

Section 1. Chapter 56 of the Denver Revised Municipal Code (“Utilities”) shall be amended by the addition of a new Article VI, to read as follows:

Article VI.

Underground relocation of overhead telecommunication lines

56-300. Legislative findings and declarations.

The Denver City Council finds and declares:

- (1) The underground relocation (“undergrounding”) of overhead lines, wires and cables used for the distribution of electricity or the transmission of telecommunication services, along with the removal of utility poles from city-owned property serves a wide variety of important public purposes.
- (2) Undergrounding enhances public safety by: removing obstructions in the public right-of-way; mitigating the risk of vehicular collisions with utility poles; improving the sight lines for vehicular and pedestrian traffic along roadways; and mitigating the risk of hazards associated with negligent or inadvertent contact with overhead lines.
- (3) Undergrounding enhances the appearance and aesthetics of the city by: removing unsightly lines and poles from public view; improving scenic vistas in and around city parks and natural areas, toward the mountains, and within the city’s residential and commercial neighborhoods generally; and allowing the city’s tree canopy to flourish without conflict with overhead utility lines.
- (4) Undergrounding enhances the safety and security of the electric and telecommunications lines themselves by protecting the lines from damage due to inclement weather or accidents, and thus preserves the continuity and reliability of electric and telecommunications services to the public at large.
- (5) Coordinated undergrounding projects, in which all affected electric and telecommunications lines are relocated underground at the same time, offer the most efficient way to achieve the benefits of undergrounding at the lowest possible cost for the owners of the lines and their customers.

- (6) Since 1986, the city has included within its electric utility franchise certain undergrounding requirements for electric distribution facilities, including the establishment of a fund for electric undergrounding projects as directed by the manager of public works.
- (7) Since 1984, the city has included within its cable television franchises undergrounding requirements for cable television lines, requiring the franchisee to relocate its overhead lines underground when other overhead utility lines are being relocated underground.
- (8) Because other telecommunications companies that maintain overhead lines, including the city's local exchange telephone service provider, have not heretofore been required by any city law or franchise to cooperate and participate in underground relocation projects, on occasion telephone and other telecommunications lines have remained overhead and suspended from utility poles in locations where all other electric distribution and cable television lines have been relocated underground.
- (9) The continued existence of overhead telecommunications lines and utility poles in a location where all other utilities have been relocated underground compromises public safety and the general welfare of the public.
- (10) As a home rule city and county, Denver exercises broad inherent authority to regulate the use of city streets, alleys, parks, parkways, and other city-owned property under the police power.
- (11) In addition to its home rule authority, the Colorado Constitution and various state statutes recognize the authority of counties and municipalities to regulate the placement of public utility structures and facilities on public property in general, and utility poles and service lines in particular.
- (12) The Colorado Supreme Court has repeatedly recognized the authority of counties and municipalities to require the relocation of public utilities at the utility's expense in conjunction with county and municipal efforts to improve public property.
- (13) Pursuant to state statute, § 40-3-115, C.R.S., providers of local exchange telephone service may seek authorization from the Colorado Public Utilities Commission to recover from their customers the actual costs associated with the

relocation of telephone lines when the relocation has been requested by a political subdivision.

56-301. Definitions

Words and phrases used in this article shall have the following meanings ascribed to them:

- (1) “*Electric utility franchise*” means the franchise granted by the city to the Public Service Company of Colorado, d/b/a Xcel Energy by Ordinance No. 342, Series of 2006 and any subsequent franchise granted by the city to the company or the company’s successor in interest which provides for the underground conversion of overhead electric distribution facilities upon request of the city’s manager of the department of public works.

- (2) “Manager” means the manager of public works.

- (3) “Overhead telecommunications lines” means aerial wires or cables located upon utility poles and used to deliver any form of telecommunications service.

- (4) “Owner” means any person, firm, corporation, association, partnership which has an ownership or leasehold interest in any overhead telecommunications lines.

- (5) “Telecommunications facilities” means all facilities reasonably necessary to provide telecommunications services within and through the city, including but not limited to wires, cables, lines and utility poles.

- (6) “Telecommunications services” means exchange telephone service, broadband internet service, cable television service, or any similar service involving the transmission, between or among points specified by the user, of information of the user’s choosing, without change in the form or content of the information as sent and received.

- (7) “Utility pole” means any pole or other structure used to suspend overhead telecommunications lines above the surface of the ground.

56-302. Underground relocation of overhead telecommunications facilities required.

- (a) Whenever the manager exercises the authority to request the underground relocation of overhead electric distribution facilities under the city's electric utility franchise, the manager shall likewise require the owner of any overhead telecommunications facilities to relocate such facilities underground or, at the owner's option, remove the owner's facilities entirely from that location. The owner shall complete any such underground relocation or removal project at the owner's sole expense within a reasonable time, not to exceed one hundred and eighty (180) days from the date upon which the manager makes a written demand upon the owner to relocate or remove the telecommunications facilities.
- (b) The manager may also order the underground relocation or removal of overhead telecommunications facilities in any circumstance where the telecommunications facilities, whether located upon utility poles or otherwise, interfere with the improvement of any public right-of-way or other city-owned property. The owner shall complete any such underground relocation or removal project at the owner's sole expense within a reasonable time, not to exceed one hundred and eighty (180) days from the date upon which the manager makes a written demand upon the owner to relocate or remove the telecommunications facilities.
- (c) Any proposed underground relocation of overhead electric distribution facilities or telecommunication facilities within a park or a recreational facility under the jurisdiction of the department of parks and recreation will require the review and approval of the executive director of parks and recreation.

56-303. Cooperation with other utilities.

When undertaking any underground relocation project, the city and the owner shall coordinate with other utilities or companies that have their facilities above ground to attempt to have all facilities undergrounded as part of the same project. The city will enforce the provisions of its electric utility franchise requiring cooperation in the undergrounding of electric distribution facilities and telecommunication facilities as part of the same project where financially, technically and operationally feasible.

56-304. Compliance with other city laws and regulations.

In complying with the requirements of this section and relocating overhead telecommunications facilities underground, the owner shall be subject to any and all other city laws and regulations, including all relevant permitting requirements associated with excavations, construction, and placement of structures on or under city-owned property to the extent applicable and including any policies adopted by the executive

director of parks and recreation with regard to any proposed undergrounding of existing or future utilities in parks and recreational facilities.

56-304. Unlawful to maintain overhead telecommunications lines or utility poles.

It shall be unlawful for any owner to maintain overhead telecommunications facilities in any location where the manager has requested the underground relocation of electric distribution lines under the authority of the city's electric utility franchise, and such electric distribution facilities have in fact been relocated underground. It shall be unlawful for any owner to maintain overhead telecommunications facilities in any location where the manager has ordered the owner to relocate underground or remove the overhead facilities on the basis that overhead facilities interfere with the improvement of any public right-of-way or any other city-owned property. Any owner who maintains overhead telecommunications facilities in defiance of the manager's written demand to remove such lines and poles in accordance with section 56-302 shall be subject to a fine of up to \$999 dollars per day for each day in which the overhead telecommunications facilities remain in place. In addition to the penalties in this section, the city may seek any appropriate remedy for damages or equitable relief to secure compliance with this article and to preserve the city's interest in its public property.

Section 2. This ordinance shall be effective upon adoption and publication, and shall apply to any underground relocation project ordered by the manager of public works under the authority of the city's electric utility franchise and subsection 56-302 (a) or under the authority of subsection 56-302 (b), after the effective date of this ordinance.