

1 **BY AUTHORITY**

2 ORDINANCE NO. _____

COUNCIL BILL NO. CB23-1620

3 SERIES OF 2023

COMMITTEE OF REFERENCE:

4 Safety, Housing, Education & Homelessness

5 **A BILL**

6 **For an ordinance creating a new article VIII of Chapter 14 of the Denver**
7 **Revised Municipal Code to provide increased protection of victim’s rights**
8 **in municipal courts within the City and County of Denver and to align the**
9 **Code with the requirements of HB 23-1222 for municipalities that prosecute**
10 **criminal acts of domestic violence.**

11 **BE IT ENACTED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF DENVER:**

12 **Section 1.** Chapter 14 of the Denver Revised Municipal Code, concerning the County
13 Court, is hereby amended by adding a new Article VIII, to read as follows:

14 **ARTICLE VIII. MUNICIPAL VICTIM RIGHTS ACT**

15 **Sec. 14-150. Legislative declaration.**

16 The Denver City Council hereby finds and declares that the full and voluntary cooperation
17 of victims of and witnesses to crimes with state and local law enforcement agencies as to such
18 crimes is imperative for the general effectiveness and well-being of the criminal justice system of
19 this City and County of Denver. It is the intent of this Article VIII, therefore, to assure that all
20 victims of and witnesses to crimes are honored and protected by law enforcement agencies,
21 prosecutors, and judges in a manner no less vigorous than the protection afforded criminal
22 defendants.

23 **Sec. 14-151. Definitions.**

24 Words and phrases used in this article shall have the following meaning respectively
25 ascribed to them:

26 (1) *Crime*, for purposes of this Article VIII, means any of the following offenses as defined
27 by the Denver Revised Municipal Code, as amended:

28 (a) Any crime identified by law enforcement prior to the filing of charges as domestic
29 violence, as defined in section 14-68(a).

30 (b) Any crime, the underlying factual basis of which has been found by the court on
31 the record to include an act of domestic violence, as defined in section 14-68(a).

32 (c) Class one offenses as defined in section 14-71.

33 (d) Assault as defined in section 38-93.

34 (e) Other wrongs to minors as defined in section 34-46.

1 (f) Threats as defined in section 38-92.

2 (g) Indecent exposure as defined in section 38-157.1.

3 (2) *Correctional facility* means any private or public entity providing correctional services to
4 offenders pursuant to a court order including, but not limited to a city jail, a county jail, a
5 community corrections provider, the division of youth services, and the department of corrections.

6 (3) *Critical stage* of the criminal justice process has the same meaning as set forth in
7 section 24-4.1-302(2), C.R.S., as amended, and also includes:

8 (a) Any hearing for the disclosure of the name and identifying information of a child
9 victim or child witness pursuant to C.R.S. section 24-72-304(4.5)(a.5).

10 (b) Any modification of the sentence pursuant to Colorado Rule of Municipal
11 Procedure 235 or any other provision of state or federal law.

12 (c) Any hearing described in C.R.S. section 24-31-902(2)(c).

13 (d) Any hearing held pursuant to C.R.S. sections 24-72-706, 24-72-709, or 24-72-
14 710.

15 (4) *Modification of sentence* means an action taken by the court to modify the length, terms,
16 or conditions of an offender's sentence pursuant to rule 235(a) or (b) of the Colorado Rules of
17 Municipal Procedure; a resentencing following a probation revocation hearing; or a request for
18 early termination of probation. As used in this subsection (5), an "action taken by the court"
19 includes an order by the court modifying an offender's sentence upon review of the written motion
20 without a hearing but does not include an order denying a motion to modify a sentence without a
21 hearing.

22 (5) *Police department* means the Denver Police Department.

23 (6) *Victim* has the same meaning as set forth in C.R.S section 24-4.1-302(5) and includes
24 the victim's designee.

25 (7) *Victim's immediate family* has the same meaning as set forth in C.R.S. section 24-4.1-
26 302(6).

27 (8) *Witness* has the same meaning as set forth in C.R.S. section 24-4.1-302(7).

28 **Sec. 14-152. Rights afforded to victims.**

29 (a) In order to preserve and protect a victim's rights to justice and due process, the police
30 department, the city attorney, the court, and the probation department are responsible for ensuring
31 that each victim of a crime, as specified in section 14-151(1), has the following rights:

32 (1) The right to be treated with fairness, respect, and dignity, and to be free from
33 intimidation, harassment, or abuse, throughout the criminal justice process.

1 (2) The right to be informed of and be present by appearing in person, by phone,
2 virtually by audio or video, or similar technology for all critical stages of the criminal justice process
3 as specified in section 14-151(3); except that the victim shall have the right to be informed of,
4 without being present for critical stages described in C.R.S. sections 24-4.1-302(2)(a), (2)(a.5),
5 (2)(a.7), (2)(e.5), (2)(k.3), (2)(n), (2)(p), (2)(q), (2)(r), and (2)(u).

6 (3) The right to receive a free copy of the general offense report from the police
7 department; except that the release of a document associated with the investigation is at the
8 discretion of the police department based on the status of the case or security and safety
9 concerns in a correctional facility. The general offense report must contain, at a minimum, the
10 victim's name, the offender's name, the date of the crime, the charges, and a summary of the
11 incident so the victim has sufficient detail to help the victim with, including but not limited to,
12 insurance claims, employer intercession, protection orders, and landlord-tenant notification. The
13 police department may redact the names of other victims involved in the incident who are not
14 related to the victim requesting the report and any personal identifying information, including but
15 not limited to social security numbers, driver's license numbers, telephone numbers, e-mail
16 addresses, and physical addresses related to parties or witnesses in the case. The police
17 department shall notify the city attorney of the information the victim received in the general
18 offense report and when it was provided to the victim. The city attorney shall provide this
19 information to any defendant involved in the case through the discovery process.

20 (4) The right to be informed when a person accused or convicted of a crime
21 committed against the victim is released or discharged from a correctional facility, escapes from a
22 correctional facility, or absconds from probation.

23 (5) The right to be heard at any critical stage of the criminal justice process, as
24 defined in section 14-151(3).

25 (6) If a victim is unavailable to be present for a critical stage and the victim wishes to
26 be heard, the right to request that the court arrange and provide the means for the victim to be
27 heard, which may include, but need not be limited to, appearing by phone, virtually by video or
28 audio, or similar technology.

29 a. For purposes of this paragraph (6), "unavailable" means that the victim is
30 physically unable to attend the court hearing, may sustain a financial hardship to attend the court
31 hearing, is concerned for their safety if they attend the court hearing, may suffer significant
32 emotional impact by attending the hearing, or is unavailable for other good cause.

33 b. The victim shall notify the city attorney that the victim is unavailable to

1 attend the court hearing. The city attorney's office shall then inform the court that the victim, due to
2 the victim's unavailability, is requesting the court to arrange for and provide the means to address
3 the court, which must include but need not be limited to appearing by phone, virtually by video or
4 audio, or similar technology. The city attorney shall inform the victim of the available options to
5 appear remotely.

6 c. This paragraph (6) applies to a victim who is incarcerated or otherwise
7 being held in a correctional facility but is limited to participation by telephone or appearing virtually
8 by video or audio, or similar technology.

9 (7) The right to consult with the city attorney after any crime committed against the
10 victim has been charged, prior to any post-filing diversion offer, prior to any disposition of the
11 case, or prior to any trial of the case, and the right to be informed of the final disposition of the
12 case. The right to consult with the city attorney must include an explanation of the possibility that
13 the defendant may not serve the defendant's entire sentence in a correctional facility because the
14 defendant may receive good time credits or earned time while incarcerated.

15 (8) The right to be informed if the city attorney grants early termination to an offender
16 participating in a diversion program and the date of termination from the diversion program.

17 (9) The right to be informed by the police department, prior to the filing of charges
18 with the court, or by the city attorney, after the filing of charges with the court, of the status of any
19 case concerning a crime committed against the victim, and any scheduling changes or
20 cancellations, if such changes or cancellations are known in advance.

21 (10) The right to be present at the sentencing hearing and to inform the city attorney
22 and the court, in writing by a victim impact statement and by an oral statement, of the harm that
23 the victim has sustained as a result of the crime, with the determination of whether the victim
24 makes written input or oral input, or both, to be made at the sole discretion of the victim.

25 (11) The right to have the court determine the amount, if any, of restitution to be paid
26 to a victim pursuant to section 14-62 by any person convicted of committing a crime against such
27 victim for the actual pecuniary damages that resulted from the commission of the crime.

28 (12) The right to be informed of the victim's right to pursue a civil judgment against
29 any person convicted of a crime committed against the victim for any damages incurred by the
30 victim as a result of the commission of the crime regardless of whether the court has ordered such
31 person to make restitution to the victim.

32 (13) The right to be informed of any proceeding at which any postconviction release
33 from confinement in a correctional facility is being considered for any person convicted of a crime

1 committed against the victim and the right to be present by appearing in person, by phone, or
2 virtually by video or audio, or similar technology, and heard at any such proceeding or to provide
3 written information.

4 (14) The right, at the discretion of the city attorney, to view all or a portion of the
5 presentence report of the probation department.

6 (15) The right, upon request, to obtain any incident recording or body-worn camera
7 as described in C.R.S. section 24-31-902.

8 (16) The right to promptly receive any property that belongs to a victim and that is
9 being held by the city attorney or the police department unless there are evidentiary reasons for
10 the retention of such property.

11 (17) The right to be informed of the availability of and the application process for
12 financial assistance and community services for victims, the immediate families of victims, and
13 witnesses, including crisis intervention services, victim compensation funds, victim assistance
14 resources, legal resources, mental health services, social services, medical resources,
15 rehabilitative services, and financial assistance services.

16 (18) The right to be informed about the possibility of restorative justice practices, as
17 defined in C.R.S. section 18-1-901(3)(o.5).

18 (19) The right to be informed about the steps that can be taken by a victim or
19 witness in the event of intimidation or harassment by a defendant accused or convicted of a crime
20 committed against the victim or by any person acting on behalf of the defendant, including
21 information regarding protection services.

22 (20) The right to be provided with appropriate employer intercession services to
23 encourage the victim's employer to cooperate with the criminal justice system in order to minimize
24 the loss of employment, pay, or other benefits resulting from a victim's court appearances or other
25 required meetings with criminal justice officials.

26 (21) The right to be assured that, in any criminal proceeding, the court, the
27 prosecutor, and other law enforcement officials will take appropriate action to achieve a swift and
28 fair resolution of the case.

29 (22) The right to be provided, whenever practicable, with a secure waiting area
30 during court proceedings that does not require a victim or a witness to be seen or to be in close
31 proximity to the person accused or convicted of a crime committed against the victim or such
32 person's family or friends.

33 (23) The right to be informed when a person convicted of a crime committed against

1 the victim is placed in or transferred to a less secure correctional facility.

2 (24) The right to be informed of the results of a probation revocation hearing.

3 (25) The right to be informed of any rights which the victim has pursuant to the
4 constitution of the United States or the state of Colorado.

5 (26) The right to be informed of the process for enforcing compliance with this article
6 pursuant to C.R.S. section 13-10-104.5(4).

7 (27) The right to prevent any party at any court proceeding from compelling
8 testimony regarding the current address, telephone number, place of employment, or other
9 locating information of the victim unless the victim consents or the court orders disclosure upon a
10 finding that a reasonable and articulable need for the information exists. Any proceeding
11 conducted by the court concerning whether to order disclosure shall be held *in camera*.

12 (28) The right to have the city attorney, police department, or the probation
13 department make all reasonable efforts to exclude or redact a victim's or witness's social security
14 number from a criminal justice document or record created or compiled as a result of a criminal
15 investigation when the document or record is released to anyone other than the victim, the
16 defense attorney of record, the defense attorney's agent, or a criminal justice agency.

17 (29) The right to be notified of how to request protection of their address.

18 (30) The right to receive a copy of the victim impact statement form from the city
19 attorney's office.

20 (31) The right to be notified of a hearing concerning any motion filed for or petition
21 for sealing of records described in C.R.S. section 24-72-708, filed by a defendant in the criminal
22 case who was charged or convicted for a crime as described in section 14-15(2).

23 (32) The right to be informed of the existence of a criminal protection order issued
24 pursuant to section 14-33(2) and, upon request of the victim, information about provisions of the
25 protection order that may be added or modified, and the process for requesting such an addition
26 or modification.

27 (b) Nothing in this section shall be construed to imply that any victim who is incarcerated by
28 any correctional facility has a right to be released to attend any hearing or that a correctional
29 facility has any duty to transport such incarcerated victim to any hearing.

30 **Sec. 14-153. Procedures for ensuring rights of victims.**

31 (a) The Police Department shall protect the rights of victims of crimes specified in section
32 14-151(1) by ensuring:

33 (1) That the address, telephone number, place of employment, or other personal

1 information of such victim or members of such victim's immediate family is kept confidential.

2 (2) That all reasonable attempts are made to protect any victim or the victim's
3 immediate family from harm, harassment, intimidation, or retaliation arising from cooperating in
4 the reporting, investigation, and prosecution of a crime.

5 (3) That reasonable efforts are made to minimize contact between the victim and
6 victim's immediate family and the defendant and the relatives of the defendant before, during, and
7 immediately after a judicial proceedings. Whenever possible, a waiting area shall be provided that
8 is separate in both proximity and sight from that of the defendant, the defendant's relatives, and
9 any defense witnesses.

10 (4) That, when a victim's property is no longer needed for evidentiary reasons and
11 upon the request of the victim, such property is returned to the victim within five working days
12 unless the property is contraband or subject to nuisance abatement or forfeiture proceedings;

13 (5) That each victim is informed as to the availability of the following services:

14 a. Follow-up support for the victim and the victim's immediate family in order
15 to ensure that the necessary assistance is received by such persons;

16 b. Services for child victims and elderly victims, and services for victims who
17 are persons with disabilities, which are directed to the special needs of such victims;

18 c. Referral to special counseling facilities and community service agencies by
19 providing the names and telephone numbers of such facilities or agencies, whether public or
20 private, which provide such services as crisis intervention services, victim compensation funds,
21 victim assistance resources, legal resources, mental health services, social services, medical
22 resources, rehabilitative services, financial assistance, and other support services;

23 d. Transportation and household assistance to promote the participation of
24 any victim or the victim's immediate family in the criminal proceedings;

25 e. Assistance in dealing with creditors and credit reporting agencies to deal
26 with any financial setbacks caused by the commission of a crimes;

27 f. Interpretation services and information printed in languages other than the
28 English language;

29 g. Childcare services to enable a victim or the victim's immediate family to
30 give testimony or otherwise participate in the prosecution of a criminal proceeding; and

31 h. The existence of a criminal protection order pursuant to section 14-33(2)
32 and, upon request of the victim, information about provisions of the protection order that may be
33 added or modified and the process for requesting such an addition or modification.

1 (6) That, after the initial contact, the victim is promptly given the following
2 information in writing:

- 3 a. A statement of the victim's rights as enumerated in this article;
- 4 b. Information concerning the availability of victim assistance, medical, and
5 emergency services;
- 6 c. Information concerning the availability of compensatory benefits pursuant
7 to article 4.1 of Title 24 of the Colorado Revised Statutes and the name, address, and telephone
8 number of any person to contact to obtain such benefits;
- 9 d. The availability of protection for the victim from the person accused of
10 committing a crime against the victim, including protective court orders; and
- 11 e. The right of a victim to request a copy of the police report and other
12 documents related to the case, including the right to receive a free copy of the general offense
13 report. The release of any documents associated with the investigation is at the discretion of the
14 police department based on the status of the case.

15 (7) That if, in a case of an alleged sex offense that has not resulted in a conviction
16 or plea of guilty or when a police report or a medical report is filed pursuant to C.R.S section 12-
17 240-139(1)(b)(I):

- 18 a. The victim is notified at least sixty days prior to the destruction of the
19 forensic medical evidence; and
- 20 b. The forensic medical evidence is retained for an additional ten years when
21 a victim objects to destruction of the evidence after receiving notice pursuant to this subsection
22 (7).

23 (b) The Denver City Attorney's Office shall protect the rights of victims of crimes specified
24 in section 14-151(1) by ensuring:

25 (1) That, if practicable, the victim is informed of any pending motion that may
26 substantially delay the prosecution. The city attorney shall inform the court of the victim's position
27 on the motion, if any. If the victim objects, the court shall state in writing or on the record prior to
28 granting any delay that the objection was considered.

29 (2) That, if practicable, the victim is informed of any pending motion or decision by
30 the city attorney to sequester the victim from any critical stage in the case. The city attorney shall
31 inform the court of the victim's position on the motion or the city attorney's decision, if any. If a
32 victim is sequestered, the city attorney must undertake best efforts to prioritize the timing of the
33 victim's testimony and minimize the amount of time the victim is sequestered from the critical

1 stages of the case.

2 (3) That, after a case has been filed, unless inconsistent with the requirements of
3 investigative activities, the victim is consulted, if practicable, concerning the reduction of charges,
4 negotiated pleas, diversion, dismissal, or other disposition. The city attorney shall explain to the
5 victim the possibility that the defendant may not serve the defendant's entire sentence in jail
6 because the defendant may receive good time credits or earned time while incarcerated. Failure
7 to comply with this paragraph (3) does not invalidate any decision, agreement, or disposition. This
8 paragraph (3) shall not be construed as a restriction on or delegation of the city attorney's
9 authority under the constitution, the laws of this state, the Charter, or the Denver Revised
10 Municipal Code.

11 (4) That all reasonable attempts are made to protect any victim or the victim's
12 immediate family from harm, harassment, intimidation, or retaliation arising from cooperating in
13 the reporting, investigation, and prosecution of a crime. The city attorney shall provide reasonable
14 efforts to minimize contact between the victim and the victim's immediate family and the defendant
15 and the relatives of the defendant before, during, and immediately after a judicial proceedings.
16 Whenever possible, a waiting area shall be provided that is separate in both proximity and sight
17 from that of the defendant, the defendant's relatives, and any defense witnesses.

18 (5) That a victim or an individual designated by the victim may be present at all
19 critical stages of a criminal proceeding regarding any crime committed against such victim unless
20 the court or the city attorney determines that exclusion of the victim is necessary to protect the
21 defendant's right to a fair trial or the confidentiality of juvenile proceedings. If the victim is present,
22 the court, at the victim's request, may permit the presence of an individual or court facility dog, as
23 defined in C.R.S. section 16-10-404, to provide support to the victim.

24 a. A victim may be present at the phase of the trial at which the defendant is
25 determined to be guilty or not guilty and may be heard at such phase of the trial if called to testify
26 by the city attorney, defense, or court if any such statement would be relevant.

27 b. The court shall make all reasonable efforts to accommodate the victim
28 upon the return of a verdict by the jury. If the court is informed by the city attorney that the victim
29 is en route to the courtroom for the reading of the verdict, the court shall state on the record that it
30 has considered the information provided by the city attorney prior to the return of the verdict by the
31 jury.

32 (6) That, when a victim's property is no longer needed for evidentiary reasons and
33 upon the request of the victim, such property is returned to the victim within five working days

1 unless the property is contraband or subject to nuisance abatement or forfeiture proceedings;

2 (7) That each victim is informed as to the availability of the following services:

3 a. Follow-up support for the victim and the victim's immediate family in order
4 to ensure that the necessary assistance is received by such persons;

5 b. Services for child victims and elderly victims, and services for victims who
6 are persons with disabilities, which are directed to the special needs of such victims;

7 c. Referral to special counseling facilities and community service agencies by
8 providing the names and telephone numbers of such facilities or agencies, whether public or
9 private, which provide such services as crisis intervention services, victim compensation funds,
10 victim assistance resources, legal resources, mental health services, social services, medical
11 resources, rehabilitative services, financial assistance, and other support services;

12 d. Transportation and household assistance to promote the participation of
13 any victim or the victim's immediate family in the criminal proceedings;

14 e. Assistance in dealing with creditors and credit reporting agencies to deal
15 with any financial setbacks caused by the commission of a crimes;

16 f. Interpretation services and information printed in languages other than the
17 English language;

18 g. Childcare services to enable a victim or the victim's immediate family to
19 give testimony or otherwise participate in the prosecution of a criminal proceeding; and

20 h. The existence of a criminal protection order pursuant to section 14-33(2)
21 and, upon request of the victim, information about provisions of the protection order that may be
22 added or modified and the process for requesting such an addition or modification.

23 (8) That the victim is informed of the following:

24 a. The filing of a case against the person accused of committing any of the
25 crimes specified in section 14-151(1) against the victim, including an explanation of the charges
26 when necessary;

27 b. Any of the critical stages as defined in section 14-151(3) of a criminal
28 proceeding relating to a person accused of a crime against the victim; except that the city attorney
29 shall not be obligated to inform the victim of any appellate review undertaken by the attorney
30 general's office;

31 c. Any critical stage as defined in section 14-151(3) relating to a hearing
32 concerning a petition for the expungement of juvenile records, which records concern a crime
33 committed by the juvenile against the victim;

1 d. Any motion filed, unless the motion is denied because the motion is either
2 insufficient or the defendant is not entitled to relief, or any hearing concerning a motion or petition
3 for sealing of records as described in C.R.S. section 24-72-708, that was filed by a defendant in
4 the criminal case and whose crime falls under section 14-151(1). The notification should be made
5 using the last known contact information that is available for the victim;

6 e. The assignment of any case regarding a crime against the victim, including
7 the file number of such case and, if available, the name, business address, and business
8 telephone number of any assistant city attorney assigned to the case, and the courtroom to which
9 the case is assigned;

10 f. The date, time, and place of any critical stage;

11 g. The availability of benefits pursuant to article 4.1 of Title 24 of the Colorado
12 Revised Statutes and the name, address, and telephone number of any person to contact to
13 obtain such benefits;

14 h. The availability of transportation to and from any court proceeding for any
15 victim, except as provided in section 14-152(b);

16 i. The availability of restorative justice practices, as defined in C.R.S. section
17 18-1-901(3)(o.5), which includes victim-offender conferences;

18 j. The right to complete a written victim impact statement. The victim has the
19 option to complete the statement on a form provided by the city attorney's office. The city attorney
20 shall inform the victim that the defendant has a right to view the victim impact statement; and

21 k. The availability of the city attorney to seek a court order to protect a victim's
22 residential address.

23 (9) Unless a victim requests otherwise, that the victim is informed of the following:

24 a. The function of a presentence report, including the name and telephone
25 number of the probation office preparing any such report regarding a person convicted of
26 committing a crime against the victim, and the right of a victim, or a member of the victim's
27 immediate family, to make a victim impact statement pursuant to this article;

28 b. The defendant's right to view the presentence report and the victim impact
29 statement;

30 c. The date, time, and location of any sentencing or resentencing hearing;

31 d. The right of the victim, or a member of the victim's immediate family, to
32 attend and to express an opinion at the sentencing hearing as to the appropriateness of any
33 sentence proposed to the court for consideration;

1 e. Any sentence imposed;

2 f. The date, time, and location of any hearing for modification of sentence;
3 except that a city attorney is not required to inform each victim of a resentencing following a
4 probation revocation hearing or a request for early termination of probation. For both probation
5 revocation hearings and requests for early termination, it is the responsibility of the probation
6 department to notify the victim if the victim has requested post-sentencing notification.

7 i. If a hearing for modification of sentence is not scheduled and the
8 court has reviewed a written motion for modification of sentence and is considering granting any
9 part of the motion without a hearing, the court shall inform the city attorney, and the city attorney
10 shall notify and receive input from the victim to give to the court before the court rules on the
11 motion.

12 ii. If the court has reviewed and denied the written motion without a
13 hearing, the city attorney is not required to notify the victim regarding the filing of or ruling on the
14 motion.

15 iii. This paragraph (f) does not modify the probation department's
16 responsibility to notify a victim that has opted to receive notifications described in section 14-
17 153(d).

18 g. Any motion to modify the terms and conditions of an unsupervised deferred
19 sentence for which the city attorney's office is the monitoring agency. The procedures for notifying
20 victims outlined in subparagraphs i. and ii. of paragraph f of this subsection apply to the city
21 attorney and the court with regard to a motion contemplated in this paragraph g.

22 h. The right to receive information from the probation department, pursuant to
23 section 14-153(d), regarding a person convicted of committing a crime against the victim.

24 i. The decision, whether by court order, stipulation of the parties, or otherwise,
25 to conduct postconviction DNA testing to establish the actual innocence of the person convicted of
26 a crime against the victim. If court proceedings are initiated based on the results of the
27 postconviction DNA testing, the victim shall be notified of the court proceedings by the city
28 attorney's office that prosecuted the charges resulting in the entry of the judgment of conviction
29 challenged by the defendant. If the attorney general's office is the agency that decides to conduct
30 postconviction DNA testing, the attorney general's office is responsible for notifying the victim; and

31 (10) If a person convicted of committing a crime against the victim seeks appellate
32 review or attacks the conviction or sentence, that the victim is informed of the status of the case
33 and of the decision of the court.

1 (c) The Court shall protect the rights of victims of crimes specified in section 14-151(1) by
2 ensuring:

3 (1) That, if practicable, the victim is informed of any pending motion or decision by
4 the city attorney to sequester the victim from a critical stage in the case. If the city attorney informs
5 the court that the victim has objected, then the court, before granting the sequestration order, shall
6 state in writing or on the record that the victim's objection was considered and state the basis for
7 the court's decision.

8 (2) That a victim may be present at all critical stages of a criminal proceeding, as
9 defined in section 14-151(3), regarding any crime, as specified in section 14-151(1), committed
10 against such victim unless the court or the city attorney determines that exclusion of the victim is
11 necessary to protect the defendant's right to a fair trial or the confidentiality of juvenile
12 proceedings. If the victim is present, the court, at the victim's request, may permit the presence of
13 an individual or court facility dog, as defined in C.R.S. section 16-10-404, to provide support to the
14 victim.

15 a. A victim may be present at the phase of the trial at which the defendant is
16 determined to be guilty or not guilty and may be heard at such phase of the trial and if called to
17 testify by the city attorney, defense, or court if any such statement would be relevant.

18 b. The court shall make all reasonable efforts to accommodate the victim
19 upon the return of a verdict by the jury. If the court is informed by the city attorney that the victim
20 is en route to the courtroom for the reading of the verdict, the court shall state on the record that it
21 has considered the information provided by the city attorney prior to the return of the verdict by the
22 jury.

23 (3) That the results of any testing for a sexually transmitted infection, that is ordered
24 and performed pursuant to C.R.S. sections 18-3-415, 25-4-408(6), or 25-4-412, are disclosed to
25 any victim of a sexual offense in the case in which the testing was ordered. Disclosure of
26 diagnostic test results must comply with the requirements of C.R.S. section 25-4-410(2).

27 (4) That, at any critical stage specified in section 14-151(3), the court inquires
28 whether the victim is present and wishes to address the court. The court shall advise the victim of
29 their right to address the court regarding issues relevant to the case.

30 (5) That any party issuing a subpoena pursuant to rule 17 of the Colorado Rules of
31 Criminal Procedure for the production of the privileged records of a victim pursuant to C.R.S.
32 section 13-90-107 or a subpoena requesting the compensation records of a victim pursuant to
33 C.R.S. section 24-4.1-107.5, files with the court and serves on any opposing party:

- 1 a. A copy of the subpoena;
- 2 b. A certificate stating that the party has a good-faith belief that there is a
3 lawful basis for issuing the subpoena;
- 4 c. A copy of the written notice served on recipients that advises that a party
5 may not release records until the court orders the release of the records at a hearing and that a
6 party may only provide the records to the court if the court orders the party to release the records;
7 and
- 8 d. A motion stating the party's lawful basis for the subpoena and, if subject to
9 a claim of privilege pursuant to C.R.S. section 13-90-107, a good-faith claim that the victim has
10 expressly or impliedly waived any privilege to allow the court to properly receive the records.

11 (6) That, after considering all relevant evidence at a proceeding specified in C.R.S.
12 section 24-4.1-302.5(1)(d)(VII), the court shall quash any subpoena and shall not receive any
13 records protected by privilege pursuant to C.R.S. section 13-90-107 unless the court finds, based
14 upon evidence, that a victim expressly or impliedly waived the statutory privilege.

- 15 a. In considering whether to receive and release any records relating to the
16 victim, the court shall determine whether:
- 17 1. There is a reasonable likelihood that the subpoenaed records exists;
 - 18 2. The subpoenaed records are evidentiary and relevant;
 - 19 3. The subpoenaed records cannot be reasonably procured in advance
20 of the trial despite due diligence;
 - 21 4. The party cannot properly prepare for trial without production and
22 inspection of the subpoenaed records, and failure to inspect the subpoenaed records in advance
23 may unreasonably delay the trial; and
 - 24 5. The application to review the subpoenaed records is made in good
25 faith.

26 b. If the court conducts a hearing on the application for the issuance of
27 subpoenaed records, the court shall proceed only after input from the victim, unless the victim is
28 unavailable and the court finds that the city attorney notified the victim or made all reasonable
29 efforts to notify the victim.

30 c. If after the hearing, the court orders the production of records, the court
31 shall enter orders to set a timeline of no less than seven days for the party to arrange production
32 of the records to the court; except that the court may order production in less than seven days to
33 avoid the delay of a jury trial.

1 (7) That, before any hearing regarding any request by the probationer for early
2 termination of probation or any change in the terms and conditions of probation, the court informs
3 the probation department and the city attorney's office.

4 (8) That the court provides the victim with translation or interpretation services as
5 needed during all critical stages of the hearing.

6 (9) That the court requires the defendant to be present by appearing in person, by
7 phone, or virtually by audio or video, or similar technology, during the sentencing hearing to hear
8 the victim's impact statement, unless the court excludes the defendant for good cause.

9 (10) That the court or its designee ensures that victim information be provided to any
10 entity responsible for victim notification after the defendant is sentenced. The court shall notify the
11 victim of petitions or motions filed to cease sex offender registration pursuant to C.R.S. sections
12 16-22-103(5) and 16-22-113(2) and (2.5).

13 (d) Denver County Court Probation shall protect the rights of victims by ensuring that,
14 following a sentence to probation and upon the written request of a victim, the victim is notified of
15 the following information regarding any person who was charged with or convicted of a crime, as
16 specified in section 14-151(1), against the victim:

17 (1) The location and telephone number of the probation department responsible for
18 the supervision of the person;

19 (2) The date of the person's termination from probation supervision;

20 (3) Any request for release of the person in advance of the person's imposed
21 sentence or period of probation, including notification of the victim's right to be present and heard
22 at the hearing and notification of the results of such a hearing. If a hearing is not scheduled and
23 the court has reviewed a written motion for early termination of probation and is considering
24 granting the motion without a hearing, the court shall inform the probation department and the city
25 attorney's office, and the probation department shall notify and receive input from the victim to
26 give to the court before the court rules on the motion. If the court has reviewed and denied such a
27 request without a hearing, the probation department is not required to notify the victim regarding
28 the filing of or ruling on the request.

29 (4) Any probation revocation or modification hearing at which the person's sentence
30 may be reconsidered or modified and any changes in the scheduling of the hearings, including
31 notification of the victim's right to be present and heard at the hearing and notification of the
32 results of such a hearing. If a hearing is not scheduled and the court has reviewed a written
33 motion for modification of sentence and is considering granting any part of the motion without a

1 hearing, the court shall inform the probation department and the city attorney's office, and the
2 probation department shall notify and receive input from the victim to give to the court before the
3 court rules on the motion. If the court has reviewed and denied the written motion without a
4 hearing, the probation department is not required to notify the victim regarding the filing of or ruling
5 on the motion.

6 (5) Any motion filed by the probation department requesting permission from the
7 court to modify the terms and conditions of probation as described in C.R.S. section 18-1.3-204 or
8 19-2.5-1108, if the motion has not been denied by the court without a hearing;

9 (6) Any change of venue, transfer of probation supervision from one jurisdiction to
10 another, or interstate compact transfer of probation supervision;

11 (7) Any complaint, summons, or warrant filed by the probation department;

12 (8) The death of the person while under the jurisdiction of the probation department;

13 (9) Concerning domestic violence cases, any conduct by the probationer that results
14 in an increase in the supervision level by the probation department; and

15 (10) Any court-ordered modification of the terms and conditions of probation as
16 described in C.R.S. section 18-1.3-204 or 19-2.5-1108.

17 **Section 2.** Section 14-33 of the Denver Revised Municipal Code is hereby amended by
18 adding the language underlined and deleting the language stricken, to read as follows:

19 **Sec. 14-33. Right to appearance on bond.**

20 (f) *Domestic violence bonds.* Ordinance violations that allege a factual basis of domestic
21 violence, as defined in section 14-68(a), shall not be on the bond schedule.

22 (1) The court shall consider the following factors in determining bond in any case
23 with an underlying factual basis of domestic violence, as defined in section 14-68(a) cases:

24 a.(1) Those listed in paragraph (d) of this section;

25 b.(2) Written communications from the arresting officers and other witnesses,

26 if any;

27 c.(3) Prior domestic violence incidents; and

28 d.(4) Prior violations of no contact or restraining orders.

29 (2) Mandatory protection order. In any case filed with the court, the underlying
30 factual basis of which includes an act of domestic violence as defined in section 14-68(a), the
31 court shall issue and, pursuant to C.R.S. section 16-4-105(4), the defendant shall acknowledge in
32 court and in writing, a protection order that meets the minimum standards required pursuant to
33 C.R.S. sections 18-1-1001(3) and 18-1-1001(5) prior to release as a condition of any bond.

1 (3) Firearms relinquishment. The court shall order the relinquishment of any firearm
2 or ammunition in the defendant's immediate possession or control, pursuant to C.R.S. section 16-
3 4-105(4.1) and 18 U.S.C. § 922.

4 **Section 3.** Section 14-62 of the Denver Revised Municipal Code is hereby amended by
5 adding the language underlined and deleting the language stricken, to read as follows:

6 **Sec. 14-62. Restitution and costs.**

7 Every order of conviction shall include consideration of restitution pursuant to C.R.S.
8 section 18-1.3-603, as amended. ~~A defendant who has been granted probation may be required,~~
9 ~~so far as possible and upon such reasonable terms as the court may impose, to make restitution~~
10 ~~or reparation to any aggrieved person for actual damage or loss caused by the offense for which~~
11 ~~the conviction was had.~~ The defendant may also be required to give fingerprints to the police
12 department and to pay the court costs.

13 **Section 4.** Section 14-68 of the Denver Revised Municipal Code is hereby amended by
14 adding the language underlined and deleting the language stricken, to read as follows:

15 **Sec. 14-68. Domestic violence; sentencing.**

16 (a) *Definitions.*

17 (1) *Domestic violence* means an act or threatened act of violence upon a person
18 with whom the actor is or has been involved in an intimate relationship.

19 a. "Domestic violence" also includes any other crime against a person, or
20 against property, including an animal, or any municipal ordinance violation against a person, or
21 against property, including an animal, when used as a method of coercion, control, punishment,
22 intimidation, or revenge directed against a person with whom the actor is or has been involved in
23 an intimate relationship.

24 b. Pursuant to section C.R.S. section 13-10-104.5(3) "domestic violence" is a
25 misdemeanor for purposes of complying with 18 U.S.C. § 921 et seq.

26 (b) ~~Domestic violence; sentencing~~ Prosecution. In any case filed with the court, the
27 underlying factual basis of which includes an act of domestic violence, the city attorney who
28 initially meets with the victim after the charges are filed should make a reasonable effort to remain
29 the prosecuting attorney throughout the proceeding. Failure to comply with this subsection (b)
30 does not invalidate any decision, agreement, or disposition in the case. This subsection (b) shall
31 not be construed as a restriction on or delegation of the city attorney's authority under the
32 constitution, the laws of this state, the Charter, or the Denver Revised Municipal Code.

1 (c) Guilty or nolo contendere pleas. A person charged with the commission of a crime, the
2 underlying factual basis of which includes an act of domestic violence, shall not be entitled to
3 plead guilty or nolo contendere to an offense which does not include the domestic violence
4 designation required in C.R.S. section 16-21-103, unless the city attorney makes a good faith
5 representation on the record that the city attorney would not be able to establish a prima facie
6 case if the defendant were brought to trial on the domestic violence offense and upon such a
7 finding by the court.

8 (1) The city attorney's record and the court's findings shall specify the elements of
9 the alleged domestic violence case which the city attorney is not able to prove beyond a
10 reasonable doubt and the reasons therefor.

11 (2) No court shall accept a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to an offense which
12 does not include the domestic violence designation required in C.R.S. section 16-21-103, when
13 the facts of the case indicate that the underlying factual basis includes an act of domestic
14 violence, unless there is a good faith representation by the city attorney as required in this
15 subsection 14-68(c).

16 (d) Domestic violence; Probation, treatment, and sentencing.

17 (1) No person accused or convicted of a crime, the underlying factual basis of which
18 has been found by the court on the record to include an act of domestic violence, shall be eligible
19 for home detention in the home of the victim.

20 (2) Before granting probation, the court shall consider the safety of the victim and the
21 victim's children if probation is granted.

22 (3) In addition to any sentence that is imposed, a defendant convicted of a crime, the
23 underlying factual basis of which is found by the court on the record to include an act of domestic
24 violence, the court shall order the defendant to refrain from possessing or purchasing any firearm
25 or ammunition in accordance with the provisions of C.R.S. section 18-6-801(8).

26 (4) If the court places any person on probation who is convicted of any crime, the
27 underlying factual basis of which has been found by the court on the record to include an act of
28 domestic violence, the person shall be ordered, as a condition of probation, to complete a
29 treatment evaluation and treatment program that has been approved by the state domestic
30 violence offender management board or other similar board created by statutes of the state.
31 Nothing in this section shall preclude the court from ordering such treatment in any appropriate
32 case. Conditions of probation shall be consistent with the conditions described in C.R.S. section
33 18-1.3-204(2).

1 (5) Nothing in this subsection is intended to prohibit a court from ordering a deferred
2 sentence for a person accused or convicted of a crime, the underlying factual basis of which has
3 been found by the court on the record to include an act of domestic violence.

4 ~~(e2)~~ *Habitual domestic violence offender.* Any municipal violation that includes an act of
5 domestic violence is a class 1 offense if the defendant, at the time of sentencing, has been
6 previously convicted of two (2) or more prior offenses that included an act of domestic violence
7 and that were separately brought and tried and arising out of separate criminal episodes.

8 ~~(1)-a.~~ The prior convictions must be set forth in a special allegation filed by the
9 prosecuting attorney. For the purposes of this section, "conviction" includes any federal, state, or
10 municipal conviction for a felony, misdemeanor, or municipal ordinance violation.

11 ~~(2)-b.~~ For trials in cases alleging that the defendant is a habitual domestic violence
12 offender pursuant to this subsection (2), the trier of fact shall determine whether an offense
13 charged includes an act of domestic violence.

14 ~~(3)-c.~~ Following a conviction for an offense which underlying factual basis includes
15 an act of domestic violence:

16 ~~a4.~~ If any prior conviction included a determination by a jury or was admitted
17 by the defendant that the offense included an act of domestic violence, the court shall proceed to
18 sentencing without further findings as to that prior conviction by the jury or by the court, if no jury
19 trial was had;

20 ~~b2.~~ For any prior conviction in which the factual basis was found by the court
21 to include an act of domestic violence, but did not include a finding of domestic violence by a jury
22 or that was not admitted by the defendant, the trial court shall proceed to a sentencing stage of
23 the proceedings. The prosecution shall present evidence to the trier of fact that the prior conviction
24 included an act of domestic violence. The prosecution has the burden of proof beyond a
25 reasonable doubt.

26 ~~c3.~~ At the sentencing stage, ~~referenced in paragraph 2 of this sub-subsection~~
27 ~~c.~~ the following applies:

28 ~~1.-i.~~ A finding of domestic violence made by a court at the time of the
29 prior conviction constitutes prima facie evidence that the crime involved domestic violence;

30 ~~2.-ii.~~ Evidence of the prior conviction is admissible through the use of
31 certified documents under seal, or the court may take judicial notice of a prior conviction;

32 ~~3.-iii.~~ Evidence admitted at the guilt stage of the trial, including
33 testimony of the defendant and other acts admitted at trial, may be considered by the finder of

1 fact.

2 (4)-d. Any person convicted as an habitual domestic violence offender under this
3 subsection (2) for a third or subsequent domestic violence offense shall, for each offense, be
4 sentenced in accordance with the provisions of section 1-14 of this Code.

5 (f) Additional responsibilities of the court. In any case filed with the court, the underlying
6 factual basis of which includes an act of domestic violence as defined in section 14-68(a), the
7 court shall:

8 (1) Search the Colorado Crime Information Center Database and the National Crime
9 Information Center database to determine if the defendant has a history of domestic violence.

10 (2) Report or cause to be reported the alleged violation to the Colorado Bureau of
11 Investigation created in C.R.S. section 24-33.5-401 and enter the information into the Colorado
12 Crime Information Center Database and the National Crime Information Center database.

13
14
15
16
17 COMMITTEE APPROVAL DATE:

18 MAYOR-COUNCIL DATE:

19 PASSED BY THE COUNCIL: _____, 2023

20 _____ - PRESIDENT

21 APPROVED: _____ - MAYOR _____, 2023

22 ATTEST: _____ - CLERK AND RECORDER,
23 EX-OFFICIO CLERK OF THE
24 CITY AND COUNTY OF DENVER

25 NOTICE PUBLISHED IN THE DAILY JOURNAL: _____, 2023; _____, 2023

26 PREPARED BY: Marley Bordovsky, Assistant City Attorney

27 DATE: _____, 2023

28 Pursuant to section 13-9, D.R.M.C., this proposed ordinance has been reviewed by the office of the
29 City Attorney. We find no irregularity as to form and have no legal objection to the proposed
30 ordinance. The proposed ordinance is not submitted to the City Council for approval pursuant to §
31 3.2.6 of the Charter.

32 Kerry Tipper, Denver City Attorney

33 BY: _____, Assistant City Attorney DATE: _____, 2023