1	BY AUTHORITY
2	ORDINANCE NO. COUNCIL BILL NO. 16-1123
3	SERIES OF 2016 COMMITTEE OF REFERENCE:
4	Finance and Governance
5	<u>A BILL</u>
6	For an ordinance amending the 1963 Retirement Plan with regard to
7	definitions, retirement board, contributions; payroll deductions,
8	retirement categories, retirement benefits, joint and survivor benefits,
9	death benefits, anti-alienation provision, and obligation of city.

WHEREAS, under Section 18-405(g) of the Code, the Retirement Board is responsible for making recommendations to the City for amendments to the Denver Employees Retirement Plan (the "Plan") when in the judgment of the Board such changes are necessary; provided that such recommendations are accompanied by a report of the Plan's actuary setting forth the effect of such amendments; and,

WHEREAS, the Board believes it is prudent to adjust the interest rate applied to the refund of contributions from a fixed rate to an annually variable rate; and,

WHEREAS, in order to avoid a situation where an active or deferred member's benefit (or employee contributions as the case may be), upon the active or deferred member's death, reverts to the Plan, the Board believes the Ordinance should be amended to allow an active or deferred member to name a contingent beneficiary in the same manner as a primary beneficiary is designated; to authorize the Plan to pay benefits to a deferred member's beneficiary or contingent beneficiary should the deferred member die prior to retirement and without having a spouse, a child or children under the age of 21, or a spousal equivalent; and, to authorize the Plan, if a beneficiary or contingent beneficiary designation fails, to refund any employee contributions to the member's estate; and,

WHEREAS, while in the process of administering the Plan, it has been determined that the clarification of various procedures or legal requirements applicable to the Plan, as well as the removal of obsolete language, has become necessary to assist the Plan in

explaining the benefits available to members and their beneficiary, as well as to ensure uniformity in the application of terms within the Ordinance.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ENACTED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF DENVER:

Section 1. That Section 18-402(1) (sometimes known and cited as Section 402, Subsection (1), Chapter 18) of the Revised Municipal Code, relating to definitions be amended by deleting the language stricken and adding the language underlined as follows:

Sec. 18-402. Definitions.

Terms used in this article or in the plan not defined generally in the Code shall have those meanings set forth specifically in definitions found in various sections of this division or in the administrative rules and regulations duly adopted by the board. As used in this division, the following words and phrases (and their declensional, inflected and conjugated forms) shall have the meanings in this section ascribed to them, unless it appears from the context that such word or term shall have been used in another sense:

(1) Accumulated contributions shall mean, for employees employed prior to January 1, 1979, or employees not yet vested in the plan, the sum of a regular member's employee contributions to the plan, together with interest at the a rate set annually by the Retirement Board, with a minimum rate of one (1) percent, not to exceed of three (3) percent, per annum, compounded annually as of June thirtieth 30th of each year.

Section 2. That Section 18-405(c)(4) (sometimes known and cited as Section 405, Subsection (c)(4), Chapter 18) of the Revised Municipal Code, relating to the retirement board be amended by deleting the language stricken and adding the language underlined as follows:

Sec. 18-405. Retirement board.

(c) Meetings and notices.

(4) All meetings of the retirement board shall be public and shall be held in the offices of the retirement plan unless another location within the city is selected by the board by giving notice thereof in advance. All notices shall be published and provided in accordance with the open meetings laws and shall be sent to each city department posted on the Plan's internet website at least one (1) week before each meeting indicating the time and place of the meeting. Three

(3) members of the retirement board shall constitute a quorum at any meeting, and each member shall be entitled to one (1) vote. Annually the retirement board shall elect one (1) of its members to preside over the board and its meetings as chairperson, and to perform such related duties as may be required by the retirement board. The retirement board shall also elect another member as vice-chair to perform those duties in the absence of the member routinely presiding.

Section 3. That Section 18-407(f)(2) (sometimes known and cited as Section 407, Subsection (f)(2), Chapter 18) of the Revised Municipal Code, relating to contributions; payroll deductions, be amended by deleting the language stricken and adding the language underlined as follows:

Sec. 18-407. Contributions; payroll deductions.

 (f) Employee contributions. Each active member shall contribute to the trust fund, by means of payroll deductions which shall be withheld by the manager of finance or contractual entity and transferred each payroll period directly to the trust, the following amounts:

(2) For the employee contributions required under paragraph (1) above and subject to the requirements of section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code the employer shall pick-up the designated employee contributions as an employer pick-up of the contributions. If an active member terminates employment prior to being vested, upon request of the member, the plan shall refund to the terminated employee in a lump sum the employee contribution plus interest at a rate set annually by the Retirement Board, with a minimum rate of one (1) percent, not to exceed three (3) percent, per annum, compounded annually as of June 30th of each year, simple interest attributable to the employee's contributions to the trust fund. Employee contributions attributable to an employee who is vested or eligible to receive a retirement benefit from the plan, shall not be considered "accumulated contributions" as that term is defined in this division, and shall not be refunded to the employee at any time but shall remain a part of the trust fund and used to fund, but not increase, retirement benefits.

Section 4. That Section 18-408(j)(4), (sometimes known and cited as Section 408, Subsection (j)(4), Chapter 18) of the Revised Municipal Code, relating to retirement categories be amended by adding the language underlined as follows: **Sec. 18-408. Retirement categories.**

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(4) A non-vested member, upon termination, shall have the option of either leaving the member's accumulated contributions, if any, in the trust fund for use if the member resumes service with the employer, or receiving a refund of the member's accumulated contributions. If such non-vested member leaves the accumulated contributions in the trust fund and returns to the service of a covered employer before the member applies for and receives a retirement benefit from the plan, or before the member reaches an age in which required minimum distributions must begin to be paid by the plan (which for a non-vested member is a complete refund of contributions), the credited service which the member had prior to termination shall, upon re-employment, be reinstated to the member and the member shall only be required to complete the remaining amount of credited service required to vest in the plan that is set forth in the Ordinance at the time of the member's re-employment. If such member leaves the accumulated contributions in the trust fund and does not return to the service of the employer before the member's normal retirement date, the accumulated contributions, as of the member's normal retirement date, shall then be paid to the member. If such a member should die before the accumulated contributions are paid, there shall be paid to the beneficiary designated by the member, if such beneficiary is living, otherwise to the member's contingent beneficiary, if such contingent beneficiary is living, otherwise to the member's estate, the amount of accumulated contributions, if any, as of the date of the member's death.

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Section 5. That Section 18-409(e)(3) (sometimes known and cited as Section 409, Subsection (e)(3), Chapter 18) of the Revised Municipal Code, relating to retirement benefits be amended by adding the language underlined as follows

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(e)

Sec. 18-409. Retirement benefits.

Deferred retirement.

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(3) Any non-vested member, upon termination from employment, who is not eligible for the benefits described in (e)(1) of this section, shall have the option of leaving the member's accumulated contributions, if any, in the trust fund for use if the member resumes service with the employer, or receiving a refund of the member's accumulated contributions. If such member leaves the accumulated contributions in the trust fund and does not return to the service of the employer before the normal retirement date, the accumulated contributions as of the member's normal retirement date shall then be paid to

the member. If such member should die before the accumulated contributions are paid, there shall be paid to the beneficiary designated by the member, if such beneficiary is living, otherwise to the member's contingent beneficiary, if such contingent beneficiary is living, otherwise to the member's estate, the amount of accumulated contributions, if any, as of the date of the member's death.

Section 6. That Section 18-410(a)(4), Section 18-410(a)(5), Section 18-410(a)(6)(c), and Section 18-410(a)(6)(d) (sometimes known and cited as Section 410, Subsections (a)(4), (a)(5), (a)(6)(c), and (a)(6)(d), Chapter 18) of the Revised Municipal Code, relating to joint and survivor benefits be amended by deleting the language stricken and adding the language underlined as follows:

Sec. 18-410. Joint and survivor benefits.

(a) Spousal consent, incidental benefit requirements and required distributions.

(4) Death of spouse or named beneficiary. If the designated beneficiary or spouse dies prior to the annuity starting date and no new beneficiary is duly designated in accordance with the terms of the plan, and the member does not marry or remarry prior to the annuity starting date, the retirement benefit shall be paid as if no joint and survivor benefit had been selected by the member-increased to the full single straight life annuity for the member's life with no further benefit to be paid upon the member's death. If the spouse or designated beneficiary dies after the actual retirement date of such member, a new beneficiary may not be designated and the benefit paid to the member shall, commencing on the payment date of the month immediately next following the month of the beneficiary's death, be increased to the full single straight life annuity for the remainder of the member's life with no further benefit to be paid upon the member's death.

(5) Disability survivor annuity. Unless the member and his spouse consent in writing to the maximum benefit provided for in subsections 18-409(c) or 18-409(d), the member and the member's spouse will receive such disability retirement benefit on an actuarially equivalent basis for the life of the member and the member's spouse and, following the member's death, a retirement benefit to the member's spouse, if living at the time of the member's death, in the same amount (a full joint and survivor annuity of one hundred (100) percent), or seventy-five (75) percent, or fifty (50) percent of this amount. If the spouse or designated beneficiary dies after the actual disability retirement date of such member, a new beneficiary may not be designated, and the benefit paid to the member shall, commencing on the payment date of the month

immediately next following the month of the death of the spouse or designated beneficiary, be the benefit as would have been paid under subsections 18-409(c) or 18-409(d) if no joint and survivor benefit had been selected as the full single straight life annuity for the member's life with no further benefit to be paid upon the member's death. No joint and survivor optional benefits shall be permitted under this subsection unless the total monthly payment amounts to more than forty dollars (\$40.00).

- (6) Minimum distribution requirements. Notwithstanding any other provision of the plan, the entire interest of a member under the plan, including incidental death benefits and any other non-retirement benefits provided under the plan, shall be paid in accordance with the minimum distribution requirements of section 401(a)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code, including those provisions pertaining to non-spousal beneficiaries, to the extent such requirements are applicable to governmental plans. Pursuant to such requirements, the interest of each member in the plan must be distributed beginning not later than the member's required beginning date, if such date is earlier than the date on which benefits otherwise would begin under the terms of this plan. The required beginning date of a member is the April 1 of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the member attains age seventy and one-half (70 ½) or retires, whichever is later.
 - (c) Designation of beneficiary. Notwithstanding other provisions of the Code, and except as otherwise provided in Section 18-411 of the Code, a member can designate any person to receive, upon the member's death, the benefits set forth herein. A member may designate only one person as a beneficiary. An active or deferred member may designate a contingent beneficiary who shall become the primary designated beneficiary if the primary designated beneficiary predeceases the active or deferred member, and the active or deferred member does not submit a new beneficiary designation form to the plan prior to the active or deferred member's death. If a member designates more than one person as either a beneficiary or a contingent beneficiary. the beneficiary designation shall fail and shall be treated as if the member has no beneficiary on file with the plan. If a member is married, the spouse must be designated as the beneficiary, unless the spouse waives, in writing, his/her right to these benefits. A member must name an individual and may not designate a fictional or artificial person as a beneficiary. Section 18-418 of the Code prohibits a member from transferring or assigning benefits, thus the member cannot designate a trust as his/her beneficiary. Retired members may not designate a contingent beneficiary.
 - (d) Changes in designated beneficiary. A member may change a designated

beneficiary or, in the case of an active or deferred member, a contingent beneficiary only prior to the actual retirement date in which case a new beneficiary may be designated; provided, that such new designation must be made in the same manner as provided above for the filing of the written election. Once benefit payments commence, neither the retirement benefit nor the beneficiary may be changed. If the designated beneficiary, contingent beneficiary, or spouse dies prior to the actual retirement date of such member and no new beneficiary or contingent beneficiary is duly designated, the retirement benefit shall be paid under subsections 18-409(a), 18-409(b), 18-409(c) or 18-409(d) of this article, as if no joint and survivor benefit had been selected by the member a single straight life annuity for the member's life with no further benefit to be paid upon the member's death. If the designated beneficiary or spouse dies after the actual retirement date of such member, a new beneficiary may not be designated and the benefit paid to the member shall, commencing on the payment date of the month immediately next following the month of the beneficiary's death, be the full benefit as would have been paid had the maximum retirement benefit available under subsections 18-409(a). 18-409(b), 18-409(c) or 18-409(d) been in effect and no joint and survivor benefit been selected.

Section 7. That Section 18-411(a) through Section 18-411(h) (sometimes known and cited as Section 411, Subsections (a) through (h), Chapter 18) of the Revised Municipal Code, relating to death benefits be amended by deleting the language stricken and adding the language underlined as follows:

Sec. 18-411. Death benefits.

 (a) Death prior to eligibility. If an active member of the plan, who was employed prior to January 1, 1979, dies prior to being eligible for benefits under subsections (c) or (d) of this section, there shall be paid to the beneficiary designated by the member if the beneficiary is living, otherwise to the member's estate, the amount of the accumulated contributions, if any, as of the date of death, provided, however, that if a benefit is elected by the spouse under subsections (c) or (d) of this section, no payment shall be made under this subsection. The surviving spouse, if designated as beneficiary, may elect to receive in lieu hereof the benefits provided in subsection (c) or (d) of this section. Election and receipt of the benefit provided in subsection (a) of this section shall be final and conclusive, and the surviving spouse shall have no right to later claim the benefit provided herein.

(ba) Termination of benefits prior to receiving all contributions on deposit. For

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- members employed prior to January 1, 1979, if, upon the termination of retirement benefit payments, a retired member and the retired member's beneficiary have not received in the form of retirement benefits an amount equal to the member's accumulated contributions, if any, which the member had on deposit at the date of retirement, the beneficiary, the member's estate, or the beneficiary's estate shall be paid such difference.
- Death of an active member incurred in the performance of service duty. (eb) Upon death incurred as a result of the performance of service duty, the active member's surviving spouse, if any, shall be entitled to receive the retirement benefit to which the member would have been entitled based on the higher of fifteen (15) years' credited service or actual credited service plus five (5) years but in either case not to exceed the credited service the member would have earned to age sixty-five (65). The active member shall be deemed to have retired on the first day of the month following the month in which death occurs. If it is determined that, notwithstanding the above-listed calculation where additional service is credited to the member, the surviving spouse would have received a larger benefit under the 100% joint and survivor annuity option (with no additional service being credited to the member), then the surviving spouse shall receive the larger 100% joint and survivor benefit. The retirement benefits to the surviving spouse shall terminate upon the surviving spouse's death. The surviving spouse, if designated as beneficiary, may elect to receive in lieu hereof the benefits provided in subsection (a) of this section. Election and receipt of the benefit provided in subsection (a) shall be final and conclusive, and the surviving spouse shall have no right to later claim the benefit provided herein.
- Death of an active member not incurred in the performance of service duty. (dc) Upon death not resulting from service duty, the active member's surviving spouse, if any, shall be entitled to receive seventy-five (75) percent of the benefit calculated in accordance with subsection (eb) of this section. The active member shall be deemed to have retired on the first day of the month following the month in which death occurs. The retirement benefit payments to the surviving spouse shall cease upon the surviving spouse's death. The surviving spouse, if designated as beneficiary, may elect to receive in lieu hereof the benefit provided in subsection (a) of this section. Election and receipt of the benefit provided in subsection (a) shall be final and conclusive, and the surviving spouse shall have no right to later claim the benefit provided herein. If it is determined that, notwithstanding the above-listed calculation where additional service is credited to the member, the surviving spouse would have received a larger benefit under the 100% joint and survivor annuity option (with no additional service being credited to the member), then the surviving spouse shall receive the larger 100% joint and survivor benefit.

A member who dies while performing qualified military service [defined in IRC Section 401(u)] shall be considered to have resumed employment on the day preceding the death, and then terminated employment due to the death on the actual date of death, and therefore said member's surviving spouse, if any, or other qualified beneficiary as set forth in this Section 411, shall be entitled to a death benefit calculated in accordance with this subsection (4c).

- (ed) Single lump-sum payment. Upon the death of a retired member, a single lump-sum payment shall be paid, if the member retired within one (1) month after the date of the member's termination of employment, to the beneficiary designated by the member if the beneficiary is living, otherwise to the member's estate. The benefit payment shall be made in accordance with the following schedule:
 - (1) For members employed before July 1, 2011, for normal retirement except where the member has fewer than five (5) years of credited service: \$5,000.00. No death benefit shall be paid to a member that is age sixty-five (65) or older who retires having less than five (5) years of credited service. For members first employed on or after July 1, 2011, no death benefit shall be paid to a member that has not vested in the plan. Members first employed on or after July 1, 2011, who vest with the plan and who are awarded a normal retirement, shall receive a death benefit of \$5,000.00. If a member is re-employed pursuant to section 18-408(j) the member shall not be entitled to a subsequent single lump-sum death benefit payment for the re-employment period. The single lump-sum death benefit payment sum calculated at the time of the original retirement shall be the death benefit to which the re-employed member is entitled.

(2)
a. For members employed before July 1, 2011, for early retirement at age:

64 \$4,750.00	59 \$3,500.00
63 4,500.00	58 3,250.00
62 4,250.00	57 3,000.00
61 4,000.00	56 2,750.00
60 3,750.00	55 2,500.00

b. For members first employed on or after July 1, 2011 for early retirement at age:

64	\$4,500.00
63	4,000.00
62	3,500.00
61	3,000.00

(3) For temporary early retirement pending approval of disability application, limited to three (3) years after the effective date of the temporary early retirement: the amount which is calculated for an early retirement pursuant to section 18-411(ed)(2)(a) or section 18-411(ed)(2)(b).

- (4) For disability retirement at or after age sixty-five (65): \$5000.00.
- (5) For disability retirement before age sixty-five (65) a sum equal to one and one-half (1.5) times the member's annualized average monthly salary, limited to fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000.00). This amount shall be reduced to five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00) upon the date the disabled member reaches age sixty-five (65). This benefit under this subsection (ed) is in addition to all other benefits listed within this article.

In lieu of the single lump-sum payment of this subsection (ed) that would be paid upon death, except for a member who is receiving a temporary early retirement, a retired member may elect to receive the appropriate death benefit limited to five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00) in the form of periodic payments. These payments shall be based on one-fiftieth (0.02) or oneone-hundredth (0.01) of the appropriate amount as elected by the member. In the event of the member's death before the amount has been paid out, the balance remaining shall thereupon be paid within sixty (60) days of death to the surviving spouse, if any, in lump sum, or, if there is no surviving spouse, to the member's designated beneficiary. If the member leaves neither a spouse nor a named beneficiary, the balance shall be paid to the decedent's estate. The payments may be started upon any regular retirement check payment date as selected by the member. The payments may be changed or stopped once each calendar year. These payments shall be added to the member's regular retirement benefit, and the dates for making payment of retirement benefits shall govern the payment of any combined benefit. The option to receive periodic payments of this benefit shall not be available to an applicant for disability retirement receiving an early retirement pending approval of his or her disability application.

(fe) Death with surviving children under twenty-one (21) and no surviving spouse. If a member of the plan dies without a surviving spouse, but has children under age twenty-one (21), then any benefit payable to a spouse or a surviving spouse under subsections (eb) or (dc) of this section shall be paid to the guardian or other legal representative for the children under age twenty-one (21) at the date of the member's death. Monthly benefit payments shall continue unabated, per stirpes, for those children under age twenty-one (21) until the end of the month in which the youngest child becomes age twenty-one (21), at which time all benefits shall cease.

 (gf) Death of a deferred member. If a deferred member, first employed before July 1, 2011, having such credited service as required in this article dies before applying for retirement benefits as provided for in section 409(e), there shall be paid to the surviving spouse, if living at the time the member reached or would have reached age fifty-five (55) (the earliest date the member would have been eligible to receive benefits under this division), a survivor annuity calculated in accordance with this section 18-411 for the life of the surviving spouse. If a deferred member, first employed on or after July 1, 2011, having such credited service as required in this article dies before applying for retirement benefits as provided for in section 409(e), there shall be paid to the surviving spouse, if living at the time the member reached or would have reached age sixty (60) (the earliest date the member would have been eligible to receive benefits under this division), a survivor annuity calculated in accordance with this section 18-411 for the life of the surviving spouse.

If a member under this section dies without a surviving spouse, but has children under the age of twenty-one (21) at the time of death, then any benefit which would have been payable to the member under this section shall be paid beginning the month following the member's death to the guardian or other legal representative for the children under age twenty-one (21) at the date of the member's death. For members first employed before July 1, 2011, the survivor's benefit for children under the age of twenty-one (21) shall be equal to the sum which the member would have received if the member had attained the age of fifty-five (55). For members first employed on or after July 1, 2011, the survivor's benefit for children under the age of twenty-one (21) shall be equal to the sum which the member would have received if the member had attained the age of sixty (60). Monthly benefits shall continue, unabated, per stirpes, for those children under age twenty-one (21) until the end of the month in which the youngest child becomes age twenty-one (21), at which time all benefits shall cease.

If a member under this section dies without a surviving spouse and without children under the age of twenty-one (21), but who during the course of covered employment had a committed partner as that term is defined in Section 28-200 (sometimes known and cited as Section 200, Chapter 28) of the Revised Municipal Code, or had a spousal equivalent as that term is defined in Section 18-171 (sometimes known and cited as Section 171, Chapter 18) of the Revised Municipal Code, and submits a copy of the certified certificate of committed partnership or the affidavit of spousal equivalency previously filed with the employee benefits section of the Career Service Authority to the Plan and named the committed partner or spousal equivalent as the member's named beneficiary, and had not terminated the committed partnership or

spousal equivalency and continued to be in the relationship with the committed partner or spousal equivalent at the time of the member's death, then there shall be paid to the committed partner or spousal equivalent, if, for members first employed before July 1, 2011, the individual is living at the time the member reached or would have reached age fifty-five (55), or if, for members first employed on or after July 1, 2011, the individual is living at the time the member would have reached age sixty (60) (the earliest date the member would have been eligible to receive benefits under this division), a survivor annuity calculated in accordance with this section 18-411 for the life of the committed partner. For members employed prior to January 1, 1979, if

If there is no surviving spouse, or children under the age of twenty-one (21), or a committed partner or spousal equivalent, there shall be paid to the beneficiary designated by the member, if the beneficiary is living at the time the member would have reached the earliest date to have been eligible to receive benefits under this division, otherwise to the member's contingent beneficiary, if such contingent beneficiary is living at the time the member would have reached the earliest date to have been eligible to receive benefits under this division, a survivor annuity calculated in accordance with this section 18-411 for the life of the beneficiary or contingent beneficiary. For members first employed before July 1, 2011, the earliest date to have been eligible to receive benefits under this division is age fifty-five (55), and for members first employed on or after July 1, 2011, the earliest date to have been eligible to receive benefits under this division is age sixty (60). estate, the amount of accumulated contributions paid by the member to the plan prior to January 1, 1979, if any, as of the applicable date of death.

If a deferred member under this section dies without a surviving spouse, without children under the age of twenty-one (21) and without a committed partner or spousal equivalent, there shall be no benefit paid from the Plan to anyone.

hg) Unmarried active members. Unmarried active members may designate a beneficiary, or contingent beneficiary who shall become the primary designated beneficiary if the primary designated beneficiary predeceases the active member and the active member does not designate a new primary beneficiary, who shall be eligible to receive an equivalent benefit available to surviving spouses, subject to the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code, under the terms of this section. However, such designation of a beneficiary or contingent beneficiary by an unmarried active member shall be void for all purposes should the member die with a surviving spouse. And, further, this subsection (hg) shall not apply to members who die without leaving a surviving spouse but who die leaving surviving children any one (1) of whom is under the age of twenty-one (21) at the date of the member's death, except that such beneficiary

may serve as the guardian or the legal representative for such children as provided in subsection (fe) of this section.

(h) <u>Death of an active or deferred member with no beneficiary or contingent beneficiary</u>. If there is no surviving spouse or children under the age of twenty-one (21), and the active or deferred member either failed to name a beneficiary or contingent beneficiary, or the named beneficiary and contingent beneficiary, if any, have predeceased the active or deferred member, and the active or deferred member failed to name a new beneficiary or contingent beneficiary, there shall be paid to the active or deferred member's estate, the amount of accumulated employee contributions paid by the active or deferred member to the plan, as of the applicable date of death.

Section 8. That Section 18-418(b)(4) (sometimes known and cited as Section 418, Subsection (b)(4), Chapter 18) of the Revised Municipal Code, relating to the anti-alienation provision be amended by deleting the language stricken and adding the language underlined as follows:

Sec. 18-418. Anti-alienation provision.

- (b) *Domestic relations orders (DRO)*. The plan shall permit the division of a member's retirement benefit through a DRO which meets all the requirements set forth in this subsection.
- (4) If the member dies prior to retirement the following terms shall govern regarding the DRO:
 - a. If the member dies before reaching the age of fifty-five (55) for members first employed before July 1, 2011, or before reaching the age of sixty (60) for members first employed on or after July 1, 2011, and the member has no current spouse, no children under age 21, and had not yet named a beneficiary or contingent beneficiary, there will be no retirement benefit payment made by the plan, thus, as there is no payable benefit to divide, no payment will be made to the former spouse, from the amount of accumulated employee contributions to be paid to the member's estate. only if the parties opted to have the former spouse paid a percentage of the retirement benefit earned during marriage. Payment shall be made in a lump sum to the former spouse based on the percentage earned during the period of marriage as set forth in the DRO. No payment shall be made to the former spouse from the amount of accumulated employee contributions to be paid to the member's estate if the DRO orders that an exact amount of monthly retirement benefits be paid to the former spouse, as there will be no monthly retirement benefit payment to divide in such a manner.

Section 9. That Section 18-419(a)(2)a. (sometimes known and cited as Section 419, Subsection (a)(2)a., Chapter 18) of the Revised Municipal Code, relating to the obligation of city be amended by deleting the language stricken and adding the language underlined as follows:

Sec. 18-419. Obligation of city.

- (a) General. Nothing in this article is intended to nor shall it be construed to create a debt for any year which is a charge against the city's revenues for any future year. All benefits payable under the plan shall be payable from and only from the trust fund established in section 18-403. The plan is a determination of policy by the city, strictly of local and municipal concern, to enhance and stabilize its employer-employee relationship and will remain the policy until changed by city ordinance or amendment of the city Charter. The city reserves the right to change the operation of or to discontinue further city involvement in the operation of the system at any time and from time to time, subject only to the following limitations:
 - (2) No reversion to employer. No alteration or amendment or complete or partial termination of the plan or any part thereof shall permit any part of the trust fund to revert to or be recoverable by the employer or be used or diverted to purposes other than for the exclusive benefit of eligible members or their beneficiaries under the plan. In the event of the discontinuance of city involvement in the plan, or the partial or complete termination of the plan, the proportionate interest of the members, and their beneficiaries, respectively, shall be determined by the plan's actuary and to the extent then funded shall become non-forfeitable. The assets of the trust shall be allocated to members, former members, retired members and their beneficiaries in the following order of preference:
 - a. The current balance of the member's accumulated contributions, if any, with interest thereon at the a rate set annually by the Retirement Board, with a minimum rate of one (1) percent, not to exceed of three (3) percent, per annum, compounded each June 30th, as of the date of the termination of the plan. If the member has already retired, the amount payable under this subsection shall be the balance of the member's accumulated contributions, if any, with interest thereon, as of the member's effective date of retirement, less the total amount already received in retirement benefit payments, if any.

1	MAYOR-COUNCIL DATE: November 22, 2016				
2 3	PASSED BY THE COUNCIL				
4			2016		
5					
6	APPROVED:		MAYOR	2016	
7 8 9 10 11	ATTEST:		CLERK AND RECO EX-OFFICIO CLERK CITY AND COUNTY DENVER	OF THE	
12 13	NOTICE PUBLISHED IN THE DAILY	JOURNAL	2016	2016	
14 15 16 17	PREPARED BY: Victoria A. Hale,		EMPLOYEES RETIREM	ENT PLAN,	
18 19 20 21 22	Pursuant to section 13-12, D.R.M.C., this proposed ordinance has been reviewed by the office of the City Attorney. We find no irregularity as to form, and have no legal objection to the proposed ordinance. The proposed ordinance is not submitted to the City Councifor approval pursuant to §3.2.6 of the Charter.				
23	Kristin M. Bronson, City Attorney				
24	BY:, Assista	nt City Attorn	ey DATE:		