1901 N Oneida St.

Request: E-SU-DX to E-SU-D1X

Date: 4/29/2024 Presenter: Bryan Botello, Senior City Planner



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Presentation Agenda

- Request
- Location and Context
- Process
- Review Criteria
- Next Steps





Request: from E-SU-DX to U-SU-D1X



Reminder: Approval of a rezoning is not approval of a proposed specific development project

- Property:
 - 11,400 sf
 - Single unit residence with detached garage
- Rezone from E-SU-DX to E-SU-D1X
- Applicant would like to rezone to convert existing garage to an ADU and build a new garage.



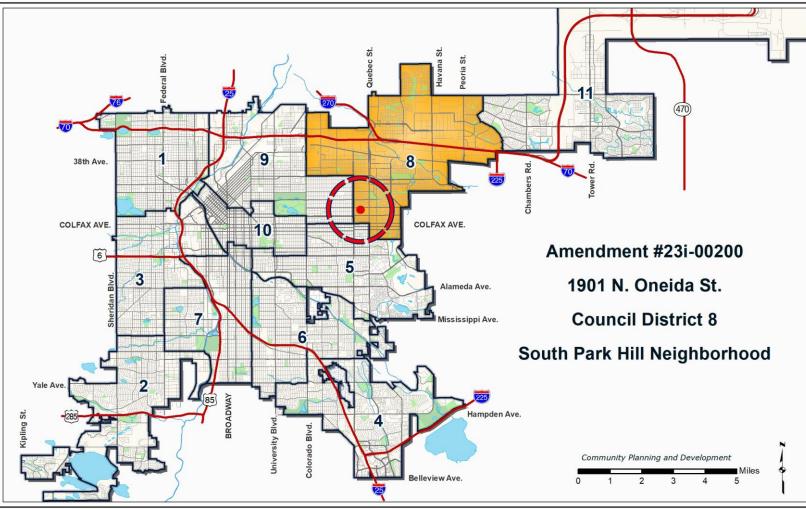
Agenda

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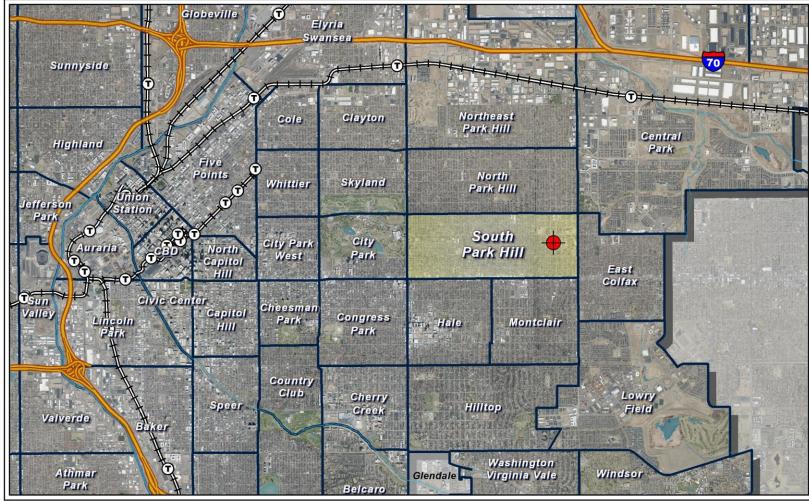


Council District 8 – Councilmember Shontel Lewis





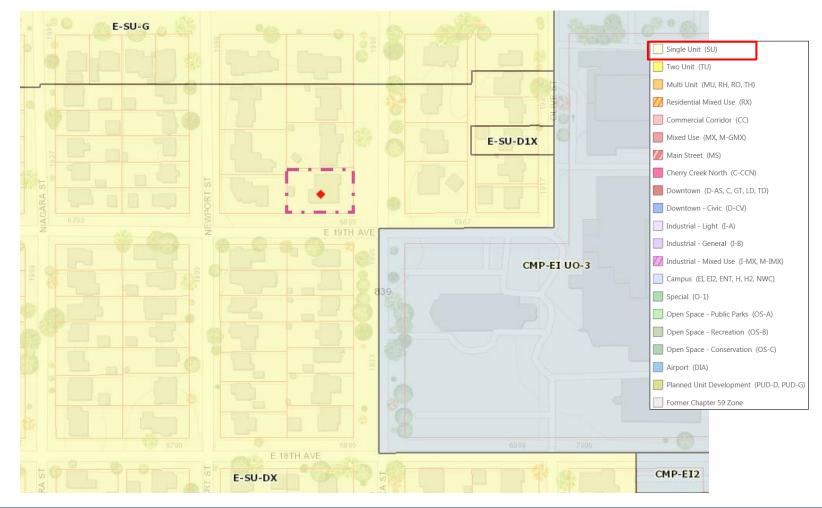
Statistical Neighborhood: South Park Hill





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Existing Zoning – E-SU-DX



E-SU-DX

Proximity to:

- CMP-EI, 2, UO-3, WVRS
- E-SU-D1X

E-SU-G



Existing Context – Land Use



Single Unit Residential

Adjacent to:

- Public/Quasi-Public
- Single-Unit Residential



Existing Zoning: E-SU-DX

Urban Edge (E-) Neighborhood Context Zone Districts		Max Number of Detached Accessory Structures per Zone Lot	Building Forms			
			Detached Accessory Dwelling Unit	Detached Garage	Other Detached Accessory Structures	Detached Accessory Structures
Single Unit (SU)	E-SU-A, -B, -D, -G	no max*				
	E-SU-A1, -B1, -D1, -G1	no max*				
	E-SU-Dx	no max*				
	E-SU-D1x	no max*				
Two Unit (TU)	E-TU-B, -C	no max*	•			
Row House (RH)	E-RH-2.5	no max*				
Multi Unit (MU)	E-MU-2.5	no max*				
Residential Mixed Use (RX)	E-RX-3, -5	no max*				
Commercial Corridor (CC)	E-CC-3, -3x	no max				
Mixed Use (MX)	E-MX-2x	no max				
	E-MX-2, -2A, 3, 3A	no max				
Main Street (MS)	E-MS-2x	no max				
	E-MS-2, -3, -5	no max				

 \blacksquare = Allowed \blacksquare = Allowed subject to limitations *One per dwelling unit for structures with vehicle access doors, See Section 1.2.3.5

E-SU-DX is a single unit district allowing suburban and urban houses with a minimum zone lot area of 6,000 sf

E-SU-D1X Single unit district allowing suburban houses and urban houses with a minimum zone lot area of 6,000 sf and accessory dwelling units. Setbacks and lot coverage standards accommodate front and side yards similar to E-SU-DX and allow detached accessory dwelling unit in the rear yard



Presentation Agenda

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Process

- Informational Notice: 12/8/2023
- Planning Board Notice: 2/6/2024
- Planning Board Public Hearing: 2/21/2024
- LUTI Committee: 3/19/2024
- City Council Public Hearing: 4/29/2024



Public Comments

No public comment.



Presentation Agenda

- Request
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Denver Zoning Code Map Amendment Review Criteria

- 1. Consistency with Adopted Plans
- 2. Uniformity of District Regulations
- 3. Further Public Health, Safety and Welfare
- 4. Justifying Circumstances
- 5. Consistency with Neighborhood Context, Zone District Purpose and Intent

See DZC 12.4.10.7, 12.4.10.8



Review Criteria

1.Consistency with Adopted Plans

- Blueprint Denver
- East Area Plan
- 2. Uniformity of District Regulations
- 3. Further Public Health, Safety and Welfare
- 4. Justifying Circumstances
- 5. Consistency with Neighborhood Context, Zone District Purpose and Intent



Blueprint Denver



Future Neighborhood Context: Urban Edge

 Small multi-unit residential and commercial areas are typically embedded in 1-unit and 2-unit residential areas.
Block patterns are generally regular with a mix of alley access. Buildings are lower scale and generally set back farther from the street.



Blueprint Denver



Low Residential

Predominately single- and two-unit uses on smaller lots. Accessory dwelling units and duplexes are appropriate and can be thoughtfully integrated where compatible (p. 230)



Consistency with Adopted Plans

<u>Blueprint Denver</u>: Land Use & Built Form, Housing Policy 4: Diversify housing choice through the expansion of accessory dwelling units throughout all residential areas.

Strategy E: A citywide approach to enable ADUs is preferred. Until a holistic approach is in place, individual rezoning to enable ADUs in all residential areas, especially where proximate to transit, are appropriate. Unless there is a neighborhood plan supporting ADUs, rezonings should be small in area in order to minimize impact to the surrounding residential area.

East Area Plan: Low Residential – these areas are predominantly single- and two-unit uses. Accessory dwelling units are appropriate and should be thoughtfully integrated throughout.

East Area Plan, L6 – Ensure East Area neighborhoods are inclusive places by thoughtfully integrating compatiblydesigned missing middle housing and accessory dwelling units inappropriate locations.



Zoning Code Review Criteria

- 1. Consistency with Adopted Plans
 - Comprehensive Plan 2040
 - Blueprint Denver: A Land Use and Transportation Plan (2019)
 - Small Area Plans
 - Others, as applicable: e.g., General Development Plan
- 2. Uniformity of District Regulations
- 3. Further Public Health, Safety and Welfare
- 4. Justifying Circumstances
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Zoning Code Review Criteria

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Consistency with Neighborhood Context, Purpose and Intent Statement

DIVISION 4.1 NEIGHBORHOOD CONTEXT DESCRIPTION





SECTION 4.1.1 GENERAL CHARACTER

The Urban Edge Neighborhood Context is characterized by a mix of elements from both the Urban and Suburbar Neighborhood Contexts. The Urban Edge Neighborhood Context is primarily single-unit and two-unit residential uses. Small-scale multi-unit residential uses and commercial areas are typically embedded in residential areas. Single-unit residential structures are typically the Urban House and Suburban House building forms. Multi-unit building forms are typically the Row House, Garden Court, Town House or Anartment building forms embedded with other residential uses. Commercial buildings are typically the Shopfront and General building forms that typically contain a single type of use. Single and two-unit residential uses are primarily located along local and residential arterial streets. Multi-unit residential and commercial uses are located along local streets, arterials and main streets

SECTION 4.1.2 STREET, BLOCK AND ACCESS PATTERNS

The Urban Edge Neighborhood Context consists of a regular pattern of block shapes surrounded by orthogonal streets within a grid or modified grid. Orthogonal streets provide connection and a mixed presence of alleys. Block sizes and shapes are consistent and include attached, detached and non-existent sidewalks, treelawns where provided for by detached sidewalks, street and surface parking, and landscaping in the front setback.

SECTION 4.1.3 BUILDING PLACEMENT AND LOCATION

Single-, two-unit and multi-unit residential buildings typically have consistent moderate to deep front setbacks. Building orientation along a block face may be inconsistent or consistent. Commercial buildings typically have consistent orientation and front setbacks deep enough to allow for a mix of landscaping and some parking.

SECTION 4.1.4 BUILDING HEIGHT

The Urban Edge Neighborhood Context is characterized by low scale buildings except for some mid- rise commercial and mixed use structures, particularly at nodes or along arterial streets.

SECTION 4.1.5 MOBILITY

There is reliance on the automobile with some pedestrian and bicycle activity and low to medium level of access to the multi-modal transportation system.

SECTION 4.2.2 RESIDENTIAL DISTRICTS (E-SU-A, -A1, -B, -B1, -D, -DX, -D1, -D1x, -G, -G1, E-TU-B, -C, E-RH-2.5, E-MU-2.5)

4.2.2.1 General Purpose

- A. The intent of the Residential districts is to promote and protect residential neighborhoods within the character of the Urban Edge Neighborhood Context. These regulations allow for some multi-unit districts, but not to such an extent as to detract from the overall image and character of the residential neighborhood.
- B. The building form standards, design standards, and uses work together to promote desirable residential areas. The standards of the single unit districts accommodate the varied pattern of suburban and urban house forms. While lot sizes vary, lot coverage is typically low creating generous setbacks and yard space. The standards of the two unit and row house districts promote existing and future patterns of lower scale multi unit building forms that typically address the street in the same manner as an urban house building form.
- These standards recognize common residential characteristics within the Urban Edge Neigh-C. borhood Context but accommodate variation by providing eight Residential Zone Districts.
- D. The regulations provide a consistent framework to property owners, developers, and neighborhood residents to reinforce desired development patterns, encourage affordable housing, and accommodate reinvestment in residential districts.

H. Single Unit D1x (E-SU-D1x)

E-SU-D1x is a single unit district allowing suburban houses and urban houses with a minimum zone lot area of 6,000 square feet and accessory dwelling units. Setbacks and lot coverage standards accommodate front and side yards similar to E-SU-Dx and allow a detached accessory dwelling unit in the rear yard.



CPD Recommendation

- <u>CPD recommends approval, based on finding all</u> <u>review criteria have been met</u>
- 1. Consistency with Adopted Plans
- 2. Uniformity of District Regulations
- 3. Further Public Health, Safety and Welfare
- 4. Justifying Circumstances
- 5. Consistency with Neighborhood Context, Zone District Purpose and Intent

