

Update to Denver's Animal Ordinance

Safety, Housing, Education & Homelessness Presentation

January 22, 2020

Proposed breed-specific legislation updates

To own a pit bull, the owner must register with Denver Animal Protection (DAP) and get their dog a "breed-restricted license." A license application requires:

- Name and address where the dog will primarily reside
- Two emergency contacts
- Accurate description of the pit bull
- Annual fee
- Proof the animal was microchipped and received current rabies vaccination

Proposed breed-specific legislation updates

Other conditions of ownership

- Maximum of two per household
- Must notify DAP within eight hours if the dog escapes or bites
- Must notify DAP within 24 hours if the dog dies or the owner moves

If a dog is on the DAP registry and there are no violations of Chapter 8 in 36 consecutive months, DAP may remove the requirement for a breed-restricted license. The owner would then license their dog under the same requirements as any other dog.

Other highlights and proposed changes

- DAP is the only agency that can provide a pit bull breed assessment valid in Denver
- DAP may hold, transport and adopt any pit bull. Pit bulls adopted from DAP receive the restricted breed license upon adoption
- Any humane society licensed and registered by the City may hold, transport and adopt any pit bull. A new owner must obtain a restricted breed license from DAP
- DAP is permitted to inspect the owner's premises for safety and health reasons
- After a five-year period, DAP will review the data and report findings and recommendations to City Council

Frequently asked questions

What is the current law in Denver?

Pit bulls are currently illegal in the City and County of Denver.

What if an owner doesn't apply for a breed-restricted license?

The owner would potentially be subject to administrative and/or criminal penalties depending on the severity of the violation.

What if a dog bites another animal or a person?

The potentially dangerous animal ordinance would apply, as with any other dog that bites.

What if there's a violation during the 36-month breed-restricted license period?

The owner would potentially be subject to administrative and/or criminal penalties depending on the severity of the violation, including but not limited to impacts to the breed-restricted license.