the City from implementing the City's construction goal program in *Concrete Works of Colorado, Inc. v. The City and County of Denver,* 86 F. Supp. 1042 (D. Colo. 2000). Even though the procurement program established under Ordinance No. 305 itself was not the subject of this litigation, the Court restricted all activities related to the collection of data and the certification of MBEs and WBEs for both the construction and the procurement goals programs. The Tenth Circuit Court of Appeals in 2003 reversed the U.S. District Court's decision and upheld the constitutionality of the City's construction goal ordinance; and

WHEREAS, in 2007, BBC Research & Consulting released a Procurement Opportunity Study addressing the utilization and availability of MBEs and WBEs in the Denver metropolitan area goods and services marketplace; and

WHEREAS, the Purchasing Division of the Department of General Services implemented various outreach efforts, since as early as 2009, to encourage the participation of local, small, disadvantaged and minority and woman-owned firms in City procurement opportunities and these efforts were periodically successful in raising awareness of particular projects; and

WHEREAS, in 2011 the City retained MGT of America, Inc., to study the utilization and availability of MBEs and WBEs and to identify evidence of race-and gender-based discrimination in designated goods and services industries, in both city contracting and in the Denver metropolitan area, which study was completed in 2013 ("the 2013 Disparity Study"); and

WHEREAS, the 2013 Disparity Study found evidence of impediments to the development of the availability of MBEs and WBEs and the underutilization of those businesses in the following procurement industries: electronic parts and equipment; office equipment; machinery, equipment and supplies; electrical and industrial equipment including parts and supplies; communication equipment; building management and maintenance services including janitorial services; parking services; security services; maintenance and repair services including landscaping; communication equipment related services; and general business services consisting of staffing, interpretation,

graphic design, printing and photocopying, transportation, and courier delivery services, and such evidence was overall found to be consistent with the existence of racial and gender differences in such industries; and

WHEREAS, the scope of the identified underutilization encompasses the types of contracts within the purview of Part 9 of Article II of the Charter of the City and County of Denver (Department of General Services) and also certain other contract activities within the purview of other sections of the Charter, ordinances, and executive orders; and

WHEREAS, on behalf of the City, MGT held public hearings on August 28-29, 2012, concerning procurement practices in the Department of General Services and in the local private sector goods and services industries in which the City participates; and

WHEREAS, the manager of the department of general services, the director of the purchasing division, and the director of the division of small business opportunity have reviewed the size standards established by the U.S. Small Business Administration ("SBA") for small business enterprises ("SBEs") participating in SBA programs, with respect to business size in the metropolitan Denver private sector goods and services industries, and assessed whether a development program to assist SBEs, regardless of the race or gender of the owners thereof, in designated City procurement opportunities, both as vendors and as subcontractors, would benefit City procurement by promoting competition in bidding and benefit the metropolitan area, including the City, by promoting the economic growth of such SBEs; and

WHEREAS, the City has assessed whether it would serve legitimate interests of the City and serve a public purpose to develop a multi-tiered procurement opportunity program to assist smaller business enterprises in certain goods and services industries and markets in which the City participates through a variety of race and gender neutral components, including but not limited to outreach and education programs, a small business preference program, and small business defined procurement pool; and

WHEREAS, the City Council has reviewed documentation and records evidencing these programs, public hearings and studies referenced above, has conducted a public hearing on February 18, 2014 on this proposed legislation, and based on all of the above, hereby finds:

(a) History of discrimination.

(1) There exists a prima facie showing that woman business enterprises, and minority business enterprises owned by Black/African-Americans, Hispanic-Americans, Asian-Americans and Native Americans, who have done business or attempted to do business in the private and public goods and services industries within the City and the City's market area for these industries, which encompasses the State of Colorado, have suffered and continue to suffer

from discrimination. This discrimination has existed in the city's goods and services contracting practices and in private sector industry contracting in such industries in which the city has been a passive participant. Because of such discrimination, such woman business enterprises and minority business enterprises have been denied equal opportunity to participate in such contracts.

- (2) Such denial of equal opportunity has been aggravated by impediments to the creation of woman and minority-owned business enterprises in the said industries, as measured by lending discrimination affecting such industries, comparison of business formation rates of women and minority employees and majority employees in such industries, and a comparison between self-employment earnings of women and minorities as compared to majority persons in such industries.
- (3) Such discrimination has prevented such woman business enterprises and minority business enterprises from participating both in the City's contracting opportunities in the goods and services procurement areas and in the private sector goods and services procurement areas at a level which would have existed absent such discrimination.
- (4) Such discrimination in contracting opportunities violates the city's constitutional duty to prohibit, prevent and eliminate race- and gender-based discrimination and its effects in the conduct of its business.
- (5) Such discrimination requires action to prevent discrimination and to remedy its effects, including outreach and education efforts to promote access to procurement opportunities, improved instructional resources for vendors inexperienced in dealing with the city insofar as the city may effectively and lawfully do so, the adoption of a good-faith goal program for designated procurements, implementation of bid preferences and defined pool procedures for small businesses, and promotion of independent partnerships to encourage equal opportunities to compete for City funded procurement contracts and subcontracts.
- (6) Without the adoption of a multi-tiered program, such woman business enterprises and minority business enterprises would not have an equal opportunity to participate in city contracts for goods and services procurement.
- (b) Procurement program components. The city has a compelling governmental interest in prohibiting, preventing and eliminating race-and gender-based discrimination and its effects in city goods and services contracts, and for this purpose adopts the specific procurement programs set forth in this article V. This program has been carefully structured to take into consideration factors such as present availability of such woman business enterprises and minority business enterprises to perform work on designated city procurement contracts. The procurement program, which is narrowly tailored to prevent and eliminate discrimination and its effects against such

minority business enterprises and woman business enterprises with a minimum of burden on other contractors, contains the following components:

- (1) SBE Defined Procurement Pool Procurements less than \$50,000.
- a. One Hundred Percent (100%) of national SBA size standards is reasonably reflective of business size in the metropolitan Denver goods and services industries. A development program to assist such SBEs, regardless of the race or gender of the owners thereof, in competing for prime contracts with the City for covered goods and covered services as vendors, contractors, or consultants, would benefit City procurement contracting by promoting competition in bidding and benefit the metropolitan area, including the City, by promoting the economic growth of SBEs, and such a development program is therefore justified as being related to a legitimate governmental interest of the City;
- b. A defined procurement pool that assists SBEs, regardless of the race or gender of the owners thereof, would assist all SBEs in their development and expansion into general contracting roles, and would benefit City procurement contracting by encouraging competition for covered goods or covered services for which the estimated cost is less than fifty thousand dollars. The scope of the defined procurement pool will be limited to bid or proposal opportunities for exclusive competition among SBEs identified on the division of small business opportunity ("DSBO") certification list. Only business enterprises that meet the certification criteria for small business enterprises, as set forth herein, are eligible for the pool. The defined procurement pool is therefore justified as being related to a legitimate governmental interest of the City;
 - (2) SBE Bid Preference Procurements \$50,000 to \$250,000.
- a. A bid preference program to assist SBEs, regardless of the race or gender of the owners thereof, in competing for prime contracts with the City for covered goods and covered services as vendors, contractors, or consultants, would benefit City procurement contracting by promoting opportunities for all small businesses to compete for City procurement contracts. The SBE bid preference does not exclude any potential bidders from competing for City procurement contracts. The program benefits the metropolitan area, including the City, by promoting the economic growth of SBEs. The bid preference is therefore justified as being related to a legitimate governmental interest of the City;
- b. The scope of the SBE bid preference will be limited to bid opportunities for covered goods or covered services for which the estimated cost is from fifty thousand to two hundred fifty thousand dollars. Only business enterprises that meet the certification criteria for SBEs, as set forth herein, are eliqible for the bid preference.

(3) Independent Partnerships - Procurements for covered goods or covered services that are not included in goal, bid preference, or defined procurement pool programs.

- a. The City has a legitimate governmental interest in promoting fair opportunities to compete for all City procurement contracts and encouraging greater participation in City procurement contracts by MBEs, WBEs, SBEs, and other business entities. It would serve a legitimate governmental interest of the City to encourage, but not require, independent partnerships by MBEs, WBEs, SBEs, and other business entities bidding or proposing on City procurement projects as prime contractors for covered goods or covered services.
- b. The scope of the Independent Partnerships mechanism will be limited to bidding and competitive selection procedures for covered goods or covered services for which the estimated cost is over two hundred fifty thousand but less than one million dollars and for all other purchases of covered goods or covered services that are not included in the goal program, defined procurement pool, or bid preference program.
 - (4) Goal Program Procurements \$1,000,000 or more.
- a. A specific goal for participation of WBEs and MBEs is to be established for each City procurement contract for covered goods or covered services for which the estimated cost is one million dollars or more, based on the availability of WBEs and MBEs for that particular City procurement contract;
- b. The goal program does not impose a quota, set-aside, sheltered market or bid preference, never excludes any party, including nonminority-and male-owned business enterprises, from competing for any procurement contract, and never denies contracts or purchase orders for failure to meet the procurement goal, if nondiscrimination is demonstrated by a showing of a good-faith attempt to comply with the procurement goal established therein;
- c. The goal program provides for the ability of individual persons not within the program's identified categories of minorities and women to be individually certified to participate as a minority business enterprise if such person can demonstrate individualized social discrimination; and
- d. The program provides for graduation from the program of minority business enterprises and woman business enterprises whose size indicates that they have had the opportunity to overcome the effects of discrimination.
- (5) Procurement Advisory Committee. It would serve a legitimate governmental interest of the City to establish a procurement advisory committee comprised of MBEs, WBEs, SBEs, and other business entities or trade industry groups to make recommendations to the

manager of the department of general services and DSBO director to further the policies and objectives of the City's procurement program established under this article V.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF DENVER:

Section 1. That Article V of Chapter 28 of the Revised Municipal Code be and the same is hereby repealed and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE V. NONDISCRIMINATION IN CITY CONTRACTS AND PURCHASE ORDERS FOR COVERED GOODS AND COVERED SERVICES AND OPPORTUNITIES FOR MINORITY AND WOMAN-OWNED BUSINESSES AND SMALL BUSINESS ENTERPRISES IN PROCUREMENTS FOR COVERED GOODS AND COVERED SERVICES

Sec. 28-117. Purpose and scope of programs.

- (a) The purpose of this article V is to enable the city, through the department of general services, user departments, and the DSBO, to undertake specific activities to prevent discrimination and its effects against business enterprises that have been certified as MBEs and/or WBEs in the award of City contracts and purchase orders for covered goods and covered services and to increase opportunities for all small business enterprises that have been certified as SBEs to compete for City contracts and purchase orders for covered goods and covered services, as awarded by the department of general services or user departments pursuant to the provisions of the Charter, ordinances, and executive orders of the City and County of Denver. The director of the division of small business opportunity, the manager of the department of general services, and City department heads are hereby expressly delegated the necessary powers to effectuate the purpose of this article V and to undertake such additional studies or inquiries as they deem appropriate.
- (b) The scope of this article V will encompass an MBE and WBE goal program, an SBE defined procurement pool program, an SBE preference program, a program to encourage independent partnerships with MBEs, WBEs, SBEs, and other business enterprises, and other outreach and education programs.
- (c) The City, through the DSBO or the purchasing division, is authorized to develop and utilize programs and activities to provide outreach to and to facilitate the participation of all business enterprises in the City's purchasing activities, including but not limited to MBEs, WBEs, and SBEs. These programs and activities include, but are not limited to:
- (1) Commencement of collection and analysis, for informational purposes only, of data and information from each bidder or proposer on a City procurement contract or purchase order regarding the ongoing availability and utilization of minority and women-owned business

enterprises, including MBEs and WBEs, on such bidder's or proposer's private contracts in the covered goods and covered services industries in the City's market area.

(2) Development of such other programs or activities as the DSBO director, purchasing director, or manager of the department of general services may from time to time recommend.

Sec. 28-118. Contracts and Purchase Orders excluded from Article V.

Article V excludes from coverage the following purchases:

- (a) Contracts and purchase orders for which bids or proposals are sought under the minority and women business enterprise ordinance for construction, reconstruction, and remodeling, and professional design and construction services set forth in Article III of this Chapter 28 and under the small business enterprise ordinance set forth in Article VII of this Chapter 28.
- (b) Contracts and purchase orders paid with funds from the United States Government or the State of Colorado and for which the United States Government or the State of Colorado have made applicable contract requirements, terms or conditions that are inconsistent with the terms of this article V in which event the provisions of this article V shall not apply to such contract or purchase order to the extent of the inconsistency.
- (c) Contracts and purchase orders excluded by the purchasing division from procurement bidding procedures as identified in section 20-64 of this code.
- (d) Contracts and purchase orders made pursuant to section 20-64.5 of this code concerning cooperative purchases under purchase contracts of the United States Government, State of Colorado, or other governmental jurisdictions.
- (e) Contracts or purchase orders, or parts thereof, excluded by the Manager by implementing order.
- (f) Purchases made through the City's Non-Purchase Order Voucher procedures as identified in City Fiscal Rule 8.1.

Sec. 28-119. Procurement Advisory Committee.

The DSBO director, in consultation with the purchasing director, may establish an advisory committee to advise and recommend to the DSBO director and manager, as appropriate, policy and initiatives to assist MBEs, WBEs, SBEs, and other business enterprises in seeking procurement opportunities for covered goods and covered services under this article V. The details of this committee will be established by rules and regulations promulgated by the DSBO director, in consultation with the purchasing director and manager of the department of general services.

Sec. 28-120. Administrative review of court proceedings.

All disputes concerning any determination made by or on behalf of the City pursuant to the authority of the DSBO director as set forth in this Article V will be governed by administrative review and court proceedings provision contained in section 28-33 of this code.

Sec. 28-121. Collection of fees by DSBO to defray certification costs for procurement programs.

DSBO shall charge a certification fee of not to exceed Three Hundred Dollars (\$300.00) to each applicant business enterprise seeking to be certified or to have certification(s) renewed under the provisions this article V of chapter 28.

Sec. 28-122. MBE/WBE/SBE Certification eligibility; renewal of certification; decertification; graduation; Graduation size standards.

- (a) Procedures and methods. The DSBO director shall, by rule and regulation or informal guidelines relating solely to internal management and procedure, establish reasonable procedures and methods for the certification of applicant business enterprises as MBEs, WBEs or SBEs in order to effectuate the purposes of this article V. The DSBO director may seek input and advice from appropriate industry sources as to appropriate aspects of work performance, equipment and staffing in these industry areas in which certification is being sought.
- (b) Eligibility and application procedures. Only applicant business enterprises who meet the applicable certification criteria may participate as MBEs, WBEs, or SBEs in the programs established under this article V. The certification criteria, requirements, and application procedures contained in sections 28-54 and 28-55 through 28-57 of this code will apply to the certification, renewal of certification, decertification, and graduation of MBEs and WBEs under this article V. The certification criteria, requirements, and application procedures contained in sections 28-205 and 28-206 of this code will apply to the certification, renewal of certification, decertification, and graduation of SBEs under this article V.
- (c) No applicant business enterprise shall be certified as an MBE, WBE or SBE, and following certification of an MBE, WBE or SBE, no certification shall be renewed if on the effective date of the application or renewal the applicant business enterprise, the MBE, WBE, or SBE (combined with all affiliates) has achieved a size standard exceeding one hundred percent (100%) of the applicable size standards established by the U.S. Small Business Administration ("SBA") at 13 C.F.R. § 121.201, as amended, or successor SBA regulation or classification system, which are incorporated herein by reference. The size standard is based on annual receipts averaged over the three (3) preceding consecutive fiscal years; whether the applicant business has otherwise achieved a size standard based upon its number of employees; or other criteria, applicable to any of the work activities for which the applicant business enterprise seeks certification or is certified.

The DSBO director may adjust or modify such MBE/WBE/SBE graduation size standards if it appears, after further inquiry and review by the DSBO director, that such standards are no longer appropriate to the purposes of this article V.

Sec. 28-123. Definitions.

As used in this article V, the following words and phrases shall have the following meanings, unless otherwise clearly required by the context:

- (1) Affiliate for purposes of this Article V will have the meaning set forth in section 28-54(1) and the meaning set forth in section 28-204(1), as applicable.
- (2) Annual Goal means the targeted level for the aspirational goal established by the City for the annual aggregate participation of MBEs and WBEs in City contracts and City purchase orders.
- (3) Applicant Business Enterprise means a business enterprise seeking to be certified as a minority, woman, or small business enterprise, as appropriate, to provide Covered Goods or Covered Services under this article V.
- (4) *Bid* means an offer to provide covered goods or perform covered services for a price under a City contract or purchase order with the City in response to a bidding procedure.
- (5) *Bidder* means a business enterprise that submits a bid on a City contract or purchase order that is offered for bidding by the City to acquire covered goods or covered services.
- (6) *Bid preference* means an amount deducted from the total bid price in order to evaluate and calculate the price of a bid, to be awarded solely on the basis of price, submitted in response to a request for bid for covered goods or covered services for which the estimated cost is from fifty thousand to two hundred fifty thousand dollars.
- (7) Broker means a business enterprise that performs a commercially useful function as an intermediary, for a fee, in the acquisition of covered goods regardless of whether it takes title to such goods for the City or its vendors, contractors, consultants, or suppliers, but is not a manufacturer, manufacturer's representative, supplier, or distributor. Acting as a broker as is required and sought by the City or as is normal industry practice for a specific purchase of covered goods is considered a commercially useful function. A packager shall be considered and treated as a broker.
- (8) Business Enterprise means an individual, sole proprietorship, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability limited partnership, joint stock company, joint venture, professional association or any other legal entity operated for profit that is properly licensed or registered, as applicable, owned, and controlled by persons who are citizens

of the United States or lawful permanent residents of the United States, and otherwise authorized to do business in the State of Colorado.

- (9) Certification means completion by a business enterprise of an application procedure to be developed by the DSBO, and formal authorization by the DSBO director to participate as an MBE, WBE, or SBE under this article V. Certification neither represents nor implies that a business enterprise is qualified to perform on a City procurement contract, nor that it performs a commercially useful function.
 - (10) *City* means the City and County of Denver and its participating user departments.
- (11) City contract or City purchase order means any city contract, purchase order, or master purchase order for the acquisition of covered goods or covered services authorized by the charter, municipal code, and executive orders of the City, including but not limited to contracts and purchase orders awarded by a formal or informal bidding procedure or competitive selection process, but will not include a contract or purchase order excluded under section 28-118 of this code or a contract or purchase order for professional services that are not covered services.

City contract or City purchase order shall include the acquisition of covered goods or covered services by the city through other contracts and purchase orders ancillary to cooperative agreements or understandings with other public and private agencies for the maintenance, repair, management, or operation of public facilities, park and recreational facilities, museums, zoological and other gardens, collections of natural history, and observatories or for the provision of public services, programs, or activities by public or private agencies at public facilities, park and recreational facilities, museums, zoological and other gardens, collections of natural history, and observatories.

- (12) Commercially Useful Function means responsibility for the provision of covered goods or a distinct element of covered services of a contract or purchase order that is carried out by a business enterprise actually performing, managing, and supervising the goods or services provided.
- (13) Conduit means an MBE, WBE, or SBE that knowingly agrees to pass all or part of the goods or services for which it is listed for participation, and is scheduled to perform or supply on a City contract or purchase order to a business entity that is not an MBE, WBE, or SBE. In this type of relationship, the MBE, WBE, or SBE has not performed a commercially useful function and the arranged agreement between the two parties is not consistent with standard industry practice. This arrangement does not meet the commercially useful function requirement, and therefore the participation of the MBE, WBE, or SBE does not count toward the procurement goal or annual goal, as appropriate.

- (14) Contractor, Consultant or Vendor means a business enterprise that enters into a City contract or purchase order for acquisition of covered goods or covered services pursuant to the charter, municipal code, and executive orders of the City. The terms Contractor, Consultant or Vendor include prime contractors and general contractors.
 - (15) Covered Goods means:

- (1) electronic parts and equipment,
- (2) office equipment,
- (3) machinery, equipment and supplies,
- (4) electrical and industrial equipment including parts and supplies, and
- (5) communication equipment purchased by the city pursuant to the charter, municipal code, and executive orders, but shall not include goods expressly excluded by section 28-118 above. The DSBO will establish, in consultation with the purchasing division, subcategories of covered goods corresponding to the codes set forth in the North American Industrial Classification Standard (NAICS) codes system, or successor classification system.
 - (16) Covered Services means all:
 - (1) building management and maintenance services including janitorial services,
 - (2) parking services,
 - (3) security services,
 - (4) maintenance and repair services including landscaping,
 - (5) communication equipment related services, and
- (6) general business services consisting of staffing, interpretation, graphic design, printing and photocopying, transportation, and courier delivery services purchased by the city pursuant to the charter, municipal code, and executive orders, but shall not include goods expressly excluded by section 28-118 above. The DSBO will establish, in consultation with the purchasing division, subcategories of covered services corresponding to the codes set forth in the North American Industrial Classification Standard (NAICS) codes system, or successor classification system.
 - (17) Day, unless otherwise indicated, means calendar day.
- (18) *Defined Procurement Pool* means City bid opportunities for covered goods or covered services for which the estimated cost is less than fifty thousand dollars.
- (19) Department Head means the manager or director of the City department or agency or the elected official initiating or requesting the City enter into contract(s) for covered goods or covered services utilizing MBE/WBE or SBE participation, or such person's designee.

- 1 (20) *Distributor* has the same definition as the term *Supplier* as set forth in section 28-2 123(45) below.
 - (21) DSBO means the division of small business opportunity.

- (22) *DSBO director* means the director of the division of small business opportunity or successor agency, or such director's designee.
- (23) Doing Business means having a physical location from which to engage in for-profit activities in the scope(s) of expertise of the business enterprise.
- (24) *Expertise* means demonstrated skills, knowledge, or ability to perform in the field of endeavor in which certification is sought by the business enterprise as defined by normal industry practices, including licensure or registration where required.
- (25) Goal Committee or Goal Committees mean a committee or committees of persons engaged in the covered goods or covered services industries or experienced in the implementation of MBE/WBE or SBE programs, that will be established by the DSBO director to advise the director as to procurement goal setting.
- (26) Good Faith Efforts means substantive and meaningful good faith actions undertaken by a contractor, consultant, or vendor to achieve the MBE/WBE procurement goal as defined in more detail in section 28-128 of this article V.
- (27) Goods means tangible, physical items that may or may not be fungible and that are not a service. The term "goods" includes "supplies" as such term is set forth in section 20-61(i) of this code.
- (28) Invitation for Bid or Request for Bid means a written invitation or request to prospective vendors, contractors, or consultants to submit a bid to provide covered goods or perform covered services for a price in response to bidding procedures conducted by user departments as authorized by the charter, ordinances, or executive orders of the City.
- (29) Joint venture means an association of two (2) business enterprises to constitute a single business enterprise to perform a City contract or purchase order for covered goods or covered services for which purpose they combine their property, capital, efforts, skills, and knowledge, and in which endeavor each joint venturer is responsible for a distinct, clearly defined portion of the work of the contract or purchase order, performs a commercially useful function, and whose share in the capital contribution, control, management responsibilities, risks, and profits of the joint venture are equal to its ownership interest. Joint ventures must have an agreement in writing specifying the terms and conditions of the relationships between the joint venturers and their relationship and responsibility to the contract or purchase order.

(30) Letter of intent means a written communication from a bidder or proposer to the City with respect to a contract or purchase order evidencing an understanding between an MBE or WBE and the bidder or proposer that such MBE or WBE has or will enter into a contractual relationship with the bidder or proposer on such contract or purchase order or that such bidder or proposer will self-perform as an MBE or WBE on such contract or purchase order.

- (31) *Manufacturer* means a business enterprise that operates or maintains a factory or establishment that produces or substantially alters on the premises the covered goods to a vendor, contractor, or consultant, or to subcontractors, subconsultants, subvendors, suppliers, brokers, manufacturer's representatives, or distributors on a City contract or purchase order in connection with a City contract or purchase order.
- (32) Manufacturer's Representative means a business enterprise that sells products for one or more manufacturers. A manufacturer's representative does not take legal title to or physical possession of the products that it sells, such products generally being sent directly from the manufacturer to the vendor, contractor, consultant or subcontractor purchasing such products. Acting as a manufacturer's representative, as is required and sought by the City or as is normal industry practice for a specific purchase of covered goods is considered a commercially useful function.
- (33) *Manager* means the manager of the department of general services, or such manager's designee.
 - (34) *Minority Business Enterprise* or MBE for purposes of this article V will have the meaning set forth in section 28-54(34) of this code.
- (35) On-Call Procurement Contracts means contracts for covered goods or covered services that are awarded in accordance with section 20-68 of this code or that are procured and awarded without a pre-determined specific quantity in the case of covered goods or scope of work in the case of covered services. Once a specific quantity or scope of work is identified, individual work orders or task orders are authorized, and the contractor, consultant, or vendor proceeds to provide the covered goods or covered services under the individual work order or task order.
- (36) Packager means a business enterprise that performs a commercially useful function in the packaging of covered goods used in or delivered under a City contract regardless of whether it takes title to such goods for the City or their vendors, contractors, or consultants, but is not itself a manufacturer, manufacturer's representative, supplier, or distributor. Acting as a packager, as is required and sought by the City or as is normal industry practice for a specific purchase of covered goods is considered a commercially useful function. A packager shall be considered and treated as a broker.

(37) Procurement goal means the specific MBE/WBE goal established for a particular City contract or purchase order for covered goods or covered services based upon the availability of MBEs and WBEs in the statement of goods or work to be provided in the contract.

- (38) *Proposal* means an offer to provide covered goods or perform covered services under a City contract or purchase order with either the City in response a competitive selection process.
- (39) *Proposer* means a business enterprise that submits a proposal on a City contract or purchase order for covered goods or covered services that utilizes a competitive selection process.
- (40) *Purchasing Director* means the director of the division of purchasing of the department of general services or successor agency, or such director's designee.
- (41) Purchase Order or Master Purchase Order means an approved document to a bidder or proposer formalizing all the terms and conditions of a proposed transaction, such as a description of the requested items, delivery schedule, terms of payment, and transportation.
- (42) Qualified, with respect to good faith efforts in this article V, means that a business enterprise has the financial ability, expertise, skill, experience, and access to the necessary staff, facilities and equipment to complete contract(s) or subcontract(s) that it may undertake on projects. The City makes no representations as to the qualifications of any applicant business enterprise, MBE, WBE, or SBE.
- (43) Request for proposal means a written request to prospective vendors, contractors, or consultants to submit a proposal to provide covered goods or perform covered services where an award is made in consideration of best value and not necessarily lowest price in response to a selection procedure conducted by user departments as authorized by the charter, ordinances, or executive orders of the City.
- (44) Services means all work offered for public or private use that are purchased by user departments under authority of the charter, municipal code, and executive orders of the City and that does not consist primarily of goods. This definition does not include services expressly excluded under section 28-118 or professional or technical services that are not covered services.
- (45) Small Business Enterprise or SBE will have the meaning set forth in section 28-204(35) of this code.
- 30 (46) Solicitation means a written bid or selection procedure to procure covered goods or covered services.
 - (47) Subcontractor, Subconsultant, or Subvendor means a business enterprise that either: (1) directly contracts with a contractor, consultant, or vendor to provide covered goods pursuant to a City contract or purchase order; or (2) directly contracts with subcontractors, subconsultants, or

- subvendors under such contractors, consultants, or vendors on a City contract or purchase order, and which business enterprise will provide covered goods or covered services under agreements with the vendor, contractor, or consultant, or with other subcontractors, subconsultants, or subvendors under such contractor, consultant, or vendor.
- (48) Supplier means a business enterprise that will provide covered goods on a City contract or purchase order under agreements with a vendor, contractor, or consultant, or with subcontractors, subconsultants, or subvendors under such a vendor, contractor, or consultant.
- (49) Woman Business Enterprise or WBE for purposes of this Article V will have the meaning set forth in section 28-54(51) of this code.
- (50) *User department* means the City department, agency, board, commission, authority, officer, or elected official, excluding the board of water commissioners but including without limitation the County Courts, Library Commission, Civil Service Commission, Career Service Authority (Office of Human Resources), Auditor, City Council, and Clerk and Recorder, initiating or requesting a city contract or city purchase order for the acquisition of covered goods or covered services, utilizing MBE/ WBE/SBE participation, under authority of the charter, municipal code, or executive orders of the City.

Sec. 28-124. Annual goal.

- (a) Of the total dollars spent annually for covered goods and covered services, the DSBO director, in consultation with the purchasing director, no later than six (6) months after the enactment of this article V, shall establish an aspirational annual goal for MBE/WBE utilization based on the dollars to be spent for covered goods and covered services. The DSBO will establish, in consultation with the purchasing division, subcategories of covered goods corresponding to the codes set forth in the North American Industrial Classification Standard (NAICS) codes system, or successor classification system. The DSBO director may also consult with user departments in establishing the annual goal.
- (b) The DSBO director, in consultation with the purchasing director, as a basis for the establishment of the annual goal shall annually determine the present availability of all MBEs and WBEs providing covered goods or performing covered services in the relevant market area and recommend the annual goal to the city council for its review. The DSBO shall conduct such inquiries, studies and hearings, and utilize such information and assistance from such persons, consultants, entities or organizations, within or without the City, including the purchasing director and city department heads as the DSBO director at his or her sole discretion deems necessary to make such annual recommendation.

- (c) The city council shall review the annual goal recommended by the DSBO director, may undertake such additional inquiries as it deems appropriate, and may approve, disapprove or modify the recommended annual goal by ordinance in each succeeding year.
- (d) The following participation shall count toward the annual goal, to the extent provided in section 28-129, concerning individual procurement goals; section 28-138 concerning Defined Procurement Pool; section 28-142, concerning SBE Bid Preference; and section 28-151, concerning Independent Partnerships, portions of work undertaken by MBEs and WBEs as contractors, consultants, vendors, subcontractors, subconsultants, subvendors, suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives, brokers, distributors, or joint venturers, including appropriate portions of work undertaken by subcontractors, subconsultants, suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives, brokers and distributors on subsidiary tiers under MBEs and WBEs, whether or not such subsidiary tier business enterprises are MBEs or WBEs.
- (e) The DSBO director, in the best interests of the City, may waive a representative sample of City contracts or purchase orders for covered goods or covered services to be bid or otherwise selected without a goal, in order to determine MBE and WBE utilization on such contracts in the absence of such a goal. A written justification for such a waiver will be included in DSBO's annual report. Following the first full year of operation of this article V, the DSBO director shall analyze, based upon such representative sample and other contracts that may otherwise be let with a procurement goal of zero percent, to what extent the originally established annual goal has been met without the imposition of procurement goals. To the extent ascertainable, this information shall be utilized in the setting of the annual goal.

Sec. 28-125. Prebid/Preproposal meetings.

- (a) In order to inform bidders and proposers of procurement contracting opportunities under this article V, the purchasing director or user department, in consultation with the DSBO director, may conduct prebid or preselection meetings in which representatives of the purchasing division or user department and DSBO will explain the opportunities and requirements of this article V and the appropriate rules and regulations for each bid or proposal.
- (b) If prebid or preproposal meetings are scheduled by the City at which SBEs, MBEs and WBEs may be informed of procurement contracting opportunities for covered goods or covered services, and attendance at such prebid or preproposal meetings is not mandatory, bidders and proposers remain responsible for the information provided at these meetings.

Sec. 28-126. City Procurement Goals—Contracts/Purchase Orders of \$1,000,000 or more.

(a) The DSBO director, in consultation with the purchasing director or department head, as appropriate, shall assign for each purchase of covered goods or covered services with an

estimated cost of one million dollars or more a unitary procurement goal for MBE/WBE utilization based upon a percentage of the dollar value of all covered goods and covered services to be provided on such contract and, as set out below, the availability of MBEs and WBEs to perform the anticipated work and the City's progress toward meeting the annual goal; provided that, the DSBO director may in his or her sole discretion waive the application of a procurement goal for a given contract or purchase order. The DSBO director will provide a written justification to the purchasing director or department head, as appropriate, for each waiver granted. The goal percentage assigned by the DSBO director to each such contract or purchase order may vary from contract to contract consistent with meeting the appropriate overall annual goals, when established. The DSBO shall establish a methodology for the setting of the procurement goal, including the methodology to be followed by the goal committee(s), through rules and regulations. Such methodology shall consider the following factors:

- (1) To the extent applicable, the effect on annual goal achievement of the varying levels of availability of MBEs and WBEs among covered goods and covered services industry groupings associated with individual procurements and the effect on annual goal achievement of the procurement goal compliance being achieved through good-faith efforts resulting in non-utilization of MBEs and WBEs.
- (2) The reasonably known availability of MBEs and WBEs in specific industry groupings that are associated with individual procurements.
- (b) The following contributions shall count toward the procurement goal as more specifically provided below: portions of goods and services procurement undertaken by WBEs and MBEs as vendors, contractors, consultants, subcontractors, subconsultants, suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives, brokers, packagers, joint venturers, or distributors.
- (c) As an aid in the establishment of such an individual procurement goal, the DSBO director shall appoint at least one goal committee to advise and assist the DSBO director in the determination of an individual procurement goal. Membership on the goal committee(s) shall include as a nonvoting member(s) such representatives of the purchasing division of the department of general services as may be appointed by the purchasing director, with the concurrence of the manager.
- (d) The DSBO will establish procedures for committee operations, records maintenance, and goal recommendation through rules and regulations.
- (e) The goal committee(s) shall meet on a regular basis established by the DSBO director and when requested to do so by the manager or purchasing director to consider and recommend an individual procurement goal pursuant to guidelines developed by the DSBO. The

goal committee(s) shall consider data as to availability of types of MBEs and WBEs doing business in the City with respect to each individual procurement for covered goods or covered services under consideration. The DSBO director may utilize such advice and assistance from the goal committee(s) to the extent that the director deems it to be appropriate and consistent with the purposes of this article V, as well as other information helpful to a determination as to a procurement goal. The DSBO director shall in the director's sole discretion establish a goal for each procurement in bid or proposal instructions or as otherwise promulgated by regulations.

Sec. 28-127. Procurement Goals—compliance with assigned goal.

- (a) The bidding or competitive selection instructions for each purchase of covered goods or covered services shall require that all bidders or proposers seeking to contract with the City shall address the procurement goal through one (1) or more of the following subsections, or by demonstrating good faith efforts as set out in section 28-128:
- (1) If the bidder or proposer is an MBE or WBE, the value of the commercially useful function to be self-performed by the MBE or WBE shall count to the extent provided in section 28-129 toward satisfaction of the goal as assigned, provided that the goal to the extent not met by bidder or proposer self-performance shall be addressed as otherwise set out in this section;
- (1) or more MBEs or WBEs, the value of the commercially useful function to be performed by the MBEs or WBEs in the joint venture as the distinct, clearly defined portion of the work of the joint venture agreement that the MBE or WBE performs with its own forces or for which it is separately at risk shall count to the extent provided in section 28-129 toward satisfaction of the procurement goal. The joint venture is subject to review and approval by the DSBO director. The joint venture agreement shall be provided to the DSBO director at least ten (10) days prior to the date of bid or proposal opening or as set forth in the bidding or selection instructions. Joint venturer participation will count toward the satisfaction of the procurement goal upon confirmation by the DSBO director of the utilization in the joint venture of joint management and full integration of work forces by the joint venturers; or
- (3) If the bidder or proposer utilizes MBEs or WBEs as subcontractors, suppliers, manufacturer, manufacturer's representatives, brokers, distributors, or packagers, the value of the commercially useful function to be performed by such MBEs and WBEs, shall count to the extent provided in section 28-129 toward satisfaction of the procurement goal.
- (b) For on-call contracts and purchase orders awarded in accordance with section 20-68 of this code and any other on-call procurement contract, the purchasing director or department head may determine to address the procurement goal by means of a compliance plan for utilization

of MBEs and WBEs on such contract or purchase order, or for alternative demonstration of good faith efforts by the bidder or proposer. In that event, the purchasing director or department head shall request the DSBO director to approve the utilization of such a compliance plan, consistent with the scope and intent of this article V. The development, scope and utilization of such compliance plans shall be addressed in rules and regulations promulgated by the DSBO director.

Sec. 28-128. Procurement Goals—Good-faith efforts.

- (a) If the bidder or proposer has not fully met the procurement goal as provided in section 28-127, then it shall demonstrate that it has made good faith efforts to meet such goal. The bidder or proposer shall submit with its bid or proposal a detailed statement of its good-faith efforts to meet the procurement goal set by the DSBO director. This statement shall address each of the items in subsection (b) and any additional criteria that the DSBO director may establish by rule or regulation consistent with the purposes of this article V. Good faith efforts must be demonstrated to be meaningful and not merely for formalistic compliance with this article V. The scope and intensity of the efforts will be considered in determining whether the bidder or proposer has achieved a good faith effort.
- (b) The statement of good-faith efforts shall include a specific response and verification with respect to each of the following good faith effort categories, which may be further defined by rule or regulation. A bidder or proposer may include any additional information it believes may be relevant. Failure of a bidder or proposer to show good faith efforts as to any one (1) of the following categories shall render its overall good faith showing insufficient and its bid or proposal non-responsive.
- (1) The bidder or proposer must solicit through all reasonable and available means the interest of all MBEs and WBEs certified in the covered goods or covered services category set forth in the bid or proposal instructions. The bidder or proposer must solicit the interest of such MBEs and WBEs within sufficient time, prior to the date bids or proposals are submitted to the purchasing division or user department, to allow such MBEs and WBEs to respond to the solicitation. The bidder or proposer must determine with certainty if the MBEs and WBEs are interested by demonstrating appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.
- (2) The bidder or proposer must select portions of the covered goods to be provided or covered services to be performed by MBEs and WBEs in order to increase the likelihood that the procurement goal will be achieved. This includes, where appropriate, breaking out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate MBE and WBE participation as subcontractors or joint venturers, and for bidder or proposer self-performed work, as suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives, brokers, distributors, or packagers, all reasonably

consistent with industry practice, even when the bidder or proposer would otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces. The bidder or proposer must identify what portions of the contract will be self-performed and what portions of the contract will be opened to solicitation of bids, proposals and quotes from MBE and WBEs. All portions of the contract not self-performed must be solicited for MBE and WBE participation. The ability or desire of a bidder or proposer to perform the work of a contract with its own forces does not relieve the bidder or proposer of the responsibility to meet the procurement goal or demonstrate good faith efforts to do so.

- (3) The bidder or proposer, consistent with industry practice, must provide MBEs and WBEs at a clearly stated location with timely, adequate access to and information about the plans, documents, specifications, and requirements of the contract or purchase order, including bonding and insurance requirements, if any, to assist them in responding to a solicitation.
- (4) The bidder or proposer must negotiate in good faith with interested MBEs and WBEs and provide written documentation of such negotiation with each such MBE or WBE.
- or proposer contacted or attempted to subcontract or joint venture with, consistent with industry practice, the bidder or proposer must supply a statement giving the reasons why the bidder or proposer and the MBE or WBE did not succeed in negotiating a subcontracting, supplier, manufacturer, manufacturer's representative, broker, distributor, packager, or joint venture agreement, as applicable.
- (6) The bidder or proposer must provide verification that it rejected each non-utilized MBE and WBE because the MBE or WBE did not submit the lowest bid or it was not qualified. Such verification shall include a verified statement of the amounts of all bids received from potential or utilized subcontractors, suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives, brokers, distributors, packagers, or joint venturers on the contract, whether or not they are MBEs or WBEs. In making such a determination of not being qualified, the bidder or proposer shall be guided by the definition of qualified in section 28-123(42). For each MBE or WBE found not to be qualified by the bidder or proposer, the verification shall include a statement giving the bidder's or proposer's reasons for its conclusion. A bidder's or proposer's industry standing or group memberships may not be the cause of rejection of an MBE or WBE. A bidder or proposer may not reject an MBE or WBE as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a reasonably thorough investigation and assessment of the MBE's or WBE's capabilities and expertise.
- (7) If requested by a solicited MBE or WBE, the bidder or proposer must make reasonable efforts to assist interested MBEs and WBEs in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, alternative payment or performance guarantees, or insurance as required by the City or by the

bidder or proposer, provided that the bidder or proposer need not provide financial assistance toward this effort.

- (8) If requested by a solicited MBE or WBE, the bidder or proposer must make reasonable efforts to assist interested MBEs and WBEs in obtaining necessary and competitively priced equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services for performance under the contract or purchase order, provided that the bidder or proposer need not provide financial assistance toward this effort.
- (9) The bidder or proposer must use the DSBO MBE/WBE directories to identify, recruit, and place MBEs and WBEs.
- (c) In determining whether a bidder or proposer has satisfied good faith efforts as to a procurement goal, the success or failure of other bidders or proposers on the contract or purchase order in meeting such procurement goal may be considered.

Sec. 28-129. Procurement Goals—Identification of participating MBEs and WBEs.

- (a) At the time a bid or proposal is submitted to the City, the bidder or proposer shall provide to the City a list of all MBEs and WBEs that are being utilized toward the satisfaction of the procurement goal whether as a self-performing bidder or proposer or as a subcontractor, supplier, manufacturer, manufacturer's representative, broker, distributor, packager, or member of a joint venture. The list shall specify:
 - (1) The name and contact number for the MBE or WBE;
- (2) The dollar value and description of the commercially useful function to be performed by the MBE or WBE, consistent with subsections (d) and (e). In the case of utilization of a supplier, manufacturer, manufacturer's representative, broker, distributor, or packager, the appropriate percentage of dollar value attributable to such MBE or WBE as a commercially useful function shall be calculated with all underlying data supplied. If the bidder or proposer provides a dollar value amount, then both the dollar value and percentage must be listed in the bid or proposal
- (3) If applicable, the percentage of the value of the commercially useful function to be performed by the MBE or WBE, consistent with subsections (d) and (e), as compared to the total contract or purchase order amount;
- (4) An adequate statement from the bidder or proposer that the dollar amount of covered goods or covered services to be performed or provided by such MBEs or WBEs on the contract or purchase order, other than that self-performed by the bidder or proposer, was furnished to the bidder or proposer and agreed upon prior to bid or proposal opening; and

(b) Only that level of MBE/WBE utilization demonstrated in accordance with this section at the time of bid or proposal submission may be counted in satisfaction of the procurement goal, except as otherwise set out in sections 28-132 and 28-133. Bidders or proposers must submit an executed letter of intent for each MBE or WBE listed by the bidder or proposer, including a self-performing bidder or proposer, with its bid or proposal. Failure to do so will render the bid or proposal non-responsive.

- (c) For on-call procurement contracts, the purchasing director or department head may determine to utilize a compliance plan, pursuant to section 28-127(b). In such event, the bidder or proposer shall not be required to demonstrate MBE/WBE utilization at the time of bid opening, but will be required to develop an approved compliance plan to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of this article V. For on-call procurement contracts that are not determined to utilize a compliance plan and that do not delineate the dollar amount of specific on-call projects, the bidder or proposer need list only the anticipated percentage of participation of MBEs and WBEs rather than specific dollar amounts, as required in subsection (a)(2), above.
- (d) All MBE or WBE vendors, contractors, consultants, subcontractors, subconsultants, joint venturers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives, suppliers, brokers, distributors, or packagers listed in a bid or proposal must actually perform a commercially useful function in the work of a contract within the area(s) for which they are certified, and must not function as a conduit. Consistent with industry or professional practice, and as permitted by rules and regulations adopted by the DSBO director, MBEs and WBEs may enter into subcontracts, including subcontracts with non-MBEs and non-WBEs. In no case, however, shall an MBE or WBE act as a conduit, nor shall the participation of an MBE or WBE count toward a procurement goal to the extent it fails to perform a commercially useful function.
- (e) All expenditures for covered goods obtained from an MBE or WBE manufacturer, supplier, distributor shall count toward the appropriate procurement goal as specified herein. Expenditures for covered goods obtained from MBE and WBE broker, manufacturer's representatives or packager may count toward an appropriate procurement goal only to the extent of fees or commissions charged for providing a bona fide service, such as professional, technical, consultant, or managerial services and assistance in the procurement of essential personnel, facilities, equipment, materials, or supplies required for performance of the contract or purchase order, provided that the fee or commission is determined by the DSBO director to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees customarily allowed for similar services.
- (f) Any agreement between a bidder or proposer and an MBE or WBE in which the bidder or proposer requires that the MBE or WBE not provide subcontracting quotations to other

bidders or proposers is prohibited and shall render a bidder's or proposer's bid or proposal non-responsive.

Sec. 28-130. Procurement Goals—Responsive and nonresponsive bids.

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- (a) Responsive; compliance with requirements. If the low monetary bid or proposal subject to a procurement goal meets such goal, as set out in sections 28-127, or shows adequate good faith, as set out in section 28-128, then the DSBO director shall notify the purchasing director or department head to regard the bid or proposal as responsive as to compliance with this article V.
- (b) Failure to meet requirements. If a bid or proposal subject to a procurement goal does not meet such goal, as set out in section 28-127, or show good faith, as set out in section 28-128, or if a bidder or proposer fails to provide timely information, as set out in section 28-129, then the DSBO director shall notify the purchasing director or department head to regard the bid or proposal as non-responsive, and such determination shall result in no further consideration by the city of the bid or proposal.
- Statement of Good Faith Efforts Informal meeting. If the DSBO director finds (c) inadequacies in a bidder or proposer's demonstration of good faith efforts, as such good faith efforts are described in section 28-128, the DSBO director will provide written notice of such inadequacies to the bidder or proposer prior to notifying the purchasing director or department head of bid or proposal responsiveness. Within two (2) business days from the date that the City notifies the bidder or proposer of the inadequacies of its demonstration of good faith efforts, the bidder or proposer may request an informal meeting with the DSBO director. Such informal meeting shall be scheduled by the DSBO director. All deficiencies in good faith efforts shall be explained to the bidder or proposer at such informal meeting. Within twenty-four (24) hours after the informal meeting, the bidder or proposer shall be allowed to submit additional information or to clarify the original good faith efforts. The DSBO director will at no time, however, allow additional subcontractors, joint venturers, suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives, brokers, packagers, or distributors that may later be added to the contract or to the original MBE/WBE participation submitted in the bid or proposal to be counted toward meeting of the procurement goal. After this informal meeting, the DSBO director will (i) determine whether the bidder or proposal will be responsive or non-responsive; (ii) make the notification as stated in subsection (b) above, as applicable; and (iii) provide written notice to the bidder or proposer of the DSBO director's final determination.
- Sec. 28-131. Procurement Goals—Time periods for documentation submitted to the city.

The documentation of good faith efforts of a bidder or proposer and, as applicable, its subcontractors, subconsultants, subvendors, joint venturers, suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives, brokers, packagers, or distributors, of letters of intent to perform, shall be submitted to the DSBO director at the time of submission of the bid or proposal.

Sec. 28-132. Procurement Goals—Compliance with achieved goal level a requirement of contract.

- (a) Upon award of a City contract or purchase order that includes a procurement goal, the procurement goal becomes a covenant of performance by the vendor, contractor or consultant in favor of the City.
- (b) All contracts or purchase order subject to this article V shall be reviewed by the DSBO for compliance with the provisions hereof. This review shall examine, but not be limited to, whether the MBE and WBE participation dollar amounts and percentages and achieved procurement goal levels upon which the contract or purchase order was awarded are maintained over the term or duration of the contract or purchase order.
- (c) For any contract or purchase order for which the DSBO director has set a procurement goal, it shall be an ongoing, affirmative obligation of the vendor, contractor or consultant on such contract to maintain, at a minimum, compliance with the originally achieved level of MBE and WBE participation upon which the contract or purchase order was awarded, for the duration of the contract or purchase order, unless the City initiates a material alteration to the covered goods or covered services affecting MBEs or WBEs performing on the contract or purchase order through a contract amendment, or as otherwise described in section 28-133.
- (d) The DSBO shall evaluate the utilization of MBEs and WBEs to determine whether such MBEs and WBEs are performing a commercially useful function. The evaluation shall examine the amount of work subcontracted, industry practice and other relevant factors. The amount of MBE and WBE participation credited toward a procurement goal shall be based upon an analysis of the specific duties performed by the MBE or WBE, and the extent to which such duties constitute a commercially useful function. The DSBO director may undertake such inquiries or studies, engage such employees or retain such consultants as may be necessary to assist the director in rendering these determinations.
- (e) The work performed by an MBE or WBE not providing a commercially useful function, or functioning as a conduit, shall not count toward meeting the procurement goal.
- Sec. 28-133. Procurement Goals—Amendments and modifications to contracts and purchase orders.

- (a) Vendors, contractors, and consultants on contracts and purchase orders for covered goods or covered services shall have a continuing obligation to immediately inform the DSBO in writing of any agreed upon increase or decrease in the covered goods or covered services to be provided under such contract or purchase order, upon any of the bases discussed in this section 28-133, regardless of whether such increase or decrease in covered goods or covered services has been reduced to writing at the time of notification.
- Any increase in the covered goods or covered services to be provided under a contract or purchase order for covered goods or covered services, whether by amendment or otherwise, which increases the dollar value of the contract or purchase order, whether or not such change is within the scope of covered goods or covered services designated to be provided by an MBE or WBE at the time of contract award, shall be contemporaneously submitted to the DSBO. Those amendments or other contract modifications that involve a change in covered goods or covered services that cannot be performed by existing subcontractors, subconsultants, subvendors, joint venturers, suppliers, manufacturer, manufacturer's representative, brokers, distributors, or packagers or by the vendor, contractor, or consultant, shall be subject to a goal for MBEs and WBEs equal to the original goal on the contract which were included in the bid or proposal requirements. The vendor, contractor or consultant shall satisfy such goal as respects such changed covered goods or covered services by soliciting new MBEs or WBEs in accordance with section 28-127, or the vendor, contractor or consultant must show each element of modified good faith set out in section 28-135(d). The vendor, contractor, or consultant, shall supply to the DSBO director the documentation described in section 28-135(d) with respect to the increased dollar value of the contract or purchase order.
- Sec. 28-134. Procurement Goals—Payments to subcontractors, subconsultants, joint venturers, suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives and brokers.

All vendors, contractors and consultants shall promptly render payment to all subcontractors, subconsultants, joint venturers, suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives, brokers, distributors, and packagers on a contract or purchase order.

Sec. 28-135. Procurement Goals—Potential violations.

- (a) A vendor, contractor or consultant that has been awarded a City contract or purchase order based upon a given level of MBE and WBE participation shall not, at any time before or during the performance of such contract or purchase order:
- (1) Fail to in fact utilize an MBE or WBE that was originally listed at bid or proposal opening in order to satisfy the procurement goal, and that submitted a timely letter of intent, without substituting another MBE or WBE performing the same commercially useful function

and dollar amount, or demonstrating each element of modified good faith efforts, as defined in subsection (d) hereof, to substitute another MBE or WBE; or

- (2) Fail to allow an MBE or WBE functioning as a subcontractor, subconsultant, joint venturer, supplier, manufacturer, manufacturer's representative, or broker to perform the commercially useful function, the value of which was originally counted for that MBE or WBE in awarding the contract or purchase order; or
- (3) Modify or eliminate all or a portion of the covered goods or covered services attributable to an MBE or WBE upon which the contract was awarded, unless directed by the City; or
- (4) Terminate an MBE or WBE originally utilized as a subcontractor, subconsultant, joint venturer, supplier, manufacturer, manufacturer's representative or broker in order to be awarded the contract without replacing such MBE or WBE with another MBE or WBE, performing the same commercially useful function and dollar amount, or demonstrating each element of modified good faith efforts, as defined in subsection (c) hereof, to substitute another MBE or WBE; or
- (5) Participate in a conduit relationship with an MBE or WBE scheduled to perform work on the contract or purchase order; or
- (6) Commit any other violation of this article V, or rules and regulations promulgated hereunder, which constitutes a material breach of the contract, not mentioned above.
- (b) Any action by a vendor, contractor or consultant in violation of subsections (a) (1) through (6) hereof, shall constitute a material breach of the City contract or purchase order that shall entitle the City to exercise all of its rights at law or equity for such material breach, in addition to exercising any of the other sanctions set out in section 28-137(c).
- (c) If, following award of a contract or purchase order, an MBE or WBE has its certification terminated for reasons other than (i) expiration from certification; (ii) graduation from certification; (iii) nonperformance of a commercially useful function, the value of which was originally counted for that MBE or WBE, as applicable, when the contract or purchase order was awarded; or (iv) the voluntary withdrawal of MBE or WBE participation on the contract or purchase order, such termination of certification or failure to perform a commercially useful function shall not be deemed to affect compliance with the procurement goal, and shall not be deemed a breach of the contract or purchase order as long as the vendor, contractor or consultant can demonstrate that such termination or failure did not result from any action or inaction, whether direct or indirect, of or by the vendor, contractor or consultant. In such event, the vendor, contractor, or consultant will substitute another MBE or WBE, performing the same commercially useful function and dollar

amount, or will demonstrate modified good faith efforts to substitute another MBE or WBE, as defined in subsection (d) below.

- (d) The following modified good faith requirements shall apply to sections 28-132 and 133. In the event that a vendor, contractor or consultant must add or replace an MBE or WBE subcontractor, subconsultant, joint venturer, supplier, manufacturer, manufacturer's representative, broker or distributor or in the event that a new covered good or covered services is added to the ongoing contract or purchase order, and the vendor, contractor or consultant in such event is in non-compliance with maintenance of the original procurement goal upon which the contract or purchase order was awarded, due to failure to utilize additional MBEs or WBEs, the following modified good faith efforts must be completed. Failure of a vendor, contractor or consultant to show good faith efforts as to any one (1) of the following categories shall render its overall good faith efforts showing insufficient; and its contract performance in non-compliance with this article V.
- (1) Verification in writing to the DSBO of the vendor's, contractor's or consultant's intention to terminate or replace an MBE or WBE originally identified for participation in the bid or proposal upon which the contract or purchase order was awarded. The reason for the termination or replacement must be stated and the type of work or services must be identified.
- (2) Verification that the vendor, contractor or consultant used the most current MBE and WBE directory from the DSBO in order to contact MBEs and WBEs that are certified in the applicable area of work or supply at the time of the modified good faith effort.
- (3) Verification of efforts to contact appropriate MBEs and WBEs within the same identified covered goods or covered services area must be documented. The DSBO director may verify such contacts as he or she deems appropriate.
- (4) Documentation of the modified good faith efforts must be submitted to the DSBO prior to the payment to the vendor, contractor or consultant of the next progress or other partial payment or fund release under the contract or purchase order.

Sec. 28-136. Procurement Goals—Burden of proof; investigations of compliance.

Any business enterprise affected by the operation of this article V shall have the burden of proving its compliance with the requirements and obligations of the division. The DSBO is empowered to receive and investigate complaints and allegations by MBEs, WBEs, third parties or City personnel, or to initiate its own investigations regarding compliance with the requirements and obligations of this article V. If the DSBO determines in its sole discretion that an investigation is warranted, upon written notice of such investigation the affected party shall be obligated to cooperate fully with the investigation and shall have a continuing burden of providing complete,

truthful information to the DSBO director and of otherwise proving compliance with the requirements and obligations of this article V.

Sec. 28-137. Procurement Goals—sanctions for failure to comply with article V requirements.

- (a) If a vendor, contractor or consultant is found to be in violation of the provisions of article V, to otherwise be in breach of a contract, to perform as or to utilize MBEs or WBEs for a non-commercially useful function or as a conduit, to fail to submit information required in section 28-131, to submit false, misleading, or materially incomplete statements, documentation or records, including but not limited to good faith efforts or letters of intent, or to fail to cooperate in an investigation, it shall be subject to sanctions. The City may exercise any or all of its rights, including but not limited to withholding funds, imposition of monetary penalty, suspension or termination, contained in the terms and conditions of the contract or purchase order. If the contract or purchase order is suspended or terminated, the City reserves all its rights at law or equity.
- (b) In the event that the DSBO director determines, in his or her sole discretion, that a vendor, contractor or consultant is in noncompliance with article V, the vendor, contractor or consultant may be assessed a civil, remedial penalty, of not more than one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the total amount of MBE/WBE utilization demonstrated in the contract or purchase order for each MBE or WBE involved. In assessing such civil penalty:
- (1) The DSBO director shall calculate the applicable amount of civil penalty, and may reduce or waive all or part of such penalty, in his or her sole discretion, in consideration of the following factors:
 - a. The length of the period of noncompliance:
- b. The history of previous noncompliance with any provision of this article V;
 - c. The monetary impact of the civil penalty on the vendor, contractor or consultant in correcting such noncompliance; or
 - d. The other facts and circumstances relevant to the noncompliance of the vendor, contractor or consultant;
 - (2) The DSBO director shall collect assessed and unpaid civil penalties under this subsection by action initiated in state district court for collection of such penalty. A stay of any order of the DSBO director pending judicial review shall not relieve any vendor, contractor or consultant from any civil penalty obligation imposed under this section.
 - (3) Any such assessed civil penalties may also be offset against any amount otherwise due and owing to the vendor, contractor or consultant on the contract or purchase order.

(4) The City contract or purchase order may be suspended or terminated with the City reserving all its rights at law or equity.

- (5) The debarment board, established under section 20-77 of this code, upon request of the DSBO director, may suspend or debar the vendor, contractor or consultant from participation in City or private contracting covered hereunder for a period as may be determined by the debarment board, in its sole discretion, based upon the grounds of violating this article V, pursuant to such suspension and debarment procedures as may be established by the City, as set forth in section 20-77. The DSBO director in that event shall regard as non-responsive any bid or proposal received during this time period that includes the vendor, contractor or consultant as a vendor, contractor, consultant, subcontractor, subconsultant, joint venturer, supplier, manufacturer, manufacturer's representative, broker or distributor.
- (6) If a vendor, contractor or consultant or other business enterprise knowingly receives new or additional work on a contract or purchase order as a result of actions set out in this section, then the penalties in this section may be applied to such business enterprise.
- (7) The DSBO may either suspend or revoke an offending MBE's or WBE's eligibility for certification as an MBE or WBE or may suspend its participation from counting toward a procurement goal, and, the City subject to other City law, may suspend or debar MBEs or WBEs from participating in future City contracts, based upon such MBE's or WBE's acting as a conduit, failing to comply with the provisions of article V, failing to perform a commercially useful function on a contract or purchase order, failing to submit information as required by section 28-131, submitting false, misleading or materially incomplete statements, documentation or records, or failing to cooperate in investigations.
- (c) The DSBO director may, in his or her sole discretion, impose any one or more of the sanctions set out in this section against any vendor, contractor, consultant, subcontractor, subconsultant, joint venturer, supplier, manufacturer, manufacturer's representative, broker, or distributor determined to be in violation of the section, provided that the DSBO director shall first advise the manager and purchasing director or department head, as appropriate, of the proposed sanction in writing. If the manager, purchasing director, or department head advises the DSBO director in writing that the imposition of such sanction would not be in the best interests of the City, the DSBO director shall consult with the appropriate official to make a final decision as to whether to impose such sanctions.
- (d) Suspected criminal violations shall be referred to the proper authorities for prosecution. If a conviction or a guilty plea is obtained pursuant to such prosecution, the perpetrator may be barred from contracting with the City to the extent authorized by law.

Sec. 28-138. SBE Defined Procurement Pool for Contracts/Purchase Orders less than \$50,000.

The purpose of the defined procurement pool is to enable the City, through the DSBO, the purchasing division of the department of general services, and other user departments to undertake specific activities to promote the use of SBEs, that are not brokers, packagers, or manufacturer's representatives, in contracts and purchase orders for covered goods and covered services awarded by the purchasing division and user departments pursuant to the charter, revised municipal code, and executive orders of the City and County of Denver. The scope of the procurement pool will be limited to procurement opportunities for covered goods or covered services for which the estimated cost is less than fifty thousand dollars.

Sec. 28-139. Defined Procurement Pool—Administration of defined pool.

- (a) When the purchasing division or user department seeks to acquire covered goods or covered services with an estimated cost of less than fifty thousand dollars pursuant to the charter, revised municipal code, and executive orders of the City and County of Denver, it will notify the DSBO of the proposed procurement. The DSBO director will determine if there are three or more SBEs, that are not brokers, packagers, or manufacturer's representatives, listed in the most current DSBO certification directory for the covered goods or covered services to be acquired. The DSBO in consultation with the purchasing division and user departments will adopt rules and regulations or informal guidelines to timely notify the purchasing director or department head of such determinations.
- (b) If there are three or more SBEs, that are not brokers, packagers, or manufacturer's representatives, on the most current DSBO certification list, the purchasing division or user department will provide the procurement opportunity to such SBEs through bidding or selection procedures authorized by the charter, municipal code, or executive orders for that specific contract or purchase order. The bidding or proposal instructions will require that such SBEs will self-perform no less than seventy-five percent (75%) of the total amount of the contract or purchase order with their own forces.
- (c) If there are not three or more SBEs, that are not brokers, packagers, or manufacturer's representatives, on the most current DSBO certification list, or if the purchasing division or user department does not receive a bid or proposal from such an SBE offering to self-perform no less than seventy-five percent (75%) of the total amount of the contract or purchase order with its own forces, the purchasing division or user department will obtain the covered goods or covered services through procurement methods required or authorized by the charter, municipal code, or executive orders for that specific contract or purchase order.

- (d) Certification by DSBO as an SBE shall thereupon be established as a condition of responsiveness to a bid or proposal on such selected contracts and purchase orders. Defined procurement pool contracts and purchase orders shall be evaluated and awarded in accordance with sections 28-140 through 142 below and any other procedure and method required or authorized by the charter, municipal code, or executive orders for that specific contract or purchase order.
- (e) User departments will not split, combine, revise, restructure, or modify purchases of covered goods or covered services with other goods or one or more other services to avoid the dollar thresholds for inclusion in the defined procurement pool or perform other actions with the intent of avoiding the requirements of this article V.

Sec. 28-140. Defined Procurement Pool—Commercially useful function.

- (a) An SBE awarded a contract or purchase order through the defined procurement pool will self-perform no less than seventy-five percent (75%) of the total amount of the contract or purchase order with its own forces. All SBE contractors, consultants, or vendors listed in a bid or proposal, must actually perform a commercially useful function on a defined procurement pool contract or purchase order within the area(s) for which they are certified, and must not function as a conduit. The bidding or proposal instructions for each defined procurement pool contract or purchase order shall require that all bidders and proposers seeking to provide covered goods or covered services under a City contract or purchase order shall provide a commercially useful function on such contract or purchase order.
- (b) All expenditures for covered goods or covered services obtained from such an SBE who is also an MBE or WBE manufacturer, supplier, or distributor will be counted toward the annual goal set forth in section 28-124 based upon an analysis by DSBO of the specific duties performed by the MBE or WBE and the extent to which such duties constitute a commercially useful function for each defined procurement pool contract or purchase order. All expenditures for covered goods or covered services obtained from an SBE who is not an MBE or WBE manufacturer, supplier, or distributor will be calculated separately by DSBO based upon an analysis of the specific duties performed by the SBE and the extent to which such duties constitute a commercially useful function for each defined procurement pool contract or purchase order.
- (c) The DSBO director or manager may undertake such inquiries or studies, engage such employees or retain such consultants as may be necessary to assist the director in rendering these determinations.

Sec. 28-141. Defined Procurement Pool—Review of bid or proposal responses.

(a) Review of bids or proposals; compliance with requirements. The DSBO director shall review bid or proposals submitted for defined procurement pool opportunities and will notify the purchasing director or department head to regard the submission as responsive to the requirements of this article V if such bid or proposal establishes that the bidder or proposer will perform a commercially useful function on the defined procurement pool contract or purchase order.

- (b) Failure to meet requirements. The DSBO director shall notify the purchasing director or department head to regard the submission as non-responsive to the requirements of this article V if such bid does not establish that the bidder or proposer will perform a commercially useful function on the defined procurement pool contract or purchase order. Such determination that the bid as submitted is non-responsive shall result in no further consideration by the City of the bid.
- (c) Commercially useful function Informal meeting. In the event the DSBO director finds inadequacies in a bidder or proposer's demonstration of commercially useful function under section 28-140, the DSBO director will provide written notice of such inadequacies to the bidder or proposer. Within two (2) business days from the date that the City notifies the bidder or proposer of such inadequacies, the bidder or proposer may request an informal meeting with the DSBO director. Such informal meeting shall be scheduled by the DSBO director or the director's designee. All deficiencies shall be explained to the bidder or proposer at such informal meeting. Within twenty-four (24) hours after the informal meeting, the bidder or proposer shall be allowed to submit additional information or to clarify its performance of a commercially useful function. After this informal meeting, the DSBO director will (i) determine whether the bid will be responsive or non-responsive; (ii) make the notification as stated in subsection (b) above, as applicable; and (iii) provide written notice to the bidder or proposer of the DSBO director's final determination.

Sec. 28-142. SBE Bid Preference for City Contracts and Purchase Orders for Covered Goods and Covered Services from \$50,000 to \$250,000.

The SBE bid preference invites small businesses to compete for City procurement opportunities for covered goods and covered services. The SBE bid preference will enable the City, through the DSBO, the purchasing division of the department of general services, and other user departments to promote the use of SBEs that are not brokers, packagers, or manufacturer's representatives, in contracts and purchase orders for covered goods and covered services awarded by the purchasing division and user departments pursuant to the charter, revised municipal code, and executive orders of the City and County of Denver. The scope of the preference will be limited to procurement opportunities for covered goods or covered services for which the estimated cost is from fifty thousand to two hundred fifty thousand dollars. The bidding

instructions will require that such SBEs will self-perform no less than seventy-five percent (75%) of the total amount of the contract or purchase order with their own forces.

Sec. 28-143. SBE Bid preferences – Request for Bids/Invitation for Bid.

- (a) An SBE, whose bid is otherwise responsive and responsible, will be given a bid preference on bids equal to ten (10) percent of the total bid price. The bid preference shall be used only to evaluate the bid or bids and shall not affect the contract price.
- (b) At bid opening, the City department or agency managing the bidding procedure will reduce the bids of SBEs by the amount of the bid preference set forth in section 28-143(a) in order to establish the apparent low bidder. The adjusted bid price of any SBE bid will then be used to determine the lowest, responsive, qualified bidder based on the bid price submitted.
- (c) "Low tie bids" means low responsible bids from bidders that are identical in amount and that meet all the requirements and criteria set forth in the invitation for bid or request for bid pursuant to this article V. Where an SBE bid preference causes or results in low tie bids from an SBE and a non-SBE, then the preference will be given to the SBE apparent low bidder. Where an SBE bid preference causes or results in low tie bids from two SBEs, then the purchasing director or department head, in consultation with the DSBO director, will use a fair and reasonable procedure for determining which apparent low SBE bidder receives the preference. The procedure will at a minimum provide for the presence, at the time and place the determination is made, of the bidders or the bidders' representatives and an impartial witness designated by the purchasing director or department head who is not an employee of the purchasing division or user department, as appropriate.
- (d) Each invitation for bid or request for bid subject to an SBE bid preference will contain a clause explaining the SBE bid preference. The DSBO director, in consultation with the purchasing director, will provide guidance to user departments to implement, monitor, and enforce the requirements contained in this section.

Sec. 28-144. SBE Bid Preference – SBEs to provide commercially useful function.

(a) An SBE awarded a contract or purchase order through the bid preference will self-perform no less than seventy-five percent (75%) of the total amount of the contract or purchase order with its own forces. All SBE contractors, consultants, or vendors listed in a bid, must actually perform a commercially useful function on a contract or purchase order within the area(s) for which they are certified, and must not function as a conduit. The bidding instructions for each such contract or purchase order shall require that all bidders seeking to provide covered goods or covered services under a City contract or purchase order shall provide a commercially useful function on such contract or purchase order.

- (b) All expenditures for covered goods or covered services obtained from such an SBE who is also an MBE or WBE manufacturer, supplier, or distributor will be counted toward the annual goal set forth in section 28-124 based upon an analysis by DSBO of the specific duties performed by the MBE or WBE and the extent to which such duties constitute a commercially useful function for each contract or purchase order. All expenditures for covered goods or covered services obtained from an SBE who is not an MBE or WBE manufacturer, supplier, or distributor will be calculated separately by DSBO based upon an analysis of the specific duties performed by the SBE and the extent to which such duties constitute a commercially useful function for each contract or purchase order.
- (c) The DSBO director or manager may undertake such inquiries or studies, engage such employees or retain such consultants as may be necessary to assist the director in rendering these determinations.

Sec. 28-145. SBE Bid Preference – Review of bid responses.

- (a) Review of bids; compliance with requirements. Except as permitted herein, the DSBO director shall review bids subject to an SBE bid preference and will notify the purchasing director or user department to regard the submission as responsive to the requirements of this article V if such bid establishes that the bidder will perform a commercially useful function on the contract or purchase order. The DSBO director may delegate this review to the purchasing director for bids solicited by the purchasing division.
- (b) Failure to meet requirements. The DSBO director shall notify the purchasing director or department head to regard the submission as non-responsive to the requirements of this article V if such bid does not establish that the bidder or proposer will perform a commercially useful function on the contract or purchase order. Such determination that the bid as submitted is non-responsive shall result in no further consideration by the City of the bid.
- (c) Commercially useful function Informal meeting. In the event the DSBO director finds inadequacies in a bidder's demonstration of commercially useful function under section 28-144, the DSBO director will provide written notice of such inadequacies to the bidder. Within two (2) business days from the date that the City notifies the bidder of such inadequacies, the bidder may request an informal meeting with the DSBO director. Such informal meeting shall be scheduled by the DSBO director or the director's designee. All deficiencies shall be explained to the bidder at such informal meeting. Within twenty-four (24) hours after the informal meeting, the bidder shall be allowed to submit additional information or to clarify its performance of a commercially useful function. After this informal meeting, the DSBO director will (i) determine whether the bid will be responsive or non-responsive; (ii) make the notification as stated in

subsection (b) above, as applicable; and (iii) provide written notice to the bidder of the DSBO director's final determination.

Sec. 28-146. SBE Defined Procurement Pool/Bid Preference — Compliance by SBEs required throughout performance of City contract or purchase order.

- (a) Upon award of a City contract or City purchase order, compliance with the commercially useful function requirement and other performance requirements required under this article V by the SBE becomes a covenant of performance by the SBE vendor, contractor or consultant in favor of the City. It shall be an ongoing, affirmative obligation of the SBE on such contract or purchase order to perform all requirements, including but not limited to the provision of a commercially useful function, for the duration of the City contract or purchase order, unless the City initiates a material alteration to the goods to be provided or services to be performed affecting the SBE's performance of a commercially useful function on the contract or purchase order through a written amendment.
- (b) The DSBO shall review all contracts and purchase orders to determine compliance by SBEs with the provisions contained in sections 28-138 through 28-150. The review shall include, but not be limited to:
- (1) an examination of the goods provided, work performed, industry practice, and other relevant factors to determine whether the commercially useful function on the contract or purchase order was has been maintained over the term or duration of the contract or purchase order; and
- (2) a determination of whether the SBE has performed its other contract performance obligations over the term or duration of the contract or purchase order.

The purchasing division or user department, as appropriate, will provide bid documentation for each specific procurement opportunity to the DSBO director within three (3) business days after bid opening.

(c) All participation by SBEs who are also MBEs or WBEs will be credited toward the annual goal based upon an analysis by DSBO of the specific duties performed by the MBE or WBE and the extent to which such duties constitute a commercially useful function for each contract or purchase order. SBE participation on contracts or purchase orders that does not include utilization of or by MBEs or WBEs shall be calculated separately by DSBO based upon an analysis of the specific duties performed by the SBE and the extent to which such duties constitute a commercially useful function for each contract or purchase order. The DSBO director or manager may undertake such inquiries or studies, engage such employees or retain such consultants as may be necessary to assist the director in rendering these determinations.

Sec. 28-147. Defined Procurement Pool/SBE Bid Preference—Amendments and modifications.

- (a) User departments will have a continuing obligation to immediately inform the DSBO in writing of any agreed upon increase or decrease to the dollar value of a contract or purchase order, as appropriate, whether by amendment or any other modification to the contract or purchase order regardless of whether such increase or decrease concerning the covered goods or covered services to be provided has been reduced to writing at the time of notification.
- (b) The SBE shall provide a commercially useful function as respects the changed goods or services by providing such goods or services itself, by retaining additional SBEs listed in the most current DSBO certification list for the additional covered goods or covered services to be acquired, or showing each element of modified good faith set out in section 28-148(c). The SBE shall supply to the DSBO director all documentation establishing the revised dollar value of the contract or purchase order as well as the SBE's maintenance of the commercially useful function requirement.

Sec. 28-148. Defined Procurement Pool/SBE Bid Preference—Potential violations during contract performance.

- (a) An SBE that has been awarded a City contract or purchase order through the defined procurement pool or a bid preference shall not, at any time before or during the performance of such contract or purchase order:
- (1) Fail to in fact self-perform, as a certified vendor, contractor, or consultant, no less than seventy-five percent (75%) of the total amount of the contract or purchase order for covered goods or covered services with its own forces as originally listed at bid or proposal opening, as appropriate; or
- (2) Modify or eliminate all or a portion of the covered goods or covered services to be provided and attributable to the certified vendor, contractor, or consultant, unless directed by the City in writing.
- (b) Any action by an SBE in violation of subsections (a) (1) or (2) hereof, shall constitute a material breach of the contract or purchase order that shall entitle the City to exercise all of its rights at law or equity for such material breach, in addition to exercising any of the other sanctions set out in section 28-150 below. If, following award of a contract or purchase order, an SBE has its certification terminated for reasons other than expiration or graduation from certification, such termination of certification shall not be deemed to affect compliance with the contract or purchase order and shall not be deemed a breach of the contract or purchase order as long as the vendor,

contractor or consultant can demonstrate that such termination or failure did not result from any action or inaction, whether direct or indirect, of or by the vendor, contractor or consultant.

- (c) The following modified good faith requirements shall apply to sections 28-146 and 147. In the event that additional covered goods or covered services are added to an on-going contract or purchase order and the SBE in such event is in non-compliance with either the requirement to self-perform no less than seventy-five percent (75%) of the total amount of the contract or purchase order with its own forces or to perform a commercially useful function for the provision of the additional covered goods or covered services, the following modified good faith efforts must be completed. Failure of a vendor, contractor or consultant to show good faith efforts as to any one (1) of the following categories shall render its overall good faith efforts showing insufficient; and its contract performance in non-compliance with this article V.
- (1) Verification that the vendor, contractor or consultant used the most current SBE directory from the DSBO in order to contact SBEs that are certified in the identified covered goods or covered services area(s) at the time of the modified good faith effort.
- (2) Verification of efforts to contact appropriate SBEs within the same identified covered goods or covered services area must be documented. The DSBO director may verify such contacts as he or she deems appropriate.
- (3) Documentation of the modified good faith efforts must be submitted to the DSBO prior to the payment to the vendor, contractor or consultant of the next progress or other partial payment or fund release under the contract or purchase order.
- Sec. 28-149. Defined Procurement Pool/SBE Bid Preference—Burden of proof; investigations of compliance.

Any business enterprise affected by the operation of sections 28-138 through 28-150, shall have the burden of proving its compliance with the requirements and obligations herein. The DSBO is empowered to receive and investigate complaints and allegations by SBEs, third parties, or City personnel, or to initiate its own investigations regarding compliance with the requirements and obligations of this article V. If the DSBO determines in its sole discretion that an investigation is warranted, upon written notice of such investigation the affected party shall be obligated to cooperate fully with the investigation and shall have a continuing burden of providing complete, truthful information to the DSBO director and of otherwise proving compliance with the requirements and obligations of this article V.

Sec. 28-150. Defined Procurement Pool/SBE Bid preference—Sanctions for failure to comply with bid preference requirements.

(a) If a vendor, contractor, or consultant is found to be in violation of the provisions of article V, to otherwise be in breach of a contract or purchase order, to perform a non-commercially useful function or act as a conduit, to fail to submit information required under this article V, to submit false, misleading, or materially incomplete statements, documentation, or records, or to fail to cooperate in an investigation, it shall be subject to sanctions. The City may exercise any or all of its rights, including withholding funds, imposition of monetary penalty, suspension, or termination, contained in the contract or purchase order terms and conditions. If the contract or purchase order is suspended or terminated, the City reserves all its rights at law or equity.

- (b) If the DSBO director determines, in his or her sole discretion, that an SBE is in noncompliance with the defined procurement pool or bid preference requirements contained in sections 28-138 through 28-150, the SBE may be assessed a civil, remedial penalty of not more than One Hundred Fifty Percent (150%) of the contract or purchase order. In assessing such civil penalty:
- (1) The DSBO director shall calculate the applicable amount of civil penalty and may reduce or waive all or part of such penalty, in his or her sole discretion, in consideration of the following factors:
 - a. The length of the period of noncompliance;
 - b. The history of previous noncompliance with this article V;
- c. The monetary impact of the civil penalty on the SBE vendor, contractor, or consultant in correcting such noncompliance; or
- d. The other facts and circumstances relevant to the noncompliance of the SBE vendor, contractor, or consultant.
- (2) The DSBO director shall collect assessed and unpaid civil penalties under this subsection by action initiated in the state district court for collection of such penalty. A stay of any order of the DSBO director pending judicial review shall not relieve any SBE vendor, contractor, or consultant from any civil penalty obligation imposed under this subsection.
- (3) Any such assessed civil penalties may also be offset against any amount otherwise due and owing to the SBE vendor, contractor, or consultant on the contract or purchase order.
- (4) The contract or purchase order may be suspended or terminated with the City reserving all its rights at law or equity.
- (5) The debarment board established under section 20-77 of this code, upon request of the DSBO director, may suspend or debar the vendor, contractor, or consultant from participation in City contracting covered hereunder for a period as may be determined by the

debarment board, in its sole discretion, based upon the grounds of violating this article V, pursuant to such suspension and debarment procedures as may be established by the City, as set forth in section 20-77. The DSBO director, in that event, shall regard as non-responsive any bid or proposal received during this time period that includes the vendor, contractor, or consultant as a vendor, contractor, consultant, subcontractor, subconsultant, supplier, manufacturer, or distributor.

- (6) If a vendor, contractor, consultant, or other business enterprise knowingly receives new or additional work as a result of actions set out in this section, then the penalties in this section may be applied to such business enterprise.
- (7) The DSBO may suspend or revoke an offending SBE's eligibility for certification, as an SBE, may suspend its participation in a City contract or purchase order from the calculation of annual goals, and, subject to other City law, may suspend or debar the SBE from participating in future City contract's, based upon the SBE's acting as a conduit, failing to comply with the provisions of article V, failing to perform a commercially useful function on a contract or purchase order, failing to submit information as required by section 147, or submitting false, misleading, or materially incomplete statements, documentation, or records, or failing to cooperate in investigations.
- (c) The DSBO director may, in his or her sole discretion, impose any one or more of the sanctions set out in this section against any vendor, contractor, or consultant determined to be in violation of the section, provided that the director shall first advise the affected department head of the proposed sanction in writing. If the department head advises the DSBO director in writing that the department head believes that imposition of such sanction would not be in the best interests of the City, the DSBO director shall consult with the department head prior to making a final decision as to whether to impose such sanctions.
- (d) Suspected criminal violations shall be referred to the proper authorities for prosecution. If a conviction or a guilty plea is obtained pursuant to such prosecution, the perpetrator may be barred from contracting with the city to the extent authorized by law.

Sec. 28-151. Procurement Opportunities for Contracts/Purchase Orders through Independent Partnerships.

(a) For all purchases of covered goods or covered services that are not included in the goal, bid preference, or defined procurement pool programs contained in this article V, the purchasing division or user department, as appropriate, will include a clause in the solicitation encouraging, but not requiring, participation by and independent partnerships with SBEs, MBEs, WBEs, and other business enterprises in supply chain activities, prime/subcontractor arrangements including partnerships, and joint ventures on City contracts and purchase orders.

The purchasing division or user department will not, in encouraging participation by and independent partnerships with SBEs, MBEs, WBEs, and other business enterprises, require or compel a specific outcome in favor of an MBE or WBE. The purchasing division or user department will not score responses or lack of responses to the solicitation clause for contract or purchase order award purposes.

(b) Voluntary disclosures of such independent partnerships to the City, if any, by the vendor awarded the contract or purchase order, will be forwarded by the purchasing division or user department to the DSBO for review. If such review reveals participation of or performance by an SBE who is also an MBE or WBE, then such participation or performance will be credited toward the annual goal based upon an analysis of the specific duties performed by the MBE or WBE and the extent to which such duties constitute a commercially useful function for each contract or purchase order. If the City's review reveals participation of or performance by an SBE who is not an MBE or WBE, then such participation or performance will be calculated separately based upon an analysis of the specific duties performed by SBE and the extent to which such duties constitute a commercially useful function for each contract or purchase order. The DSBO director or the manager may undertake such inquiries or studies, engage such employees or retain such consultants as may be necessary to assist the DSBO director in rendering these determinations.

Sec. 28-152. State or federal law and other guidelines.

In making any findings required herein, the DSBO director may incorporate by reference rules, procedures and powers of C.R.S. § 24-4-101 et seq. as they may exist on the date of enactment of this article V or as they may hereinafter be amended. In making any findings required herein, or in aid of definition or interpretation of any term or phrase herein, the DSBO director may utilize as a guide, insofar as they are consistent with the purposes of this article V, provisions of federal law, including without limitation the provisions of 49 Code of Federal Regulations and 13 Code of Federal Regulations, or successor regulations, as they exist on the date of enactment of this article V or as they may hereafter be amended.

Sec. 28-153. Quarterly reports.

The DSBO director shall prepare written reports four (4) times each year which shall describe progress in meeting the annual goals set out in section 28-124, as well as progress under defined procurement pool, bid preference, and independent partnerships as applied to City contracts and purchase orders for covered goods and covered services under this article V. Copies of quarterly reports shall be provided to the manager, purchasing director, affected department heads, city council, and the mayor according to the following schedule:

Period Covered	Date Due
January 1 — March 31	June 1
April 1 — June 30	September 1
July 1 — September 30	December 1
October 1 — December 31	March 1

In addition, the quarterly report shall describe the implementation of this article V and provide an evaluation of individual contracts and purchase orders, including all change orders, amendments, and modifications awarded for covered goods and covered services through the procurement goal, defined procurement pool, bid preference, and independent partnerships provisions of this article V.

In calculating MBE/WBE participation under this article V, all funds paid to such firms on City contracts and purchase orders for covered goods and covered services during the year shall be counted independent of whether or not such funds were (1) used to accomplish procurement goal applicable at the time of bid opening or other proposal receipt; or (2) used to compensate SBEs who are MBEs or WBES for the performance of a commercially useful function under an independent partnership, defined procurement pool, or bid preference contract or purchase order.

Sec. 28-154. Annual report.

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- (a) MWBE utilization. If the annual goal in section 28-124 is not met in any year, then by March 1 of the following year, the DSBO director shall submit to the mayor, city council, manager, purchasing director, and affected department heads a report comparing MBE/WBE utilization achieved in the year to the aspirational annual goal through the procurement goals, defined procurement pool, bid preferences, and independent partnerships, stating the reasons why the goal was not met, substantiating any waivers for procurement goals granted under section 28-124, and advising and making recommendations as to continuing or further efforts that the city should make in remedying discrimination and its effects in contracting for covered goods and covered services, and recommending what should be done to assist in meeting such goal in the future.
- (b) SBE utilization. The DSBO director will submit to the mayor, city council, manager, purchasing director, and affected department heads a report that does the following: (1) describe utilization levels achieved for SBEs in the preceding year through the defined procurement pool, bid preferences, and independent partnerships; (2) make recommendations as to further efforts that the City should make to assist in the development and utilization of such firms in the

acquisition of covered goods and covered services; and (3) recommending what should be done to assist in achieving such participation by SBEs in the future.

Sec. 28-155. Rules and regulations; informal guidelines.

The DSBO director shall have the power and authority to adopt rules and regulations or informal guidelines to effectuate the purpose, procedures, and operations of this article V. The manager and department heads shall each have the power and authority to adopt policies, procedures, or informal guidelines consistent with DSBO rules to effectuate the purpose, procedures, and operations of this article V.

Sec. 28-156. Severability.

If any provision of this article V or its application is held invalid or unenforceable, such invalidity or unenforceability shall not affect other provisions or applications of this article V which can be given effect without the invalid provisions or applications, and the remaining provisions are to be severable and shall remain in full force and effect.

Sec. 28-157. Effective date of ordinance.

This article V shall become effective on April 1, 2014, and shall apply to all contracts and purchase orders within the scope of the article for which bids or proposals are made available for bidding or competitive selection on or after April 1, 2014.

Sec. 28-158. Review and sunset.

- (a) This article V shall be reviewed by the mayor, manager, purchasing director, and DSBO director on the third (3rd) anniversary of its enactment, in order to determine whether adjustments or revisions to article V or additional studies or inquiries in furtherance of article V are deemed appropriate and should be undertaken or recommended to further and maintain the purpose and intent of article V.
 - (b) This article V shall be repealed effective April 1, 2019.

25 Secs. 28-159 through 199. Reserved.

1	COMMITTEE APPROVAL: January 29, 2014.				
2	MAYOR-COUNCIL DATE: February 4, 2014.				
3	PASSED BY THE COUNCIL			2014	
4		PRESIDENT			
5	APPROVED:	MAYOR		2014	
6 7 8	ATTEST:	EX-OFFICIO (RECORDER, CLERK OF THE UNTY OF DENVER		
9	NOTICE PUBLISHED IN THE D	AILY JOURNAL	2014;	2014	
10	PREPARED BY: Victoria J. Orte	ga - ASSISTANT CITY	'ATTORNEY	February 6, 2014	
11 12 13 14 15	the City Attorney. We find no irregularity as to form, and have no legal objection to the proposed ordinance. The proposed ordinance is not submitted to the City Council for approval pursuant to §3.2.6 of the Charter.				
16 17	D. Scott Martinez, Denver City A	ttorney			
18	RY. Assis	stant City Attorney	DATE:	2014	