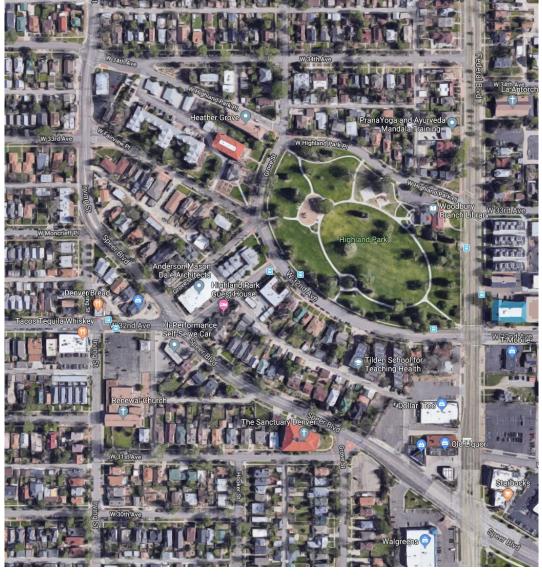
# Tilden School for Teaching Health Historic District

Public Hearing
December 16, 2019



# Tilden School for Teaching Health Historic District















### Who Can Apply for Designation?

#### Community-driven process

- Owner(s) of the property
- Manager of Community Planning and Development
- Member(s) of City Council
- Three people who are residents, property owners or have a place of business in Denver



# Landmark Designation Process

	Process	Date
1.	Applicant Research and Outreach	2018 - 2019
2.	Landmark Preservation-Hosted Community Meeting	9/5/2019
3.	Landmark Preservation Commission Public Hearing	11/5/2019
4.	Denver Planning Board	11/6/2019
5.	Land Use, Transportation and Infrastructure (LUTI) Committee of City Council	11/19/2019
6.	Mayor Council	12/3/2019
7.	City Council First Reading	12/9/2019
8.	City Council Public Hearing	12/16/2019
9.	Effective upon mayor's signature and publication	TBD





# Landmark Preservation Commission Review

Review per Chapter 30-3 and 30-4



## Landmark Designation Eligibility

#### Complete Application Required to\*:

- 1. Meet a designation criterion in at least 2 of the following categories
  - History
  - Architecture
  - Geography
- 2. Maintain historic and physical integrity
- 3. Relates to a historic context or theme (considered by LPC)











<sup>\*</sup>Per Landmark Preservation Ordinance (Chapter 30, DRMC), Designations submitted before October 31, 2019 use old criteria

# Landmark Designation Criteria

#### 1. History:

- a. Have direct association with the historical development of the city, state or nation;
- b. Be the site of a significant historic event; or
- c. Have direct & substantial association with a person or group of persons who had influence on society.

#### 2. Architecture:

- a. Embody distinguishing characteristics of an architectural style or type;
- b. Be the significant work of a recognized architect or master builder;
- c. Contain elements of architectural design...which represent a significant innovation
- d. Portray the environment of a group of people or physical development of an area in an era of history characterized by a distinctive architectural style.

#### 3. Geography:

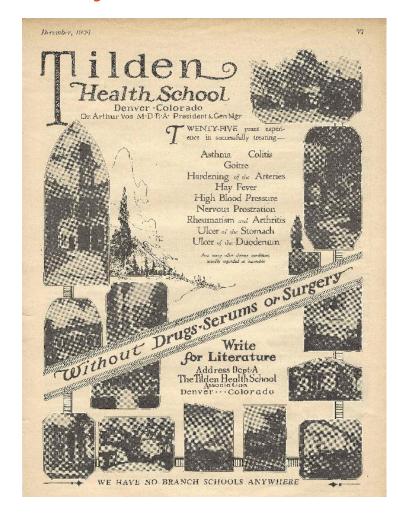
- a. Have a prominent location or be an established, familiar and orienting visual feature of the contemporary city;
- b. Promote understanding and appreciation of the urban environment by means of distinctive physical characteristics or rarity;
- c. Make a special contribution to Denver's distinctive character.



#### **History**

#### Have direct association with the historical development of the city, state or nation

- Associated with the development of sanitariums
  - Physicians advised that Colorado's climate was beneficial
    - Led to the development of treatment facilities throughout the city
    - Became a component of Denver economy
  - Tilden School for Teaching Health
    - Devolved by Dr. John Henry Tilden in 1915 and 1916
      - Started in Administration Building/Bosler House (1891)
      - Opened with Patients Building (1916)
      - Grew to Main Building (Fairview Lofts) built in two phases
        - » 1919 and 1921-22
    - Non-traditional methods
      - "He teaches his patients how to cure themselves. He protests that doctors can't cure disease; that disease is caused by wrong life and the doctor's prerogative is to teach the patient how to get well, and the patient must cure himself."

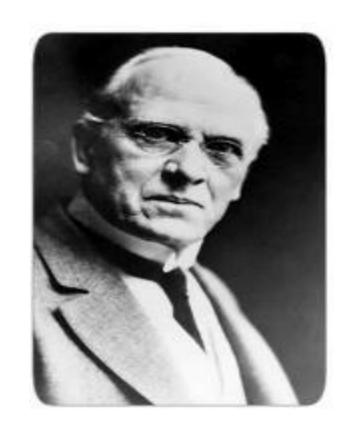




#### **History**

# Have direct & substantial association with a person or group of persons who had influence on society

- Direct association with the Dr. John Henry Tilden
  - Developed and extensively wrote about his treatment theories
  - Non-traditional theories and methods became well-known for those seeking alternative medical options
    - "He has fought a successful fight for his ideas are being adopted by lay and professional people all over the world, which certainly proves the truth of his theories"
    - His "theory with reference to proper treatment of disease... has become famous."
- Affiliated with the facility from 1915 to 1924



#### **Architecture**

#### Embody distinguishing characteristics of an architectural style or type

#### Italianate

- Asymmetrical with gabled and hipped projections
- Third-story tower (reconstructed)
- Narrow double-hung windows
- Segmental arches and stone sills
- Front and side porches





#### Colonial Revival

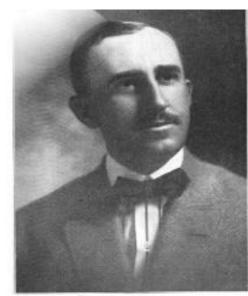
- Symmetrical building features
- Dominate two-story central portico
- Hipped tile roof
- Brick quoins
- Door surrounds and pilasters
- Multi-light double-hung windows



#### Architecture

#### Be the significant work of a recognized architect or master builder

- Work of prominent Denver architect Harry W. J. Edbrooke
  - Nephew of well-known architect Frank Edbrooke
  - Worked at Edbrooke and Company from 1908 1913
  - Started own practice
- Patients Building and Main Building
  - Early in life of new firm
  - Strong collection of his work
  - Historian Wilbur Fiske Stone
    - Patients Building one Harry Edbrooke's most notable designs





#### Architecture

Portray the environment of a group of people or physical development of an area in an era of history characterized by a distinctive architectural style

- District is significant for portraying the environment of the patients the school served
  - Intact campus for patients of an early twentieth century sanitarium
  - Patients stayed extended periods at the school
  - Buildings were designed to invoke a feeling found in the apartment buildings and homes of the era
- Represent early twentieth century medical theories
  - Raised porches, bright sunrooms, and large number of windows were utilized in treatment
  - Reflected the importance of ventilation and light in medical theories of the time
    - Provide access to the fresh air and sunshine
    - Considered vital components of a healthy lifestyle and keys to recovery from disease



#### Geography

# Have a prominent location or be an established, familiar and orienting visual feature of the contemporary city

- Established visual feature of city
  - Campus grouping of large institutional buildings situated in a residential area of comparatively small houses
  - Visually dominated this block of West Fairview Place since its completion in the early 1920s
  - Setting provides a broad view of the campus from Highland Park on the east, inherently creating an established, familiar, and orienting visual feature

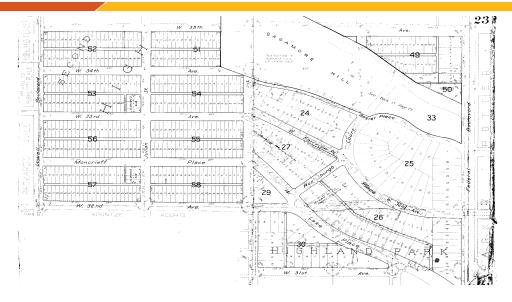




#### Geography

Promote understanding and appreciation of the urban environment by means of distinctive physical characteristics or rarity

- Significant for its distinctive characteristics and rarity
- Highland Park subdivision platted in 1875
  - Developed street layout to follow the natural contours of the land allowing
  - Organic design was based on Riverside, north of Chicago
  - Highland Park features a unique curvilinear layout
    - Diverges from the typical development pattern of Denver
- Group of buildings provide is a rare remaining example of sanitarium health campuses of larger scale in Denver



Above: 1887 Survey (updated in 1966) Below: 1905 Basit's Real Estate Map





### Historic or Physical Integrity

#### Historic District Maintains good of integrity

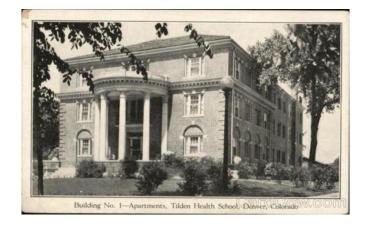
- Main Building (Fairview Lofts)
  - Alterations during conversion to condos in 1990s
    - Replacement of the asbestos cement roof tiles
    - Addition of dormers on the third floor
    - Original windows replaced
    - Stair, elevator, balconies, and garden level windows added
    - Windows and doors reconfigured in sunrooms
  - Historic 'E' form massing, proportion and the bulk of the original hip roof with wide eaves, and the south and east lawn remain



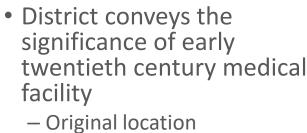




### Historic or Physical Integrity



- Overall, historic district retains good integrity
- Minimal alterations to Patients Building and Administration/Bosler House



- Feeling, setting, and association
- Design, materials, and workmanship



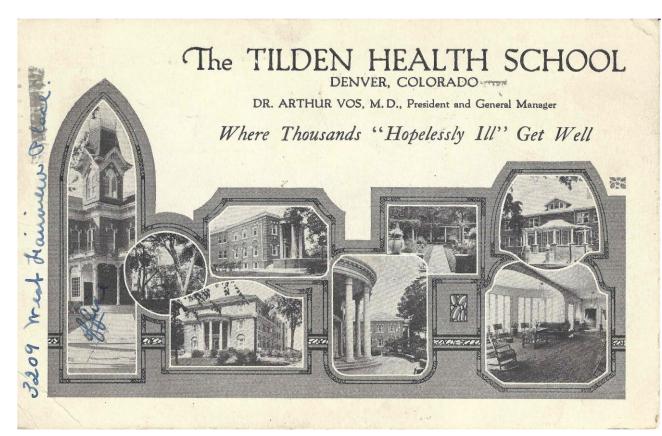






#### LPC Considered the Historic Context and Theme

- Operation of medical sanitariums had become a major component of the Denver economy
  - Provided care for thousands of patients from across the country
  - Doctors believed that state's climate and altitude were beneficial to those suffering from illness
  - Dr. Tilden had significant differences with the mainstream medical world
  - Shared in common the belief in the beneficial effect on the fresh air and sunny climate of Denver
- District reflects era of the city's history
  - Popularity of private medical institutions





# Planning Board Review

Review per Chapter 30-4(6)



# Planning Board Purview

- Per Chapter 30-4.6, DRMC:
  - Ordinance provides opportunity for Planning Board to make a recommendation to City Council regarding designation of districts
  - Specifically directs Planning Board to consider a proposed designation with respect to:
    - 1. Its relationship to the Denver Comprehensive Plan
    - 2. The effect of the designation upon the surrounding neighborhood
    - 3. Such other planning considerations as may be relevant to the proposed designation or amendments



# Relationship to Comprehensive Plan 2040

#### **Vision Element: Strong and Authentic Neighborhoods**

*Goal 1: Create a city of complete neighborhoods* 

Strategy D: Encourage quality infill development that is consistent with the surrounding neighborhood and offers opportunities of increased amenities

Goal 2: Enhance Denver's neighborhoods through high-quality urban design

Strategy B: Establish a scalable, predictable and adaptable approach to improve design quality across the city

Goal 3: Preserve the authenticity of Denver's neighborhoods and celebrate our history, architecture and culture

Strategy B: continue the city's commitment to existing historic districts and landmarks and increase public awareness of benefits of historic preservation through education and outreach

Strategy E: Support the stewardship and reuse of existing buildings, including city properties

#### Vision Element: Environmentally Resilient

Goal 1: Mitigate climate impact by significantly reducing greenhouse gas emissions



# Blueprint Denver Context

- Neighborhood context is Urban and future place type is Low Residential
  - Urban:
    - Primarily characterized by single-unit and twounit residential uses
  - Low Residential:
    - Predominantly one-and two-unit
    - In some contexts, some higher-intensity residential uses may be mixed throughout

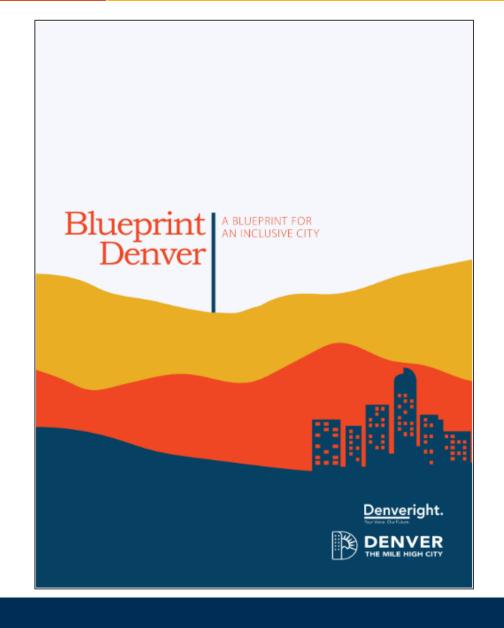


Future Places Map



# Relationship to Blueprint

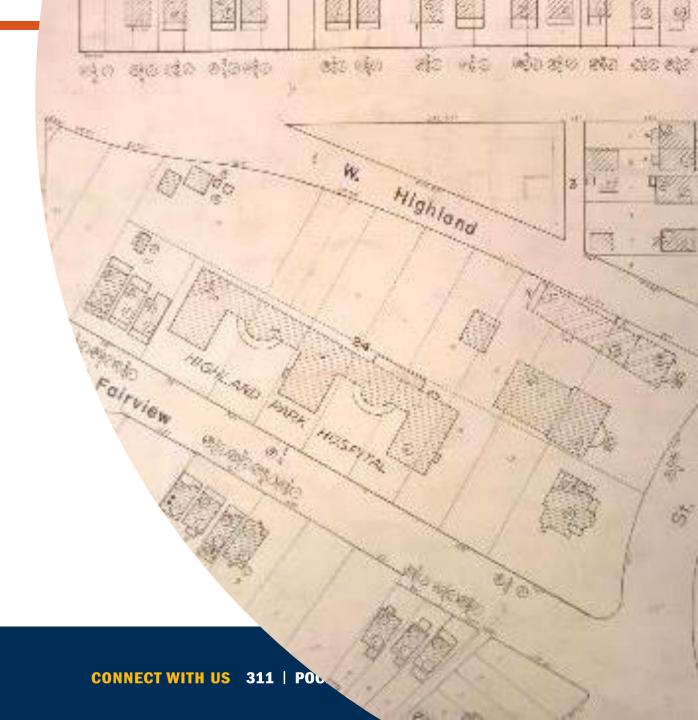
- Meets Future Places Low Residential
  - Designation would help ensure that future growth would be residential in character
- Meets Strategy 2A under Land Use & Built Form
  - Recommends using historic designation to ensure residential neighborhoods retain their unique historic character
- Designation of the historic district is also consistent with Blueprint's vision to improve quality of design that preserves and creates authentic places





# Effect on Surrounding Neighborhood

- Tilden School for Teaching Health
   Historic District designation would
   help preserve the character defining
   features of the district
- Little impact on the surrounding neighborhood
- Intent of the designation is to recognize this unique district, the buildings that define it, and their contribution to the historic fabric of the city





#### Public Comment - 25

- 22 Written comments in Support
  - Four from neighborhood groups or organizations
  - 18 from individuals
- LPC Public Hearing
  - Three members of public spoke in support of designation application

## Landmark Preservation Commission Public Hearing

✓ Unanimous recommendation of approval and forwarded application to City Council

## **Denver Planning Board Review**

✓ Unanimous recommendation of approval and forwarded application to City Council

