1		<u>BY AUTHORITY</u>
2	ORDINANCE NO	COUNCIL BILL NO. CB20
3	SERIES OF 2020	COMMITTEE OF REFERENCE:
4		Business, Arts, Workforce & Aviation Services
5		<u>A BILL</u>
6	For an ordinance amending Articles III, V and VII of Chapter 28 of the Denver Revised Municipal Code by repealing and reenacting a new Division 3 of Article III	
8		omen Business Enterprise contracting ordinance in

furtherance of nondiscrimination in City Contracts for Construction, 9 Reconstruction, and Remodeling, and Professional Design and Construction 10 Services; repealing and reenacting a new Article V establishing a Minority and 11 12 Business Enterprise contracting ordinance in furtherance Women of 13 nondiscrimination in City Contracts and Purchase Orders for Goods and Services 14 and Opportunities for Minority and Woman-Owned Businesses and Small Business 15 Enterprises in Procurements for Goods and Services; and repealing and reenacting 16 a new Article VII pertaining to the development and utilization of Small Business 17 Enterprises in City contracting and concessions.

WHEREAS, The City has undertaken formal and informal programs and initiatives to address, remedy and eliminate demonstrated discrimination against minorities and women in construction, reconstruction, remodeling, design and professional construction services; and in the purchase of non-construction goods and services in the City market area in which the City was both an active and passive participant; and

23 **WHEREAS**, in furtherance of its ongoing attempts to remediate this discrimination, the City 24 conducted extensive public hearings prior to the enactments of Ordinance No. 246, Series of 1983; 25 Ordinance No. 424, Series of 1988; Ordinance No. 213, Series of 1989; Ordinance No. 513, Series 26 of 1990; Ordinance No. 760, Series of 2006; Ordinance No. 85, Series of 2014 for construction; and 27 Ordinance No. 86, Series of 2014 for the purchase of goods and services; hired independent 28 consultants who found evidence of discrimination in 1990; and who in 1995, 1996, 2004, and 2012, 29 and 2018 found continuing evidence of disparities between the availability and utilization of woman-30 and minority-owned business enterprises in said industries and, in some studies, in the purchase of 31 non-construction good and services; and

32 WHEREAS, in 2011, prior to enactment of Ordinance Nos. 85 and 86, Series of 2014, the 33 City through the Division of Small Business Opportunity ("DSBO") convened a task force to study such continuing discrimination and commissioned a study by MGT of America, Inc., which study in 2013 found continued evidence of both impediments to the development of availability and underutilization of minority and women-owned business enterprises in said industries, and such conclusions were found to be consistent with the existence of racial and gender discrimination in such industries resulting in a reauthorized program; and

6 WHEREAS, after reauthorization of the programs in 2014, which included continuation of the 7 goals program for construction; a goals program for the purchase of certain goods and services; and 8 a small business enterprise ("SBE") defined selection pool for construction and for the purchase of 9 goods and services; DSBO, the City and various community groups continued to examine the 10 numerous areas and program initiatives and improvements for the program; and

11 **WHEREAS,** in 2017, the City commissioned BBC Research and Consulting, Inc. ("BBC") to 12 perform a study of disparities in the construction, professional services and in the purchase of non-13 construction goods and services in the City's market areas; and

WHEREAS, also in 2017, as a part of the recommendations received from City Council and the community, provisions of Article III were revised to ensure accurate and prompt payment to minority and woman-owned businesses and small businesses, and to require minority- and womenowned businesses and small businesses, to submit certain information monthly to allow the City to monitor payment and change order issues between minority, women and small business subcontractors and a prime contractor; and

WHEREAS, while the study proceeded, and through a series of community meetings including through the Construction Empowerment Initiative advisory group and its subcommittees, the City received numerous and invaluable recommendations for the improvement of the programs; and

WHEREAS, in 2018 BBC concluded and provided to the City its study which included data and evidence-based analysis measuring continuing disparities in construction and the purchase of non-construction goods and services in the City as well as within the relevant markets, and anecdotal accounts of experiences suffered by participants in such industries, which was consistent with and indicative of continued racial and gender discrimination in the said industries; and

WHEREAS, BBC also found in its study evidence that although improvements in the City's efforts
 in eliminating disparities can be measured through the use of a goals program, disparities still existed in
 the wider industry; and

WHEREAS, along with the data and conclusions provided, BBC received information from indepth interviews and recommended, among other things, that the City unbundle large projects in an effort to pursue additional minority- and women-owned business enterprises ("MWBE") participation, and implement further prompt payment measures to ensure both prime contractors and subcontractors are paid in a timely manner; and

6 WHEREAS, the City has assessed whether it would serve legitimate interests of the City and 7 serve a public purpose to continue its programs to assist smaller business enterprises in the 8 construction, reconstruction and remodeling, and professional design and construction services 9 industries markets; and in the purchase of goods and services, in which the City participates. 10 together with concession activity at Denver International Airport (DIA) through a variety of race and 11 gender neutral components, including but not limited to, the development of a variety of outreach 12 and development programs together with a reenacted minority and women business enterprise goals 13 program and a defined pool small business enterprise program as components of the initiative; and

WHEREAS, the City Council has reviewed documentation and records evidencing the programs, public hearings and studies referenced above, has conducted a public hearing on March 25, 2020 and April 13, 2020 regarding this proposed legislation, and based on all of the above, hereby finds:

18

# (a) History of discrimination.

19 (1) There exists a prima facie showing that woman business enterprises and minority 20 business enterprises owned by Black/African-Americans, Hispanic-Americans, Asian-Americans, 21 and Native Americans, who have done business or attempted to do business in the private and public 22 construction, reconstruction and remodeling, professional design and construction services 23 industries, and the purchase of non-construction goods and services within the City and the City's 24 market area or marketplace for these industries, which encompasses the State of Colorado, have 25 suffered and continue to suffer from discrimination. This discrimination has existed in the City's 26 construction, reconstruction and remodeling, professional design and construction services, and in 27 the purchase of non-construction goods and services contracting practices, and in the private sector 28 industry contracting in such industries, in which the City has been a passive participant. Because of 29 such discrimination, such woman business enterprises and minority business enterprises have been 30 denied equal opportunity to participate in such contracts.

1 (2) Such denial of equal opportunity has been aggravated by impediments to the creation of 2 minority and women-owned business enterprises in the said industries, as measured by lending 3 discrimination affecting such industries, comparison of business formation rates of minority and 4 women employees and majority employees in such industries, and a comparison between self-5 employment earnings of minorities and women as compared to majority persons in such industries.

6 (3) Such discrimination has prevented such woman business enterprises and minority 7 business enterprises from participating both in the city's contracting opportunities in the construction, 8 reconstruction and remodeling, professional design and construction services areas, in the non-9 construction goods and services procurement areas, and in the private sector construction, 10 reconstruction and remodeling, professional design and construction services areas, and in the 11 private sector non-construction goods and services procurement at a level that would have existed 12 absent such discrimination.

(4) Such discrimination in contracting opportunities violates the city's constitutional duty to
 prohibit, prevent, and eliminate race- and gender-based discrimination and its effects in the conduct
 of its business.

(5) Such discrimination continues to require action to prevent discrimination and to remedy its effects including outreach and education efforts to promote access to procurement opportunities, improved instructional resources for enterprises inexperienced in dealing with the city insofar as the city may effectively and lawfully do so, the adoption of a participation goals program for appropriately and lawfully designated procurements, and implementation of defined pool procedures for small businesses to encourage equal opportunities to compete for City funded procurement contracts and subcontracts.

(6) Without the adoption of these programs, such woman business enterprises and minority
 business enterprises would not have an equal opportunity to participate in city contracts for
 construction, reconstruction and remodeling, and for professional design and construction services.

(b) *Goals program for construction.* The city has a compelling governmental interest in prohibiting, preventing and eliminating race and gender discrimination and its effects in city contracts for construction, reconstruction and remodeling, professional design and construction services, and for this purpose adopts the specific program of good-faith goals as set forth in Division 3 of Article III of Chapter 28. This goal program has been carefully structured to take into consideration factors such as present availability of such woman business enterprises and minority business enterprises

to perform work on such City contracts. The goals program is narrowly tailored as required by prevailing law and does not authorize the use of set-asides, quotas, or sheltered markets, or bid preferences. The program is narrowly tailored to prevent and eliminate discrimination and its effects against such minority business enterprises and woman business enterprises with a minimum of burden on other contractors, including:

6 (1) A specific goal for participation of woman and minority business enterprises is to be 7 established for each contract for professional design and construction services, for construction, 8 reconstruction and remodeling work, based on the availability of woman business enterprises and 9 minority business enterprises for that particular contract;

10 (2) The program does not impose a quota, set-aside, sheltered market, or bid preference, 11 never excludes any party, including nonminority- and male- owned business enterprises, from 12 competing for any contract, and never denies contracts for failure to meet the participation goal, if 13 nondiscrimination is demonstrated by a showing of a good-faith attempt to comply with the goal 14 established therein;

(3) The program provides for the ability of individual persons not within the program's
 identified categories of minorities and women to be individually certified to participate as a minority
 business enterprise if such person can demonstrate individualized social discrimination; and

(4) The program provides for graduation from the program of minority business enterprises
 and woman business enterprises whose size indicates that they have had the opportunity to
 overcome the effects of discrimination.

21

# (c) Small Business Enterprise Program

22 (1) One Hundred Percent (100%) of national SBA size standards is reasonably reflective of 23 business size in the metropolitan Denver construction, reconstruction and remodeling; and 24 professional design and construction services industries, food service, and other concession 25 industries. Further, a development program to assist such small business enterprises, regardless of 26 the race or gender of the owners thereof, in contracting with the City in the areas of construction, 27 reconstruction and remodeling, and professional design and construction services, both as general 28 contractors and as subcontractors, subconsultants, and suppliers, and in the City's retail, food 29 services, and other concession activities would benefit the City contracting by promoting competition 30 in bidding and benefit the metropolitan area, including the City, by promoting the economic growth

of such small business enterprises, and such a development program is therefore justified as being
related to a legitimate governmental interest of the City;

3 (2) The continuing maintenance of an SBE ordinance would benefit City contracting, and 4 SBEs doing business in the Denver metropolitan area would continue to be assisted in their 5 development and expansion into general contracting roles, and City contracting would be further 6 benefited, if functioning as a contractor, consultant or concessionaire on certain contracts and 7 concession agreements were restricted to small business enterprises (SBEs), as defined herein, 8 through a defined selection pool (set-aside) program in which such contracts and concession 9 agreements were restricted for the exclusive competition by SBEs, together with a mandated 10 minimum percentage of utilization of SBEs as subcontractors, subconsultants and suppliers on 11 certain of such contracts, and that such features of an SBE ordinance would also be justified as 12 being related to a legitimate governmental interest of the City;

13

## (d) DSBO Program

14 It would serve a legitimate and compelling governmental interest of the City to continue the 15 comprehensive, multi-tiered program of race and gender conscious and race and gender neutral 16 assistance to small business enterprises, generally referred to as the DSBO Program, the details of 17 such as developed by the agencies of the City, with the reauthorized MWBE ordinance and the SBE 18 defined selection pool program forming components of such construction empowerment initiative.

19

(e) Procurement program components for Article V.

20 (1) SBE Defined Procurement Pool for Goods and Services - Procurements between
21 \$50,000 and \$1,000,000.

22 Α. One Hundred Percent (100%) of national SBA size standards is 23 reasonably reflective of business size in the metropolitan Denver goods and services industries. A 24 development program to assist such SBEs, regardless of the race or gender of the owners thereof, 25 in competing for prime contracts with the City for goods and services as vendors, contractors, or 26 consultants, would benefit City procurement contracting by promoting competition in bidding and 27 benefit the metropolitan area, including the City, by promoting the economic growth of SBEs, and 28 such a development program is therefore justified as being related to a legitimate governmental 29 interest of the City;

B. A defined procurement pool that assists SBEs, regardless of the race or gender of the owners thereof, would assist all SBEs in their development and expansion into general 1 contracting roles, and would benefit City procurement contracting by encouraging competition for 2 goods or services for which the estimated cost is at least fifty thousand dollars but not more than 3 one million dollars. The scope of the defined procurement pool will be limited to bid or proposal 4 opportunities for exclusive competition among SBEs identified through a DSBO certification list. Only 5 business enterprises that meet the certification criteria for small business enterprises, as set forth 6 herein, are eligible for the pool. The defined procurement pool is therefore justified as being related 7 to a legitimate governmental interest of the City;

8

(2) MWBE Goals Program - Procurements for services of \$250,000 or more.

9 A. A specific goal for participation of MWBEs is to be established for each 10 city procurement contract for certain applicable services for which the estimated cost is two hundred 11 fifty thousand dollars or more, based on the availability of MWBEs for that particular City procurement 12 contract;

B. The goal program does not impose a quota, set-aside, sheltered market or bid preference, never excludes any party, including nonminority-and male-owned business enterprises, from competing for any procurement contract, and never denies contracts or purchase orders for failure to meet the participation goal, if nondiscrimination is demonstrated by a showing of a good-faith attempt to comply with the participation goal established therein;

C. The goal program provides for the ability of individual persons not within the program's identified categories of minorities and women to be individually certified to participate as a minority business enterprise if such person can demonstrate individualized social discrimination; and

D. The program provides for graduation from the program of minority business enterprises and woman business enterprises whose size indicates that they have had the opportunity to overcome the effects of discrimination.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ENACTED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF
 DENVER:
 27

Section 1. That Division 1 of Article III of Chapter 28 of the Revised Municipal Code is hereby
 repealed and reenacted to read as follows:

30 ARTICLE III. NONDISCRIMINATION IN CITY CONTRACTS FOR CONSTRUCTION,
 31 RECONSTRUCTION, AND REMODELING, AND PROFESSIONAL DESIGN, AND
 32 CONSTRUCTION SERVICES

# 1 DIVISION 1. DIVISION OF SMALL BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY

#### 2 Subdivision I.

# 3 Sec. 28-31. – DSBO and program objectives

4 The division of small business opportunity (DSBO), under the Denver Economic Development and Opportunity (DEDO) agency, shall be responsible for the performance of the functions, powers 5 6 and duties assigned to DSBO by this chapter 28 or as may be assigned by the executive director of 7 the DEDO, which shall report to the mayor. Such duties shall include development and enforcement 8 of programs for enhancing minority, women and small business enterprise utilization in city 9 construction, professional design and construction services, and DEN concession contracting. 10 DSBO shall also be responsible for promoting economic development of such minority, women and 11 small business enterprises.

### 12 Sec. 28-32. - Purpose and scope.

13 The purpose of article III and, in part, article V is to enable the city, through the departments 14 and agencies of the city, including the departments of transportation and infrastructure, aviation and 15 general services and other user departments, and the DSBO, to undertake specific activities to 16 promote equity, maximize opportunities, and prevent discrimination and its effects against business 17 enterprises that have been certified as MWBEs in the areas of construction, reconstruction and 18 remodeling, and professional design and construction services, in the execution by the above 19 departments of their duties pursuant to the Charter and ordinances of the City and County of Denver. 20 The director and the user departments are hereby expressly delegated the necessary powers to 21 effectuate the purpose of article III and V and to undertake such additional studies or inquiries as 22 they may deem appropriate.

## 23 Sec. 28-33. - Powers and duties.

(a) The DSBO shall perform all duties and responsibilities established by this chapter 28
together with such other duties and responsibilities as may be assigned to the office by ordinance,
executive order or which may be otherwise delegated to it by operation of federal law, including, but
not limited to, administration and oversight of such federally-established disadvantaged business
enterprise (DBE) or similar programs that may be made applicable to city contracting activities.

(b) The director is hereby delegated the authority to promulgate such rules and regulations
or guidelines as may be necessary to effectuate the purposes of this chapter 28 and other programs
within the purview of the DSBO.

# Sec. 28-34. - Race- and gender-neutral measures to promote equal opportunities for all business enterprises.

The city, through the DSBO, in cooperation with user departments, other governmental agencies and private parties and organizations, is authorized to develop and utilize discretionary programs and activities to provide outreach to, and to facilitate the participation of, all business enterprises in city contracting and concession activities, including but not limited to MWBEs and SBEs. These programs and activities may include, but are not limited to:

8 (a) Collection and analysis, for informational purposes only, of data and information from 9 each bidder or proposer on a city contract regarding the ongoing availability and utilization of minority 10 and women-owned business enterprises, including MWBEs, on such bidder's or proposer's private 11 contracts in the construction and professional design and construction services industries in the city's 12 marketplace. DSBO and the user departments will explore making provision of such data and 13 information a condition precedent to or an element of prequalification for bidding or proposing on city 14 contracts within the scope of this chapter 28.

(b) Development of such other programs or activities as the director may from time to timerecommend.

17 Sec. 28-35. - Definitions.

As used in this article III and its divisions, the following words and phrases shall have the following meanings, unless otherwise clearly required by the context:

(1) Affiliate means any business enterprise that is affiliated with an MWBE or with the
owner(s) of such MWBE. Business enterprises are affiliates of each other when one (1) controls or
has the power to control the other, or a third party or parties' controls or has the power to control
both. It does not matter whether control is exercised, so long as the power to control exists. The
director may utilize, in the interpretation of this definition, the definition of affiliate set forth in C.F.R.
§ 121 or successor regulation, including related SBA guidance documents, as from time to time
amended.

27 (2) Annual goal means the targeted level for the aspirational goal established by the city for
 28 the annual aggregate participation of MWBEs in city contracts.

(3) Applicant business enterprise means a business enterprise seeking to be certified as a
 minority and/or woman business enterprise under this article III and its divisions.

1 (4) *Bidder* means a business enterprise that submits a bid on a construction contract that 2 is offered for competitive bidding by the city or otherwise offered by a private owner.

(5) *Broker* means a business enterprise that performs a commercially useful function as an
intermediary, for a fee, in the acquisition of materials, supplies or equipment, regardless of whether
it takes title to such materials, supplies or equipment, for the city or a private owner or its contractors,
consultants or suppliers, but is not a manufacturer, manufacturer's representative or regular dealer.
Only bona fide commissions earned by a broker for its activities in performing a commercially useful
function on a city contract shall be counted toward the participation goal as set out in sections 28-59
and 28-63. A packager shall be considered and treated as a broker.

10 (6) *Business enterprise* means an individual, sole proprietorship, corporation, limited liability 11 company, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability limited partnership, joint stock company, 12 joint venture, professional association or any other legal entity operated for profit that is properly 13 licensed or registered, as applicable, owned and controlled by person(s) who are citizens of the 14 United States or lawful permanent residents of the United States, and otherwise authorized to do 15 business in the State of Colorado.

16 (7) *Certification* means completion by a business enterprise of an application procedure to 17 be developed by the DSBO, and formal authorization by the director to participate as an MWBE 18 under this article III and its divisions. Certification neither represents nor implies that a business 19 enterprise is qualified to perform on a contract, nor that it performs a commercially useful function.

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(8) *City* means the City and County of Denver and its participating user departments.

21 (9) *City's marketplace* means the geographic and procurement area in which the city 22 contracts on an ongoing basis, as established by the findings of the Denver City Council.

(10) City project; city contract; city construction practices mean any contract or project encompassed within the definition of contract in article III and its divisions, regardless of whether the project owner is the city or a private owner. All provisions of this article III and its divisions shall apply to such contracts let by private owners, provided that the city shall not dictate means and methods of construction to such private owners. Copies of all documents required to be provided by a subcontractor, subconsultant, supplier, manufacturer, manufacturer's representative or broker hereunder shall be sent to the director when the originals are sent to a private owner.

30 (11) *Commercially useful function* means an MWBE is responsible for the execution of a 31 distinct element of the work of a contract and carries out the work by actually performing, maintaining

control, managing, and supervising the work involved, or fulfilling responsibilities as a joint venturer. 1 2 In determining whether an MWBE is performing or has performed a commercially useful function, 3 the DSBO will analyze and evaluate the quantity of work subcontracted; the amount paid to the 4 MWBE in proportion to the work actually performed: whether the MWBE is performing functions set forth in this definition and this article III and its divisions including but not limited to responsibility for, 5 6 with respect to materials, supplies or equipment used for the contract work; negotiating price for the 7 materials, supplies or equipment; determining quantity and quality of the materials, supplies or 8 equipment; ordering materials, supplies or equipment; performing installation where applicable; 9 paying for the materials, supplies or equipment; credit claimed toward participation goal 10 achievement; and other relevant factors. Commercially useful function is measured for purposes of 11 determining participation on a contract, not for determination of certification eligibility.

(12) *Competitive selection process* has the meaning ascribed to that phrase in sections
2.3.3(A) and 2.11.3(8) of the Denver City Charter, and in D.R.M.C. sections 5-19 and 20-56, as that
meaning may pertain to a contract(s) at issue.

Conduit means an MWBE that knowingly agrees to pass the scope of work for which 15 (13)16 it is listed for participation and is scheduled to perform or supply on a contract to a non-MWBE firm 17 or does not carry out the responsibilities required for MWBE participation by actually performing, 18 managing, controlling or supervising the work under a contract. In this type of relationship, the MWBE 19 has not performed a commercially useful function and the arranged agreement between the two (2) 20 parties is not consistent with standard industry practice. This arrangement does not meet the 21 commercially useful function requirement, and therefore the MWBE's participation does not count 22 toward the MWBE goal on the contract. Conduit is also referred to as a passthrough.

(14) Construction means those areas of construction, reconstruction and remodeling as
 encompassed within the city's contracting processes authorized by the Charter and ordinances of
 the city, including construction management services. This definition shall encompass design-build
 contracts as appropriate.

(15) Consultant means a business enterprise that enters into a contract with the city, in
privity of contract with the city, for professional design and construction services or enters into such
a contract with a private owner, in privity of contract with such private owner, for such services on a
building or aviation or aeronautical facility, or improvements thereto, situated on real property owned
by the city.

1 Contract means any city contract for construction or for professional design and (16)2 construction services authorized by any provision of the Charter or ordinances of the city, excepting 3 only those contracts subject to article VII of this chapter 28 or to federal DBE requirements. Contract 4 shall include other contracts ancillary to cooperative agreements or understandings with other public and private agencies for purposes of development of public facilities, park and recreational facilities, 5 6 museums, zoological and other gardens, collections of natural history, and observatories, if such 7 contracts provide for funding in whole or in part by the city and provide for utilization of such funds 8 for the purpose of construction or professional design and construction services for any public facility or area owned or leased by the city or situated on real property owned or leased by the city. 9 10 Notwithstanding the foregoing, contract shall also include construction or professional design and 11 construction services contracts for buildings or aviation or aeronautical facilities or improvements 12 thereto, constructed by private owners on real property owned by the city, without regard to the 13 utilization of city funding.

14 (17) *Contractor* means a business enterprise that enters into a competitively bid or 15 otherwise competitively selected construction contract with the city, in privity of contract with the city, 16 or enters into such a construction contract with a private owner, whether or not bid, in privity of 17 contract with such private owner for such work on a building or aviation or aeronautical facility, or 18 improvements thereto, situated on real property owned by the city. Contractor includes general 19 contractors and prime contractors.

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(18) *Day*, unless otherwise indicated, means calendar day.

(19) Department head means the manager or director of the city department, user
 department or agency entering into contract(s) utilizing MWBE participation, or such person's
 designee.

(20) *Design-build contract* means a contract for the procurement of both the design and the
 construction, reconstruction or remodeling of a public work in a single contract with a single design build contractor or combination of such contractors that are capable of providing the necessary
 design and construction, reconstruction or remodeling services.

28 (21) *Director* means the director of the division of small business opportunity or successor
 29 agency, or such director's designee.

30

(22) DSBO or the DSBO means the division of small business opportunity.

1 (23) *DSBO required forms* means the certifications, letters of intent, commitment forms and 2 other forms and documents developed by DSBO or described in this article III and its divisions and 3 the rules and regulations, referenced in applicable procurement documents, and required by DSBO 4 to confirm and evaluate a bidder's or proposer's commitment to utilization of certified firms and other 5 DSBO program requirements. No unauthorized alteration or modification of a DSBO required form 6 is permitted. DSBO reserves the right to reject altered or modified forms.

7 (24) *Doing business* means having a physical location from which to engage in for-profit
8 activities in the scope(s) of expertise of the business enterprise.

9 (25) *Economically disadvantaged* means an individual with a personal net worth equal to 10 or less than the permissible net worth amount determined by the U.S. Department of Transportation 11 to be applicable to its DBE programs, or as otherwise promulgated by the director by rule and 12 regulation.

(26) *Expertise* means demonstrated skills, knowledge or ability to perform in the field of
 endeavor in which certification is sought by the business enterprise as defined by normal industry
 practices, including licensure or registration where required.

(27) [Reserved]

16

17 (28) *Good faith efforts* means substantive and meaningful good faith actions undertaken by 18 a contractor or consultant to achieve the MWBE participation goal as defined in more detail in 19 sections 28-60 and 28-64 of this article III and its divisions.

20 (29) *Individual* or *person* means a natural human being, and not a legally-created or 21 maintained entity.

(30) Integrated contract means contract or contracts for construction procured and awarded for a city construction project or program, including where the awarded contractor may be authorized to conduct bidding or solicit proposal of contractors or subcontractors under city requirements, without a specific pre-determined project or scope of work. Once specific scope or scopes of work are identified, various projects, separate procurements, or individual work orders or task orders are authorized, and the contractor proceeds to complete the work under the separate contracts, projects or the individual work orders or task orders.

(31) *Joint venture* means an association of two (2) or more business enterprises to
 constitute a single business enterprise to perform a city construction or professional design and
 construction services contract for which purpose they combine their property, capital, efforts, skills

and knowledge and in which endeavor each joint venturer is responsible for a distinct, clearly defined 1 2 portion of the work of the contract, performs a commercially useful function, and whose share in the 3 capital contribution, control, management responsibilities, risks and profits of the joint venture are 4 equal to its ownership interest. Joint ventures must have an agreement in writing specifying the terms and conditions of the relationships between the joint venturers and their relationship and 5 6 responsibility to the contract. Only the portion of the total dollar value of a joint venture contract equal 7 to the distinct, clearly defined work that the MWBE performs with its own forces as a commercially 8 useful function will count towards MWBE participation.

9 (32) Letter of intent means a DSBO required form that shall be a written communication 10 from a project bidder or proposer to the city or a private owner with respect to a contract, evidencing 11 an understanding between an MWBE and the bidder or proposer that, if the bidder or proposer is 12 selected, then such MWBE has or will enter into a contractual relationship with the bidder or proposer 13 on such contract or that such bidder or proposer will self-perform as an MWBE on such contract.

14 (33) Manufacturer means a business enterprise that operates or maintains a factory or 15 establishment that produces, or substantially alters on the premises the materials, supplies or 16 equipment provided to contractors, consultants, subcontractors, subconsultants, suppliers, brokers 17 or manufacturer's representatives on a contract, required under the contract and of the general 18 character described by the contract specifications. For manufacturers, one hundred (100) percent of 19 the value the materials, supplies or equipment provided by an MWBE under a contract shall count 20 toward MWBE participation.

(34) Manufacturer's representative means a business enterprise that sells products for one (1) or more manufacturers. A manufacturer's representative does not take legal title to or physical possession of the products that it sells, such products generally being sent directly from the manufacturer to the contractor or subcontractor purchasing the products. Only bona fide commissions earned by a manufacturer's representative in performing a commercially useful function on a contract shall be counted toward the participation goal as set out in sections 28-59 and 28-63.

(35) *Mentor-Protégé* means a relationship between a subcontractor certified as an MWBE
 (protégé) and a more experienced contractor (mentor) approved by DSBO. In a mentor-protégé
 relationship, the mentor provides guidance on technical, financial, bonding, equipment, and

personnel assistance to the protégé. The purpose of the relationship is to increase the capacity of
 MWBEs to perform city contracts.

3 (36) *Minority business enterprise* or *MBE* means a business enterprise that is certified by 4 the director under this article III and its divisions as meeting all of the requirements for certification 5 set forth in sections 28-53 and 28-55 as an MBE. A business enterprise owned by individuals who 6 are both socially and economically disadvantaged minority individuals and women may be certified 7 as both an MBE and a WBE. For purposes of this article III and its divisions, an MBE or WBE certified 8 with DSBO in accordance with this article III and its divisions and the applicable rules and regulations 9 shall be referred to as an MWBE.

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(37) *Minority individual* means:

(a) An individual whose lifelong cultural and social affiliation is with one (1) of the
 following groups encompassed within the findings of the Denver City Council, which are rebuttably
 presumed to be socially disadvantaged:

(i) Blacks/African-Americans, which includes persons having origins in any of
 the black racial groups of Africa;

(ii) Hispanic-Americans, which includes persons of Mexican, Puerto Rican,
 Cuban, Dominican, Central or South American, or other Spanish or Portuguese culture or origin,
 regardless of race;

(iii) Native-Americans, which includes persons who are American Indians,
 Eskimos, Aleuts, or Native Hawaiians; or

(iv) Asian-Americans (persons whose origins are in any of the original peoples
of the far east, Southeast Asia, the islands of the Pacific or the Northern Marianas, or the Indian
subcontinent); or

(b) Alternatively, on a case-by-case basis for the purposes of this article III and its divisions, an individual found by the city to have been subjected to individualized racial or ethnic prejudice or cultural bias within American society within the city's marketplace because of his or her identity as a member of a group other than the groups referenced in subsection (a) above, without regard to individual qualities, and therefore determined by the director to be individually socially disadvantaged under this subsection; and

30 (c) Individual social disadvantage must stem from circumstances beyond the 31 individual's control. Evidence of individual social disadvantage must include: 1 (i) At least one (1) objective, distinguishing feature that has contributed to 2 social disadvantage, such as disability, long-term residence in an environment isolated from the 3 mainstream of American society within the city's marketplace or other similar barriers not common 4 to individuals who are not socially disadvantaged.

5 (ii) Personal experiences of substantial and chronic social disadvantage in 6 American society within the city's marketplace.

7 (iii) Negative impact on entry into or advancement in the city's marketplace
8 and participating on city contracts because of the disadvantage, as demonstrated by the individual's
9 education, employment and business history.

10 (38) *On-call construction* or *design contracts* or *on-call projects* means contracts that are 11 procured and awarded without a pre-determined specific project or scope of work. Once a specific 12 scope of work is identified, individual work orders or task orders are authorized, and the contractor 13 proceeds to complete the work under the individual work order or task order.

(39) *Packager* means a business enterprise that performs a commercially useful function
in the packaging of goods for the city or a private owner or its contractors, consultants,
manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives or suppliers but is not itself a regular dealer,
manufacturer, or manufacturer's representative. A packager shall be considered and treated as a
broker.

(40) Participation goal means the specific MWBE goal established for a particular contract,
 on-call contract, or city project including task orders or work orders, or at the City's option for separate
 procurements under an integrated contract, based upon the availability of MWBEs in the scope(s)
 of work of the contract.

23 (41) Personal net worth means the net value of the assets of an individual after total 24 liabilities are deducted. An individual's personal net worth does not include the individual's ownership 25 interest in an applicant business enterprise or participating MWBE or the individual's equity, if any, 26 in his or her primary place of residence. An individual's personal net worth includes only his or her 27 share of assets held individually and jointly with the individual's spouse. For the purposes of 28 certification as an MWBE under this article III and its divisions, an individual must have a personal 29 net worth equal to or less than the permissible personal net worth amount determined by the U.S. 30 Department of Transportation to be applicable to its DBE programs or as otherwise promulgated by 31 the director by rule and regulation.

1 (42) *Private owner* means a private or other non-city owner undertaking to contract for 2 construction work or for design or construction management services on buildings or aviation or 3 aeronautical facilities or improvements thereto, on real property owned by the city.

4 (43) *Professional design and construction services* means those areas of services ancillary 5 to construction as encompassed within the city's contracting processes authorized by the charter 6 and ordinances of the city, including, but not limited to, engineering, architectural, testing, and 7 planning services and all other professional services related to construction projects.

8 (44) *Proposal* means an offer to perform construction or professional design and 9 construction services pursuant to a negotiated or otherwise competitively selected city contract with 10 either the city or a private owner, and whether in response to a request for qualifications, request for 11 proposals or otherwise. The department head shall designate the proposal, and the date of receipt 12 for each solicitation of proposers subject to this article III and its divisions.

(45) *Proposer* means a business enterprise that submits a proposal on a city construction
 contract or professional design and construction services contract that is negotiated and not
 competitively bid or that utilizes a competitive selection process.

16 Public-private partnership agreement (or P3 agreements) means city contract or (46) 17 contracts for some combination of the following for the development, financing, design, construction, 18 operation and maintenance of public facilities, buildings or aviation or aeronautical facilities, or 19 improvements thereto, where such contracts provide for funding in whole or in part by the city or 20 private funding and provide for utilization of such funds for the purpose of development, financing, 21 construction, professional design and construction, professional services or operation and 22 maintenance services for public facilities or areas owned or leased by the city or situated on real 23 property owned or leased by the city. For purposes of this article III and its divisions, such contracts 24 shall allow the performance of design, professional services or construction, subject to city laws, 25 rules and regulations, of a public facility by a public or private entity on city owned or leased land. 26 Notwithstanding the foregoing, such contract or contracts shall also include development, financing, 27 construction, professional design, professional services and construction services contracts by 28 private owners on real property owned or leased by the city, without regard to the utilization of city 29 funding.

30 (47) *Qualified*, with respect to good faith efforts in this article III and its divisions, means 31 that a business enterprise has the financial ability, expertise, skill, experience, and access to the necessary staff, facilities and equipment to complete contract(s) or subcontract(s) that it may
 undertake on projects. The city makes no representations as to the qualification of any applicant
 business enterprise MWBE.

4 (48) *Regular dealer* means a business enterprise that owns, operates or maintains a store, 5 warehouse or other establishment in which the materials, supplies, articles or equipment of the 6 general character described by the contract specifications and required for the performance of the 7 contract are bought and regularly sold or leased to the public in the usual course of business. To be 8 a regular dealer, the business enterprise must be an established, regular business engaged in, as a 9 substantial and material portion of its business, and in its own name, the purchase and sale or lease 10 of the products in question. A regular dealer is presumed to keep such materials, supplies, articles 11 or equipment in stock, but must in any event bear the risk of loss of such items. A regular dealer in 12 such bulk items as steel, cement, gravel, stone, asphalt and petroleum products need not own, 13 operate or maintain a place of business if it both owns and operates distribution equipment for the 14 products. Any supplementation of a regular dealer's distribution equipment shall be by a long-term 15 lease agreement and not on an ad hoc or contract-by-contract basis. For regular dealers, sixty (60) 16 percent of the value of the commercially useful function performed by the MWBE shall be counted 17 toward the participation goal. Brokers, conduits, packagers, manufacturers and manufacturer's 18 representatives shall not be regarded as regular dealers within the meaning of this term.

19 (49) Socially disadvantaged means a minority individual or woman who has been subjected 20 to racial, ethnic or gender prejudice or significant cultural bias within American society in the city's 21 marketplace because of his or her identity as a member of a group and without regard to individual 22 qualities. Social disadvantage must stem from circumstances beyond the individual's control. A 23 socially disadvantaged individual must be a citizen or lawfully admitted permanent resident of the 24 United States.

(50) Subcontractor or subconsultant means a business enterprise that has entered into a contract with a general contractor or prime contractor to provide goods or services pursuant to a contract between the general contractor or prime contractor and the city. A subcontractor or subconsultant means a business enterprise that either directly contracts with a contractor or consultant or directly contracts with subcontractors or subconsultants under such contractor or consultant on a city contract, and which business enterprise will provide services or perform work

under agreements with the contractor or consultant or with other subcontractors or subconsultants
 under such contractor or consultant.

3 Supplier means a business enterprise that either directly contracts with a contractor or (51) 4 consultant or directly contracts with subcontractors or subconsultants under such contractor or consultant on a city contract, and which business enterprise will provide materials, supplies or 5 6 equipment under agreements with the contractor or consultant, or with other subcontractors or 7 subconsultants under such contractor or consultant. A supplier may be a regular dealer, 8 manufacturer, manufacturer's representative or broker. The participation goal shall be counted in 9 accordance with the function performed by the MWBE supplier under a contract and determined on 10 a per-contract or per-project basis.

11 (52) *Teaming agreement* means an agreement between a prime or general contractor and 12 an MWBE subcontractor or an agreement between a consultant and an MWBE subconsultant to:

13

(a) Develop the capacity of the MWBE under the bid or proposal to the city; and

(b) Describes how the parties are going to share work under the bid or proposal forthe primary scope of work under the bid or proposal.

16 (53) *Utilization plan* means a required plan, prepared by or on behalf of the bidder or 17 proposer as required by DSBO and set forth in the applicable contract procurement documents that 18 describes the bidder's or proposer's approach to satisfying the small, minority, and women-owned 19 business enterprise requirements including but not limited to the participation goal.

20 (54) *Woman* means a person of the female gender, encompassed within the findings of,
21 the Denver City Council, who is rebuttably presumed to be socially disadvantaged.

(55) Woman business enterprise or WBE means a business enterprise that is certified by
the director under this article III and its divisions as meeting all of the requirements for certification
set forth in sections 28-53 and 28-55 as a WBE.

For purposes of this article III and its divisions, the director shall classify business enterprises with both minority and women owners, and meeting the requirements for certification as an MWBE, as MBEs if socially and economically disadvantaged minority individual(s) own fifty-one (51) percent or more of ownership, and as WBEs if socially and economically disadvantaged women own fiftyone (51) percent or more of ownership. A business enterprise owned by individuals who are both socially and economically disadvantaged minority individuals and women may be certified as both an MBE and a WBE. For purposes of this article III and its divisions, an MBE or WBE certified with 1 DSBO in accordance with ordinance and the applicable rules and regulations shall be referred to as

2 an MWBE.

# 3 Subdivision II. Administrative Requirements for MWBE Program.

- 4 Sec. 28-36. Program administration.
- 5 (a) The DSBO shall perform additional duties in the administration of the programs 6 established under this chapter 28 or otherwise, which duties shall include:
- 7 (1) Formulating, proposing and implementing rules and regulations for the
  8 development, implementation, administration, compliance and monitoring, and reporting of the
  9 various programs established through chapter 28, by other city programs or by federal law.
- 10 (2) Providing information, education, outreach and assistance to MWBEs, SBEs and 11 other business enterprises relating to city contracting practices and procedures, and bid 12 specifications, requirements and prerequisites.
- 13 (3) Assisting letting agencies with applicable portions of procurement documents
  14 and advertisements related to MWBE or SBE requirements;
- (4) Assisting letting agencies with reviewing applicable portions of procurement
  proposal submissions to assess for responsiveness;
- 17 (5) Establishing uniform rules and regulations, procedures, and criteria for 18 certification, renewal of certification, decertification and graduation, as an MWBE or SBE and 19 appeals of and challenges to all such certification decisions and maintaining certification records and 20 directories of such MBEs, WBEs and SBEs.
- (6) Establishing annual and participation goals for the MWBE contracting program
  established in division 3 of this article III of chapter 28, and tracking progress toward the annual goal.
- (7) Evaluating contractors' and consultants' achievement of participation goals or
   good faith efforts to meet participation goals.
- (8) Working with user departments to monitor contracts to ensure prompt payments
  to MWBEs and SBEs, and compliance with applicable participation goals and commitments.
- 27 (9) Receiving, reviewing, and acting upon complaints and suggestions concerning
  28 the various programs established through chapter 28 or by federal law.
- (10) Collecting payment, goal compliance, and other pertinent data to evaluate theprograms and other city contracting initiatives.
- 31

(11) Developing technical assistance programs to assist MWBEs, SBEs and other
 businesses relating to contracting, business and professional development.

3 (12) Establishing a mentor-protégé program to encourage trade associations and
4 individual businesses to work jointly to connect MWBE protégés with well-established mentor firms.
5 DSBO shall in coordination and cooperation with other city agencies facilitate the implementation
6 and coordination of this program. The program may encourage firms to mentor MWBE protégés.

7 (13) Establishing by the DSBO director advisory committee or committees to advise 8 and recommend to the DSBO director, as appropriate, policies and initiatives to assist the city with 9 regard to the programs under articles III, V and VII. The purpose, functions, roles and procedures of 10 a committee will be established by the director and applicable rules and regulations promulgated by 11 the director.

12 (14) Periodically, at the director's discretion and based on DSBO's specific needs,
13 DSBO shall perform, or cause to have performed, an evaluation of DSBO including, but not limited
14 to, the following:

a. Program goals, responsibilities, and staffing necessary to fulfill all
 compliance requirements and accomplish annual and aspirational goals;

b. Documentation on total MWBE and SBE completed work payments
for each compliance program participant and its relationship to established goals;

19 c. Monitoring of SBE contractor billing and payment process 20 procedures as well as MWBE and SBE subcontractor billing and payment process procedures as 21 required through this chapter 28;

d. Number of certified MWBE and SBE firms and their participation in
 city contracts over a defined period to establish a relevant participation trend;

e. Number of MWBE and SBE educational activities and mentorships,
the number of participants, and an evaluation of the educational programs, including education on
how to utilize city systems for tracking activity and payments;

27f.Compliance with section 28-58 regarding establishing participation28goals.

(b) The user departments that receive appropriate delegation for project
 management, contract and concession agreement management, or construction or design or

- professional services contract responsibility shall have the following duties and responsibilities with
   regard to the programs established through chapter 28, by other city programs or by federal law:
- 3 (1) Assisting the DSBO with setting participation goals for MWBE participation
  4 on individual contracts.
- 5 (2) Assisting in the identification of available MWBEs and providing other 6 assistance in meeting the annual goal and participation goals.
- 7 (3) Assisting in the identification of contracts and concession agreements
  8 appropriate for the utilization of the SBE defined selection pool contracting established by article VII
  9 of chapter 28.
- (4) Assuring that MWBEs, SBEs and other business enterprises are informed
   of city contracting and concession opportunities.
- 12 (5) Performing other activities to support the various programs established13 through this chapter 28, by other city programs or by federal law.
- 14 (6) Gathering and maintaining contracting, consulting, subcontracting and
  15 subconsulting data or documents for those contracts that the user departments manage, as provided
  16 under this chapter 28.
- 17 (7) Submitting subcontracting and subconsulting data or documents as18 required to the director.
- 19 (8) Managing contracts and concession agreements in a consistent manner
   20 to assure contract and concession agreement compliance in utilization of MWBEs and SBEs.
- (c) Pursuant to its authority under articles I and III of chapter 28, DSBO may adopt
   rules and regulations, which shall be for and aid in the interpretation, administration and enforcement
   of this ordinance, and which shall be periodically amended and revised.
- 24 Sec. 28-37—28-40. [Reserved].
- 25 **Section 2.** That Division 3 of Article III of Chapter 28 of the Revised Municipal Code is 26 hereby repealed and reenacted to read as follows:
- 27 DIVISION 3. NONDISCRIMINATION IN CITY CONTRACTS FOR CONSTRUCTION, 28 RECONSTRUCTION, REMODELING, PROFESSIONAL DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION 29 SERVICES
- Subdivision I. MWBE Program for city contracts for construction, reconstruction, remodeling,
   and professional design and construction services.
- 32 Sec. 28-51. [Reserved].

# 1 Sec. 28-52. - Contracts excluded from coverage by this division 3.

2 Contracts and concession agreements for which bids or proposals are sought under the (a) 3 SBE defined selection pool contracting program established pursuant to article VII of this chapter 28 4 are excluded from the coverage of this division 3. In addition, in the case of a contract hereunder for 5 which a part of the contract price is to be paid with funds from the United States Government or the 6 State of Colorado and for which the United States Government or the State of Colorado has made 7 applicable to such contract requirements terms or conditions which are inconsistent with the 8 provisions of this division 3, the provisions of this division 3 shall not apply to such contract to the 9 extent of such inconsistency.

10 (b) Contracts where the director has authorized the waiver of a participation goal, or has 11 otherwise authorized a contract to be advertised in collaboration with the user departments without 12 participation goals to assist in the determination of ongoing MWBE utilization on city contracts in the 13 absence of participation goals are excluded from the coverage of this division 3. However, this 14 reference to contracts without participation goals shall not include contracts that are advertised with 15 a zero percent participation goal after due assessment of availability.

16

Sec. 28-53. - MWBE certification; eligibility of applicant business enterprises.

17 (a) Procedures and methods. The director shall, by rule and regulation or policies relating 18 solely to internal management and procedure, establish reasonable procedures and methods for the 19 certification of applicant business enterprises as an MWBE in order to effectuate the purposes of 20 this article III and its divisions. The director may seek input and advice from appropriate industry 21 sources as to appropriate aspects of work performance, equipment and staffing in these industry 22 areas in which certification is being sought.

(b) Only applicant business enterprises that meet the criteria for certification as an MWBE may participate in the goals program established under this article III and its divisions. The applicant business enterprise has the burden of persuasion by a preponderance of the evidence. Only an applicant business enterprise owned and managed and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individual(s) may be certified as an MWBE, as applicable. MWBEs may be certified only for specific types of work for which they apply and in which they have had sustained business activity for a minimum of six (6) months. Certification areas shall correspond to the codes set forth

in North American Industrial Classification Standard (NAICS) Codes, or successor classification
 system, Code of Federal Regulations § 121.201, as amended, or successor regulation.

3 (c) To determine whether the requirements set forth below are met, the DSBO must 4 consider all of the facts in the record, viewed as a whole.

- 5 (1) *Ownership.* In order for the socially and economically disadvantaged owner(s) to 6 be found to own the applicant business enterprise for purposes of certification, as applicable, the 7 applicant business enterprise or socially and economically disadvantaged owner(s) must meet the 8 requirements set forth below.
- 9 a. To be an eligible MWBE, each socially and economically disadvantaged 10 owner must:
- (i) Own in his or her own name the legal and equitable interest in the
   applicant business enterprise;
- (ii) Have acquired the interest in a verifiable and substantial arms length transaction, utilizing verifiable, substantial, and continuing consideration; going beyond pro
   forma ownership of the applicant business enterprise as reflected in ownership documents;
- 16 (iii) Enjoy customary incidents of ownership and share in the risks and 17 profits commensurate with their ownership interests in practice, not merely in the form of 18 arrangements; and
- 19 (iv) Have acquired the interest with a contribution of his or her own 20 capital resources, by having put his or her own financial resources at risk in the operation of the 21 applicant business enterprise, or, subject to requirements below, with a contribution of expertise. All 22 contributions by the socially and economically disadvantaged owner(s) to acquire the ownership 23 interest in the applicant business enterprise must be verifiable, substantial, and continuing, which in 24 part, requires that it be commensurate with the ownership interest acquired. All contributions to 25 acquire an ownership interest, including any portion of it, must have been made at the time the 26 socially and economically disadvantaged individuals acquired the interest in business enterprise.
- (A) If expertise is relied upon as part of a socially and economically disadvantaged owner's contribution to acquire ownership, the expertise must be of the requisite quality generally recognized in a specialized field, in areas critical to the operations of the applicant business enterprise, indispensable to the applicant business enterprise's potential success, specific to the type of work the applicant business enterprise performs, and is documented
  - 24

in the applicant business enterprise's records. These records must clearly show the contribution of
expertise, including its equivalent monetary value. The socially and economically disadvantaged
individual(s) whose expertise is relied upon must have a commensurate capital investment in the
applicant business enterprise.

5 (B) Examples of insufficient contributions include a promise to 6 contribute capital, an unsecured note payable to the business enterprise or to an owner who is not 7 socially and economically disadvantaged individual, or mere participation in the business enterprise 8 as an employee. Debt instruments from financial institutions or other organizations that lend funds 9 in the normal course of their business do not render an applicant business enterprise ineligible, even 10 if the debtor's ownership interest is security for the loan.

11 Management and control. Only an applicant business enterprise that is managed (2) 12 and controlled by a socially and economically disadvantaged individual(s) may be certified as an 13 MWBE. The socially and economically disadvantaged minority or woman owner(s) shall direct the 14 management, policies, and day-to-day business operations of the applicant business enterprise and 15 shall have the power to make, and shall in fact make, routine and major decisions on matters of 16 management, policy, and operations. The socially and economically disadvantaged minority or 17 woman owner's(s') management and control must be verifiable, substantial, and continuing and go 18 beyond the pro forma ownership of the applicant business enterprise as reflected in its ownership 19 documents. Ownership alone is not sufficient to establish management and control. To determine 20 whether each socially and economically disadvantaged individual satisfies these requirements, the 21 DSBO shall consider the criteria below:

22 If federal or state law or city ordinance requires the owner(s) to have a a. 23 particular license or other credential in order to own or control a certain type of business enterprise, 24 then the socially and economically disadvantaged owner(s) must possess the required license or 25 credential. If federal or state law or city ordinance does not require that the owner possess the license 26 or other credential to own or control the business enterprise, to determine whether the socially and 27 economically disadvantaged owner(s) manage and control the business enterprise, DSBO may 28 consider whether the socially and economically disadvantaged owner(s) hold the license or other 29 credential required to conduct the specific type of work in which certification is sought as a factor. If 30 there is not a legal requirement for the owner to hold the license or other credential to own or control 31 a certain type of business enterprise, failure of the owner to hold the license or other credential does

not by itself indicate lack of management and control of a business enterprise without other factors
 indicating to the contrary.

b. The socially and economically disadvantaged minority or woman owner(s)
shall have substantial experience in the trade or industry that would be necessary to make routine
and major decisions for the applicant business enterprise.

c. The socially and economically disadvantaged minority or woman owner(s)
shall regularly make decisions, hold themselves out to the public, and sign important documents and
financial instruments in a manner that is indicative of primary management and control of daily
business operations and responsibility for routine and major decisions.

d. No restriction through corporate charter provisions, by-law provisions,
contracts, or any other formal or informal devices may prevent the socially and economically
disadvantaged owner(s), without the cooperation or vote of any non-socially and economically
disadvantaged owner, from making any business decision of the applicant business enterprise,
including the making of obligations or the disbursing of funds.

e. The socially and economically disadvantaged owner(s) must possess the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of the applicant business enterprise and to make day-to-day as well as long-term decisions on management, policy, and operations.

19 f. The socially and economically disadvantaged owner(s) may delegate 20 various areas of the management, policymaking or daily operations of the applicant business 21 enterprise to other participants who are not socially and economically disadvantaged owner(s). Such 22 delegations of authority must be revocable, and the socially and economically disadvantaged 23 owner(s) must retain the power to hire and fire any such persons. The socially and economically 24 disadvantaged owner(s) must actually exercise control over the applicant business enterprise's 25 operations, management, and policies.

26 g. The socially and economically disadvantaged owner(s) must have an 27 overall understanding of, and managerial and technical competence, experience and expertise 28 regarding, matters directly related to the type of business in which the applicant business enterprise 29 is engaged and its operations. The socially and economically disadvantaged owner(s) is not required 30 to have experience or expertise in every critical area of the applicant business enterprise's operations 31 or have greater experience or expertise in a given field than managers or key employees. The

socially and economically disadvantaged owner(s) must have the ability to intelligently and critically evaluate information presented by other participants in the applicant business enterprise's activities and to make independent decisions concerning the applicant business enterprise's daily operations, management, and policymaking. Generally, expertise or responsibilities primarily in office management, administration, bookkeeping, or other functions unrelated to the principal business activities of the applicant business enterprise are insufficient to demonstrate management and control.

8 h. A socially and economically disadvantaged owner(s) may not engage in 9 outside employment or other business interests that conflict with the management of the applicant 10 business enterprise or prevent the owner(s) from devoting sufficient time and attention to the affairs 11 of the applicant business enterprise to manage and control its day to day activities. For example, 12 absentee ownership of a business and part-time work in a full-time applicant business enterprise are 13 not viewed as constituting management and control. An individual, however, could be viewed as 14 controlling a part-time business that operates only evenings or weekends or both, provided the 15 individual manages and controls it throughout all hours of operation.

16 An applicant business enterprise may be certified only for specific types of i. 17 work in which the socially and economically disadvantaged owner(s) has the ability and expertise to 18 manage and control the applicant business enterprise's operations and work. To become certified in 19 an additional type of work, the enterprise must sufficiently demonstrate only that its socially and 20 economically disadvantaged owners are able to control the enterprise with respect to that type of 21 work. It is not required to be recertified, unless it is also seeking renewal, or submit a new application 22 for certification, but DSBO must be able to verify that the socially and economically disadvantaged 23 owner(s) manages and controls the enterprise with regard to the additional type of work.

(3) Independence. Only an independent applicant business enterprise may be
 certified as an MWBE. An independent applicant business enterprise viability cannot depend on its
 relationship with another business enterprise. Recognition of an applicant business enterprise as a
 separate entity for tax or corporate purposes is not necessarily sufficient to demonstrate that the
 applicant business enterprise is independent and not an affiliate. In determining whether an applicant
 business enterprise is an independent business, the DSBO shall, at minimum:

30 a. Examine whether there is actual or potential affiliation between the 31 applicant business enterprise and individuals or non-certified business enterprises. To determine whether affiliation exists, the DSBO considers factors such as ownership, management, previous
relationships with or ties to another individual or non-certified business entity, and contractual
relationships. Affiliation may be based on common management, identity of interest, the newlyorganized-concern rule, joint venture, or any combination thereof;

b. Scrutinize relationships with non-certified business enterprises in areas of
personnel, finance, facilities, other resources. The DSBO may consider shared employees (including
administrative staff), office space, phone numbers, and equipment and whether there is any support
or sharing of bonding capacity, lines of credit, and other resources;

9 c. Consider present or recent employer/employee relationships between the 10 socially and economically disadvantaged individuals of the applicant and non-certified business 11 enterprises or persons associated with non-certified business enterprises;

d. Examine the applicant business enterprise's relationships with non-certified
 business enterprises to determine whether there is a pattern of exclusive or primary dealings with
 non-certified business enterprises; and

e. Consider whether relationships between the applicant business enterprise
 and non-certified business enterprises are consistent with normal industry practice.

17 (4) Actively in business for six (6) months. The applicant business enterprise may
18 not be certified until six (6) months after the satisfaction of each of the following:

19

a. Formation of the applicant business enterprise;

b. Commencement of sustained business activity in the trade or profession
described on the certification application; and

c. Commencement of ownership, management and control of daily business operations by the identified socially and economically disadvantaged minority or woman owner(s).

(5) Lawfully present in the United States. The socially and economically disadvantaged owner(s) must be a citizen of the United States or a lawfully admitted permanent resident of the United States, and must not have the status of an unauthorized worker or otherwise be disqualified from lawfully residing in the United States, engaging in business and seeking this certification. As a condition of certification, owner(s) must comply with all reporting, submittal and other requirements that may be imposed by the city, State of Colorado or United States governments regarding such lawful presence.

(6) Eligibility; rebuttable presumption of social disadvantage; individualized showing
 of social disadvantage; evidence of discrimination.

3 Rebuttably presumed social disadvantage. A socially and economically a. 4 disadvantaged minority individual or woman upon whom the certification application is based must supply credible evidence, by sworn affidavit, that such individual has suffered from past race- or 5 6 gender-based (as applicable) discrimination in association with the conduct of business or the 7 attempted conduct of business as a business enterprise, in the construction or the professional 8 design and construction services industries in the city's marketplace; provided that, any applicant 9 business enterprise owned and controlled by, or any socially and economically disadvantaged 10 minority individual or woman upon whom certification of such applicant business enterprise is sought, 11 who is a member of the racial or ethnic minority groups referenced in section 28-35(36)(a), or is a 12 woman, is rebuttably presumed to be socially disadvantaged under the provisions of section 28-13 35(37) and (49) and, if such minority individual or woman further demonstrates that such minority 14 individual or woman so conducted business or attempted to conduct business in the construction or 15 professional design and construction services industries in the city's marketplace prior to January 1, 16 2006, such minority individual or woman shall in addition be rebuttably presumed to have suffered 17 from discrimination within the city's marketplace and to therefore be eligible to be certified as an 18 MWBE under this article III and its divisions, subject to compliance with all other requirements of 19 sections 28-53 and 28-55.

20 b. social Individualized disadvantage. An individualized socially 21 disadvantaged minority individual upon whom the certification application is based pursuant to 22 section 28-35(37)(b) shall supply credible evidence, by sworn affidavit, (i) that such individual has 23 suffered from past individualized discrimination in association with the conduct of business or the 24 attempted conduct of business as a business enterprise, in the construction or the professional 25 design and construction services industries in general; (ii) that he or she has in addition suffered 26 from such individualized discrimination within the city's marketplace; and (iii) that he conducted 27 business or attempted to conduct business in the city's marketplace as set out in a., above. An 28 individual who makes such a showing shall be deemed to have suffered from individualized 29 discrimination and social disadvantage within the city's marketplace, and therefore be deemed 30 eligible to be certified as an MWBE under this article III and its divisions, subject to compliance with 31 all other requirements of sections 28-53 and 28-55.

1 *Eligibility; showing of economic disadvantage.* A socially and economically (7) 2 disadvantaged minority individual or woman upon whom the certification application is based shall 3 also supply credible evidence, by personal financial statement or as otherwise required by the 4 director, that such individual has a personal net worth equal to or less than the permissible personal 5 net worth amount determined by the U.S. Department of Transportation to be applicable to its DBE 6 programs, or as otherwise determined by the director by rule and regulation as defined in section 7 28-35(25). An individual who makes such a showing shall be deemed to have been economically 8 disadvantaged within the city's marketplace and to therefore be eligible to be certified as an MWBE 9 under this article III and its divisions, subject to compliance with all other requirements of sections 10 28-53 and 28-55.

11 Threshold size; continued eligibility and renewal of certification. No applicant (8) 12 business enterprise or MWBE shall be eligible for initial certification or subsequent certification 13 renewal if such business enterprise, MWBE or SBE combined with any affiliates meets the criteria 14 set forth in section 28-55 for graduation from participation in the goals program established by this 15 article III and its divisions. An MWBE will be certified for a three-year period. Following initial 16 certification, an MWBE that desires to continue its certification shall, no later than thirty (30) days 17 prior to each three-year anniversary of the certification, submit a certification renewal application, 18 which shall update and reaffirm all requirements for certification. No later than thirty (30) days prior 19 to each annual anniversary of the certification, an MWBE shall submit an affidavit certifying that there 20 has been no change in any information affecting certification eligibility, along with other required tax 21 or other financial information and documents. A certification may be terminated by the director upon 22 the failure of the MWBE to satisfy any certification requirement set forth in this article III and its 23 divisions.

24 (9) *City officials, officers, and employees ineligible.* No applicant business enterprise
25 shall be eligible to be certified as an MWBE if ownership or control of such business enterprise is
26 held by a current official, officer or employee of the city.

(10) Interviews, investigation, and onsite visits. The DSBO shall personally interview
all persons upon whom eligibility for certification is based, and is empowered to interview such other
persons and conduct such onsite visits and investigations as may be appropriate in its sole discretion
to verify eligibility for certification. An applicant business enterprise wishing to be certified as an

MWBE shall cooperate with the DSBO in supplying additional information that may be requested in
 order to make a determination.

Sec. 28-54. - Collection of fees by DSBO to defray certification costs of chapter 28 programs.
 DSBO shall charge a certification fee of not to exceed three hundred dollars (\$300.00) to each
 applicant business enterprise seeking to be certified or to have certification(s) renewed under the
 provisions of division 3 of article III and of article VII of this chapter 28.

Sec. 28-55. - MWBE certification and size standards; renewal of certification; decertification;
 graduation.

- 9 (a) No applicant business enterprise shall be certified as an MWBE, and following 10 certification of an MWBE, no certification shall be renewed, if on the effective date of the application 11 or renewal the applicant business enterprise or MWBE (combined with all affiliates) has achieved a 12 size standard exceeding the following size standards:
- 13 For construction, reconstruction and remodeling, and construction management (1) 14 services, applicant business enterprises cannot exceed one hundred (100) percent of the applicable 15 size standards established by the U.S. Small Business Administration ("SBA") at C.F.R. § 121.201. 16 as amended, or successor SBA regulation or classification system, which are incorporated herein 17 by reference. The size standard is based on annual receipts averaged over the three (3) preceding 18 consecutive fiscal years; whether the applicant business has otherwise achieved a size standard 19 based upon its number of employees; or other criteria applicable to any of the work activities for 20 which the applicant business enterprise seeks certification or is certified. The director may adjust or 21 modify such MWBE graduation size standards if it appears, after further inquiry and review by the 22 director, that such standards are no longer appropriate to the purposes of this article III and its 23 divisions.
- 24 (2) For professional design and construction services (excluding construction 25 management), applicant business enterprises cannot exceed fifty (50) percent of the applicable size 26 standards established by the U.S. Small Business Administration ("SBA") at C.F.R. § 121.201, as 27 amended, or successor SBA regulation or classification system, which are incorporated herein by 28 reference. The size standard is based on annual receipts averaged over the three (3) preceding 29 consecutive fiscal years; whether the applicant business has otherwise achieved a size standard 30 based upon its number of employees; or other criteria applicable to any of the work activities for 31 which the applicant business enterprise seeks certification or is certified. The director may adjust or

modify such MWBE graduation size standards if it appears, after further inquiry and review by the
director, that such standards are no longer appropriate to the purposes of this division 3.

3 (b) No applicant business enterprise shall be certified as an MWBE, and following 4 certification of an MWBE, no certification shall be renewed, if on the effective date of the application 5 or renewal the socially and economically disadvantaged minority or woman upon which certification 6 is based is not economically disadvantaged, as defined in section 28-35(25).

7 If an MWBE has been certified by the city in more than one (1) NAICS Code or has an (c) 8 affiliate that has been certified by the city in a NAICS Code other than that of the MWBE, then the 9 annual receipt level or employee or other criterion used as the graduation criterion for such MWBE 10 shall apply separately to each NAICS Code for which the MWBE and its affiliate have been certified. 11 Such an MWBE and any affiliate that has exceeded the graduation criteria in one (1) NAICS Code 12 shall be deemed to be graduated from this article III and its divisions as to that code, and, if the 13 graduation requirements of subsections (a) or (b) above do not apply, may continue to be certified 14 in another NAICS Code having a higher monetary or employee number graduation level but shall no 15 longer be considered eligible to be or remain certified in the NAICS Code with the lower size 16 standard. Such an MWBE or any affiliate that has exceeded the graduation criteria for the largest 17 NAICS Code applicable to its activities shall be deemed to be graduated from this article III and its 18 divisions for the duration of the period in which the MWBE exceeds the graduation criteria. 19 Graduated MWBEs may reapply for certification if they meet the criteria for certification including the 20 requisite size standard. Utilization of MWBEs shall count toward a goal, if any, to the extent that an 21 MWBE is performing a commercially useful function corresponding to a NAICS Code in which it is 22 certified.

(d) Graduation of an MWBE shall not affect the contribution made by the MWBE toward
satisfaction of a participation goal if the work was bid or proposed to be performed by the MWBE
prior to the date of ineligibility for certification based on achievement of the graduation criterion.

(e) Application to affiliates. The graduation criteria set forth above shall be deemed to apply
to the socially and economically disadvantaged minority individual or woman upon whom eligibility
for certification is based and all affiliates of such minority individual or woman. No applicant business
enterprise shall be certified based upon one (1) or more socially and economically disadvantaged
minority individuals or women who owned or who was an affiliate of an MWBE that has become
ineligible for renewal of certification because of the achievement of graduation criteria.

1 (f) The certification status of all MWBEs shall be reviewed periodically by the DSBO. Failure 2 of a certified and eligible MWBE to seek timely renewal of certification by filing the necessary 3 documentation with the DSBO may result in decertification. An MWBE's certification may be 4 suspended for failure to comply with all certification requirements set forth in this article III and its 5 divisions and the rules and regulations.

6 (g) In accordance with the DSBO's regulations, it shall decertify an MWBE that does not 7 continuously meet the eligibility criteria for certification.

8 (1) The MWBE shall notify the DSBO of any change in its circumstances affecting 9 its continued eligibility for certification under this article III and its divisions within thirty (30) days of 10 the MWBE's actual awareness of such change of circumstances. Failure to do so may result in the 11 MWBE's decertification.

12 (2) The director may move to decertify an MWBE that repeatedly fails to respond to 13 requests for quotations from bidders or proposers who timely solicit participation on a contract, attend 14 relevant pre-bid or pre-proposal conferences, honor quotations in good faith, or otherwise comply 15 with the requirements of this article III and its divisions.

(h) An applicant business enterprise or MWBE that has been denied certification or renewal
or certification or been decertified may protest the denial of certification or decertification by the
procedure set out in section 28-69. An applicant business enterprise or MWBE found to be ineligible
for certification or renewal of certification may not apply for certification or renewal of certification for
one (1) year after the effective date of the final decision.

Sec. 28-56. - Third party challenge to certification; renewal of certification; or presumption of
 social disadvantage of minority individual or woman.

Subject to the provisions in this section, a third party may challenge the eligibility of an applicant business enterprise for certification, the eligibility of an MWBE for renewal of certification, or the rebuttable presumption of social disadvantage of a minority individual or woman as provided in section 28-35(37)(a) and (49), respectively. The burden of demonstrating to the director's satisfaction the lack of such eligibility or the rebuttal of such presumption rests with such third party and shall be demonstrated by a preponderance of the evidence.

(a) The eligibility of a challenged applicant business enterprise or MWBE for certification or
 renewal of certification, or the presumption that a minority individual or woman is socially
 disadvantaged, shall remain in effect unless and until the city renders a final decision otherwise.

(b) The challenge to such certification, renewal of certification or presumption shall be made
 in writing to the director by the challenging third party and shall include all information relied upon by
 such party.

4 (c) The director shall notify the challenged applicant business enterprise or MWBE or 5 minority individual or woman, in writing, of the challenge and summarize the grounds for the 6 challenge. The notice may also require the challenged applicant business enterprise, MWBE or 7 minority individual or woman to provide the director, within a reasonable time, any information 8 requested to permit the director to evaluate the eligibility of the applicant business enterprise or 9 MWBE or the validity of the presumption of social disadvantage with respect to a minority individual 10 or woman.

(d) Subject to the limitation in section 28-69(e), a third party putting forth a challenge under
this section, and an applicant business enterprise, MWBE or minority individual or woman that is the
subject of such challenge, may seek review from a decision of the director pursuant to section 28-69.

# 15 **Subdivision II. Participation goals; good faith efforts.**

# 16 Sec. 28-57. - Annual MWBE goal.

17 Of the total dollars spent annually for construction and for professional design and (a) 18 construction services contracts, the director shall establish an aspirational annual goal, consistent 19 with annual reporting under section 28-78 and section 28-79, for MWBE utilization based on the 20 dollars to be spent for construction, reconstruction and remodeling contracts and such a goal for 21 MWBE utilization based on the dollars to be spent for professional design and construction services 22 contracts. For the purpose of setting such annual aspirational goal, construction management 23 services contracts shall be computed in and counted toward the construction area although 24 construction management shall be considered a professional service. The following shall count 25 toward the goal to the extent provided in sections 28-59 and 28-63; portions of work undertaken by 26 MWBEs as contractors, consultants, subcontractors, subconsultants, suppliers, manufacturers, 27 manufacturer's representatives, brokers, teaming agreements or joint venturers, including 28 appropriate portions of work undertaken by subcontractors, subconsultants, suppliers, 29 manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives, and brokers on subsidiary tiers under MWBEs.

30 (b) The director as a basis for the establishment of the aspirational annual goal shall 31 annually during the term hereof determine the present availability of all MWBEs doing business in

the city by profession and trade groupings and recommend the aspirational annual goal to the city 1 2 council for its review. The director shall conduct such inquiries, studies and hearings, and utilize 3 information and assistance from such persons, consultants, entities or organizations, within or 4 without the city, including, but not limited to, the department heads, as the director may, in the 5 exercise of sole discretion, deem necessary to make such annual recommendation.

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The city council shall review the aspirational annual goal recommended by the director, (c) 7 may undertake such additional inquiries as it deems appropriate, and may approve, disapprove or 8 modify the recommended aspirational annual goal by ordinance in each succeeding year. Until the 9 city council approves, disapproves or modifies the aspirational annual goal in a succeeding year, the 10 initial aspirational annual goal established in this section shall continue in effect.

11

# Sec. 28-58. - Project participation goals.

12 The director shall assign for each construction, reconstruction, and remodeling contract (a) 13 or city project as may be applicable, and for each professional design and construction services 14 contract, a unitary contract participation goal, or rather than a unitary contract goal, a goal for each 15 city project, task order or work order issued under a contract, or goal for a separate procurement 16 under a contract, for MWBE utilization based upon a percentage of the dollar value of all work on 17 such contract, project, task order, work order or separate procurement, and, as set out below, the 18 availability of MWBEs to perform the anticipated work and the city's progress toward meeting the 19 annual goal. The determination of whether to assign the goal to the contract, task order, work order 20 or separate procurement under a contract shall occur in cooperation between the DSBO and the 21 user department. If the director determines it to be in the best interests of the city, the director may 22 in consultation with the user department waive the application of a participation goal. The goal 23 percentage assigned by the director may vary from contract to contract, project to project, task order 24 to task order, or work order to work order, consistent with meeting the appropriate overall annual 25 goals, when established. The DSBO shall establish a methodology for the setting of the participation 26 goal, including through rules and regulations. Such methodology shall consider the following factors:

27 To the extent applicable, the effect on the annual goal achievement of the varying (1) 28 levels of availability of MWBEs among industry groupings associated with individual contracts, 29 projects, task orders or work orders and the effect on aspirational annual goal achievement of the 30 participation goal compliance being achieved through good faith efforts resulting in non-utilization of 31 MWBEs.

1 (2) The reasonably known availability of MWBEs in specific industry groupings which 2 are associated with individual contracts, projects, task orders or work orders.

3 (3) For public-private partnership agreements, integrated contracts, on-call 4 contracts, and other contracts that may be procured and awarded without a pre-determined specific 5 project or scope of work, the goal may be set on a per-project basis, per-task-order basis or per-6 work-order basis, or per separate procurement, once a specific scope of work is identified, individual 7 projects are defined, or individual work orders or task orders are authorized, and the contractor can 8 proceed to complete the work for the individual project, task order or work order consistent with the 9 methodology set forth in this section 28-58 and the rules and regulations.

(b) The following contributions shall count toward the goal set by the director as more
 specifically provided below: portions of work undertaken by MWBEs as contractors, consultants,
 subcontractors, subconsultants, suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives, brokers,
 packagers, regular dealers, teaming agreements or joint venturers.

14 (c) The director, at the director's sole discretion, may cause a representative sample of city 15 construction, reconstruction and remodeling, and professional design and construction services 16 contracts or projects to be bid or otherwise selected without a participation goal, in order to determine 17 MWBE utilization on such contracts or projects in the absence of such a goal. Following the first full 18 year of operation of this article III and its divisions, the director shall analyze, based upon such 19 representative sample and other contracts or projects that may otherwise be let with a contract or 20 project participation goal of zero percent (0%), to what extent the originally established annual goal 21 has been met without the imposition of contract or project participation goals. To the extent 22 ascertainable, this information shall be utilized in the setting of the annual goal for the following year.

(d) If a project or contract is let with a zero percent (0%) goal, whether based on the
director's decision under 28-58(c), or established based on project information, and MWBE
subcontractors are later added to the project or contract, then the project or contract shall be
subject to the requirements of this article III and its divisions, including for violations and
enforcement.

# 28 Sec. 28-59. - Contracts for construction, reconstruction and remodeling—Identification of 29 participating MWBE's.

30 (a) At the time of bid opening or date established by the user department of proposal in the 31 case of a competitive selection process, the bidder or proposer shall provide to the city or private owner DSBO required forms, which may include a letter of intent as required by the DSBO, of all
 MWBEs to be utilized toward the satisfaction of the participation goal whether as a self-performing
 bidder or proposer or as subcontractors, suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives,
 brokers or members of a joint venture or teaming agreement. The DSBO required forms shall specify:

5

(1) The name and contact information for the MWBE;

6 (2) The dollar value and description of the commercially useful function to be 7 performed by the MWBE, consistent with subsections (d) and (e). In the case of utilization of a 8 supplier, manufacturer, manufacturer's representative, or broker, the appropriate percentage of 9 dollar value attributable to such MWBE as a commercially useful function shall be calculated with all 10 underlying data supplied. If the proposer provides a dollar fee value amount, then both the dollar 11 value and percentage must be listed in the proposal;

12 (3) The designation of each participating MWBE's applicable scope of work,
13 including the NAICS code, intended to count toward the participation goal. The MWBE firm must be
14 certified in the applicable scope of work in order for their participation to count toward the goal;

(4) An adequate statement from the bidder or proposer that the dollar amount of
work to be performed by such MWBE on the contract, other than that self-performed by the bidder
or proposer, was furnished to the MWBE and agreed upon prior to bid opening or date of proposal
in the case of a competitive selection process; and

19 (5) An adequate statement from the bidder or proposer that it understands that a 20 letter of intent, including, but not limited to, values provided by self-performing bidders or proposers, 21 joint venturers, teaming agreement participants, subcontractors, suppliers, manufacturers, 22 manufacturer's representatives, and brokers, expressed in dollar values and as a percentage of the 23 overall work, must be submitted to the director for each MWBE listed, including a self-performing 24 bidder or proposer, at the time bids are opened by the city, or by the date of proposal in the case of 25 a competitive selection process, or bid selection made by a private owner, or some other time 26 specified by the DSBO and the user department.

(b) Only that level of MWBE utilization demonstrated in accordance with this section at the
time of such bid opening, date of proposal in the case of a competitive selection process or private
selection, or some other time specified by the DSBO and user department may be counted in
satisfaction of the participation goal, except as otherwise set out in sections 28-68 and 28-70.
Bidders or proposers must submit an executed letter of intent for each MWBE listed by the bidder or

proposer, including a self-performing bidder or proposer, and any other DSBO required forms at the 1 2 time bids are opened, proposals are received, in the case of a competitive selection process, or bid 3 selection is made, or some other time specified by the DSBO and the user department. The required 4 information shall be provided in a letter of intent, along with commitment forms and any other document or form specified for the particular procurement by the user department, the DBSO and 5 6 the rules and regulations. Failure to submit completed DSBO required forms, letters of intent, and 7 other required commitment forms or any other documents or forms may render the bid or proposal 8 nonresponsive.

9 For on-call construction contracts, integrated contracts, design-build contracts, (c) 10 construction manager-general contractor contracts, public-private partnership agreements and other 11 contracts that may be procured and awarded without a pre-determined specific project or scope of 12 work, the director in consultation with the department head may require a utilization plan pursuant 13 to section 28-62(b). In such event, the proposer may not be required to demonstrate MWBE 14 utilization at the time of bid opening or date of proposal, but will be required to develop an approved 15 utilization plan to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of this article III and its divisions 16 and the rules and regulations. The utilization plan shall be required either at the time of submission 17 of a proposal or at some other time as required by the department head and the DSBO. The DSBO 18 in conjunction with the department head is responsible for the review and assessment of utilization 19 plans.

20 (d) All MWBE contractors, subcontractors, joint venturers, suppliers, manufacturers, 21 manufacturer's representatives, or brokers listed in a bid or proposal must actually perform a 22 commercially useful function in the work of a contract within the area(s) for which they are certified. 23 and must not function as a conduit. Consistent with industry or professional practice, and as 24 permitted by rules and regulations adopted by the director, MWBE's may enter into subcontracts, 25 including subcontracts with non- MWBE's. In no case, however, shall an MWBE act as a conduit, 26 nor shall the participation of an MWBE count toward a participation goal to the extent it fails to 27 perform a commercially useful function.

(e) All expenditures for materials, supplies, and equipment obtained from an MWBE
 manufacturer, manufacturer's representative or supplier shall count toward the appropriate
 participation goal as specified in section 28-35(51). Expenditures for materials, supplies, and
 equipment paid to MWBE's that are not manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives or suppliers

may count toward an appropriate participation goal only to the extent offers or commissions charged 1 2 for providing a bona fide service, such as professional, technical, consultant, or managerial services 3 and assistance in the procurement of essential personnel, facilities, equipment, materials, or 4 supplies required for performance of the contract; provided that the fee or commission is determined by the DSBO to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees customarily allowed for 5 6 similar services.

7 Any agreement between a bidder or proposer and an MWBE in which the bidder or (f) 8 proposer requires that the MWBE not provide subcontracting guotations to other bidders or 9 proposers is prohibited and shall render a bidder's bid or proposer's proposal nonresponsive.

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### Sec. 28-60. - Contracts for construction, reconstruction and remodeling—Good faith efforts.

11 If the bidder or proposer has not fully met the participation goal as provided in section (a) 12 28-62, then it shall demonstrate that it has made good faith efforts to meet such goal. The bidder or 13 proposer shall furnish to the director at the time of bid opening by the city or on or before the time of 14 the proposal submitted to and authorized by the city pursuant to a competitive selection process, or 15 bid selection by a private owner, or some other time specified by the DSBO and the user department 16 a detailed statement of its good faith efforts to meet the participation goal established by the director. 17 This statement shall address each of the items in subsection (b), below, and any additional criteria 18 that the director may establish by rule or regulation consistent with the purposes of this article III and 19 its divisions. Good faith efforts must be demonstrated to be meaningful and not merely for formalistic 20 compliance with this article III and its divisions. The scope and substance of the efforts will be 21 considered in determining whether the bidder or proposer has achieved a good faith effort.

22 The statement of good faith efforts shall include a specific response and verification with (b) 23 respect to each of the following good faith effort categories, which may be further defined by rule or 24 regulation. A bidder or proposer may include any additional information it believes may be relevant. 25 Failure of a bidder or proposer to show good faith efforts as to any one (1) of the following categories 26 shall render its overall good faith effort showing insufficient and its bid or proposal nonresponsive:

27 If pre-bid or pre-proposal meetings are scheduled by the city at which MWBEs (1) 28 may be informed of subcontracting or joint venture opportunities under a proposed negotiated 29 construction or construction related services contract, and attendance at such pre-bid or pre-30 proposal meetings is not deemed mandatory, bidders or proposers are nonetheless responsible for 31 the information provided at these meetings whether or not they attend.

1 (2) The bidder or proposer must solicit through all reasonable and available means 2 the interest of all MWBEs certified in the scopes of work of the contract. The bidder or proposer must 3 solicit the interest of such MWBEs within sufficient time, prior to the bid opening or date of proposal 4 in the case of a competitive selection process, to allow such MWBEs to respond to the solicitation. 5 The bidder or proposer must determine with certainty if the MWBEs are interested by demonstrating 6 appropriate steps in following up on initial solicitations.

7 The bidder or proposer must select portions of the work of the contract to be (3) 8 performed by MWBEs in order to increase the likelihood that the participation goal will be achieved. This includes, where appropriate, breaking out contract work items into economically feasible units 9 10 to facilitate MWBE participation as subcontractors, teaming agreement participants or joint 11 venturers, and for bidder or proposer self-performed work, as suppliers, manufacturers, 12 manufacturer's representatives and brokers, all reasonably consistent with industry practice, even 13 when the bidder or proposer would otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces. 14 The bidder or proposer must identify what portions of the contract will be self-performed and what portions of the contract will be opened to solicitation of bids, proposals and quotes from MWBEs. All 15 16 portions of the contract not self-performed must be solicited for MSE and WBE participation. The 17 ability or desire of a bidder or proposer to perform the work of a contract with its own forces does not 18 relieve the bidder or proposer of the responsibility to meet the participation goal or demonstrate good 19 faith efforts to do so.

20 (4) The bidder or proposer, consistent with industry practice, must provide MWBEs
21 at a clearly stated location with timely, adequate access to and information about the plans,
22 specifications, and requirements of the contract, including bonding and insurance requirements, if
23 any, to assist them in responding to a solicitation.

(5) The bidder or proposer must negotiate in good faith with interested MWBEs and
 provide written documentation of such negotiation with each such MWBE.

(6) For each MWBE that contacted the bidder or proposer or that the bidder or
proposer contacted or attempted to subcontract, enter into a teaming agreement or joint venture
with, consistent with industry practice, the bidder or proposer must supply a statement giving the
reasons why the bidder or proposer and the MWBE did not succeed in negotiating a subcontracting,
supplier, manufacturer, manufacturer's representative, broker or joint venture agreement, as
applicable.

1 The bidder or proposer must provide verification that it rejected each non-utilized (7) 2 MWBE because the MWBE did not submit the lowest bid or it was not qualified. Such verification 3 shall include a verified statement of the amounts of all bids received from potential or utilized 4 subcontractors, suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives, brokers or joint venturers on the contract, whether or not they are MWBEs. In determining that an MWBE is not gualified, the 5 6 bidder or proposer shall be guided by the definition of gualified in section 28-35(47), but evidence of 7 lack of qualification must be based on factors other than solely the amount of the MWBE 's bid. For 8 each MWBE found not to be gualified by the bidder or proposer, the verification shall include a 9 statement giving the bidder's or proposer's reasons for its conclusion. A bidder's or proposer's 10 industry standing or group memberships may not be the cause of rejection of an MWBE. A bidder or 11 proposer may not reject an MWBE as being ungualified without sound reasons based on a 12 reasonably thorough investigation and assessment of the MWBE 's capabilities and expertise.

(8) If requested by a solicited MWBE, the bidder or proposer must make reasonable
efforts to assist interested MWBEs in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, alternative payment or
performance guarantees, or insurance as required by the city or by the bidder or proposer, provided
that the bidder or proposer need not provide financial assistance toward this effort.

17 (9) If requested by a solicited MWBE, the bidder or proposer must make reasonable
efforts to assist interested MWBEs in obtaining necessary and competitively priced equipment,
supplies, materials, or related assistance or services for performance under the contract, provided
that the bidder or proposer need not provide financial assistance toward this effort.

(10) The bidder or proposer must use the DSBO MWBE directories to identify,
 recruit, and retain MWBEs.

(c) In determining whether a bidder or proposer has satisfied good faith efforts as to a
 participation goal, the success or failure of other bidders or proposers on the contract in meeting
 such participation goal may be considered.

(d) The good faith effort factors in section 28-60(b) shall also apply to conditions arising
under section 28-74(c). Proposers or contractors are required to make continuous good faith efforts
throughout the contract term and document these efforts. User departments will notify the DSBO of
impending contract closeout to allow the DSBO to request remaining good faith efforts and other
required documents from the contractor. Contractor may remain subject to the requirements
including potential violations of this article III and its divisions after contract closeout.

#### 1 Sec. 28-61. - Contracts for construction, reconstruction and remodeling—Responsive and 2 nonresponsive bids or proposals.

- 3 Responsive; compliance with requirements. If the low monetary bid or competitive (a) 4 selection process proposal subject to a participation goal meets such goal or shows adequate good 5 faith efforts as set out in sections 28-60 or 28-64, then the director shall notify the department head 6 to regard the bid or proposal as responsive as to compliance with this article III and its divisions.
- 7 *Failure to meet requirements.* If a bid or proposal subject to a participation goal does (b) 8 not meet such goal or show good faith efforts as set out in sections 28-60 or 28-64, or provide timely 9 information as set out in section 28-59, then the director shall notify the department head to regard 10 the bid or proposal as nonresponsive, and such determination shall result in no further consideration 11 by the city or private owner of the bid or proposal.
- 12 Good faith efforts—Informal meeting. If the director finds inadequacies in a bidder or (c) 13 proposer's demonstration of good faith efforts under section 28-60, the director will provide written 14 notice of such inadequacies to the bidder or proposer, consistent with section 28-61(b), above, and 15 the appropriate department head of bid or proposal nonresponsiveness. Within two (2) business 16 days from the date that the city notifies the bidder or proposer of the inadequacies of its 17 demonstration of good faith efforts, the bidder or proposer may request an informal meeting with the 18 director. Such informal meeting shall be scheduled by the director. All deficiencies in good faith 19 efforts shall be explained to the bidder or proposer at such informal meeting. Within twenty-four (24) 20 hours after the informal meeting, the bidder or proposer shall be allowed to submit additional 21 information or to clarify the original good faith efforts. The director will at no time, however, allow 22 additional subcontractors, joint venturers, suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives 23 or brokers that may later be added to the contract or to the original MWBE participation submitted at 24 the time of the bid or date of proposal in the case of a competitive selection process to be counted 25 toward meeting of the participation goal. After this informal meeting, the director will:
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(1) Determine whether the bidder or proposal will be responsive or nonresponsive;

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- (2) Make the notification as stated in subsection (b) above, as applicable; and
- 28 (3) Provide written notice to the bidder or proposer of the director's final 29 determination.

30 Sec. 28-62. - Contracts for construction, reconstruction and remodeling—Compliance with 31 participation goals.

1 (a) The bid or competitive selection process specifications for each applicable contract shall 2 require that all bidders or proposers seeking to contract with the city or a private owner on such 3 project shall address the participation goal through one (1) or more of the following subsections, or 4 by demonstrating good faith efforts as set out in section 28-60:

5 (1) If the bidder or proposer is an MWBE, the value of the commercially useful 6 function to be self-performed by the MWBE shall count to the extent provided in section 28-59 toward 7 satisfaction of the participation goal. If the level of self-performed work does not satisfy the goal, the 8 MWBE bidder or proposer must utilize additional MWBE firms or submit good faith efforts .

9 (2) If the bidder or proposer utilizes MWBEs as subcontractors, suppliers, 10 manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives or brokers, the value of the commercially useful 11 function to be performed by such MWBEs shall count to the extent provided in section 28-59 toward 12 satisfaction of the participation goal; or

13 If the bidder or proposer submits a joint venture agreement that includes one (1) (3) 14 or more MWBEs, the value of the commercially useful function to be performed by the MWBEs in 15 the joint venture as the distinct, clearly defined portion of the work of the joint venture agreement 16 that the MWBE performs with its own forces or for which it is separately at risk shall count to the 17 extent provided in section 28-59 toward satisfaction of the participation goal. The joint venture 18 agreement is subject to review and approval by the director, and shall be provided to the director at 19 least ten (10) days prior to the date of bid opening or the date of proposal, in the case of a competitive 20 selection process unless otherwise set forth in the request for bids or proposals.

21 If the bidder or proposer submits a teaming agreement that includes one (1) or (4) 22 more MWBEs, the value of the commercially useful function to be performed by the MWBEs in the 23 teaming agreement as the distinct, clearly defined portion of the work of the teaming agreement that 24 the MWBE performs with its own forces or for which it is separately at risk shall count to the extent 25 provided in section 28-59 toward satisfaction of the participation goal. The teaming agreement is 26 subject to review and approval by the director, and the teaming agreement shall be provided to the 27 director at least ten (10) days prior to the date of bid opening or the date of proposal, in the case of 28 a competitive selection process unless otherwise set forth in the request for bids or proposals. 29 Teaming agreement participation will count toward the satisfaction of the participation goal upon 30 confirmation by the director of the utilization in the teaming agreement arrangement and full 31 integration of work forces by the teaming agreement parties.

1 For contracts selected in accordance with sections 2.3.3(A) and 2.11.3(8) of the city (b) 2 charter, and D.R.M.C. sections 5-19 and 20-56, including design-build contracts; construction 3 manager-general contractor contracts; on-call construction contracts; integrated contracts; or public-4 private partnership agreements; the director in collaboration with the department head may determine to address the participation goal by means of a utilization plan for utilization of MWBEs 5 6 on such contract, which may also include setting of goals on a per-project basis consistent with 7 section 28-58, or for alternative demonstration of good faith efforts by the proposer. In that event, 8 the department head shall request that the director approve the utilization of such a utilization plan, 9 consistent with the scope and intent of this article III and its divisions. The development, scope and 10 utilization of such utilization plans shall be addressed in rules and regulations promulgated by the 11 director.

12 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article III and its divisions, in the event that 13 a department head finds with respect to a particular contract that the best interests of the city would 14 be served by the negotiation of a contract, including but not limited to a design-build or construction manager-general contractor contract, through a competitive selection process based wholly on 15 16 quality, without reference to selection by low bid of the contractor or its subcontractors or suppliers, the analysis of the MWBE utilization or good faith effort by such contractor shall be determined on 17 18 the basis set out in sections 28-63 through 28-66, provided that, in the event of such an analysis, all 19 references in those sections to respectively, consultant or subconsultant, shall also be deemed to 20 refer to, respectively, contractor or subcontractor.

## Sec. 28-62.5. - Contracts for construction, reconstruction and remodeling—Joint ventures and teaming agreements.

23 A proposer or bidder may opt to meet the participation goal through a joint venture or (a) 24 teaming agreement. Only the portion of the total dollar value of a joint venture contract equal to the 25 distinct, clearly defined work that the MWBE performs with its own forces as a commercially useful 26 function will count towards MWBE participation. As to each joint venture under this section, a written 27 joint venture agreement must be completed by all parties to the joint venture and executed, which 28 clearly delineates the rights and responsibilities of each member or partner, complies with any 29 requirements of the division of small business opportunity as set forth in bid documents or otherwise. 30 and provides that the joint venture shall continue for, at a minimum, the duration of the project.

1 (b) The division of small business opportunity shall review and approve all contractual 2 agreements regarding the terms and provisions of each joint venture relationship prior to the award 3 of a contract, including agreements pertaining to:

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The initial capital investment of each venture partner; (1)

5 (2) The proportional allocation of profits and losses to each venture partner; no 6 MWBE venture partner's liability should ever exceed said partners percentage of revenue earned 7 while a participant in the joint venture;

8 (3) The sharing of the right to control the ownership and management of the joint 9 venture;

- Actual participation of the venture partners on the project; (4)
- 11 (5) The method of and responsibility for accounting;
- 12 (6) The method by which disputes are resolved; and

13 (7) Any additional or further information required by the division of small business 14 opportunity as set forth in bid documents or otherwise.

15 Nothing herein shall prevent the manager of the user agency from determining appropriate contract 16 terms for a joint venture on behalf of the city when entering into the contract with the selected 17 contractor.

18 As to each teaming agreement under this section, a written teaming agreement must be (c) completed by all parties to the teaming agreement and executed, which clearly delineates the rights 19 20 and responsibilities of each teaming party, complies with any requirements of the division of small 21 business opportunity as set forth in the bid or proposal documents or otherwise, and provides that 22 the teaming agreement shall continue for, at a minimum, the duration of the project.

23 (d) The division of small business opportunity shall review and approve all contractual 24 agreements regarding the terms and provisions of each teaming agreement prior to the award of a 25 contact, including agreements pertaining to:

26

(2)

Actual participation of the teaming members on the project;

The high value work to be performed by the teaming members;

27

(1)

- 28
- (3) The method by which disputes are resolved; and

29 Any additional or further information required by the division of small business (4) 30 opportunity as set forth in the bid documents or otherwise.

1 (e) Joint ventures and teaming parties shall submit agreements for pre-approval no later 2 than ten (10) business days prior to the date set for receipt of bids or proposals on a project, but in 3 no event later than designated in the bid documents or requests for proposals. A bid or proposal 4 submitted by a joint venture or teaming relationship that does not meet the joint venture agreement 5 or teaming agreement requirements as applicable, in accordance with the requirements of this 6 section shall be deemed nonresponsive and rejected.

7 (f) The joint venture, each member of the joint venture, or the teaming parties shall provide 8 the division of small business opportunity access to review all records pertaining to joint venture 9 agreements or teaming agreements before and after the award of a contract in order to reasonably 10 assess compliance with this section.

(g) If, after the award of a contract to a joint venture or team, any member of the joint venture or team believes that the terms and conditions of the agreement as approved by the division of small business opportunity have not been complied with, then such member may seek the DSBO's and the user department's assistance with review and resolution of the issue. The request for review must be made in writing.

(h) [Reserved]

16

17

(i) [Reserved]

(j) If, after the award of a contract, a dispute arises between the prime contractor and a
 subcontractor regarding performance of work or provision of services or supplies on the eligible
 project, then such prime contractor or subcontractor may seek the DSBO's and the user
 department's assistance with review and resolution of the issue. The request for review must be
 made in writing.

(k) Within twenty (20) calendar days of receipt of a request for review, if the dispute has
not been resolved informally among the parties, the DSBO will recommend and schedule an informal
meeting among the parties.

26 (I) The director shall have authority to make recommendations in an attempt to resolve the27 dispute.

(m) In the event that the DSBO's informal procedures do not resolve the disputes, the
DSBO shall have the option of referring the dispute to a qualified outside mediator, contingent upon
the consent of the interested parties, with the costs to be borne by the disputing parties.

Sec. 28-63. - Contracts for professional design and construction services—Identification of
 participating MWBEs.

1 At the time of the proposal submission to and authorized by the city or a private owner, (a) 2 the proposer shall provide to the city or private owner a the specified DSBO required forms of all 3 MWBEs that are being utilized toward the satisfaction of the participation goal whether as a self-4 subconsultants. suppliers, performing proposer. or as manufacturers. manufacturer's representatives, brokers or members of a joint venture or teaming agreement. Unless otherwise 5 6 specified in a request for qualifications, request for proposal or other proposal solicitation, in the 7 event that a proposal is requested for the provision of professional design and construction services 8 for a period of time, with known delineation of the dollar amount of professional design and 9 construction services projects, the proposer need list the percentage participation and dollar amount 10 of MWBEs. The DSBO required forms shall specify:

11

(1) The name and contact information for the MWBE;

12 (2) The dollar value and description of the commercially useful function to be 13 performed by the MWBE consistent with subsections (d) and (e). In the case of utilization of a 14 supplier, manufacturer, manufacturer's representative or broker, the appropriate percentage of dollar 15 value attributable to such business enterprise as a commercially useful function shall be calculated 16 with all underlying data supplied. If the proposer provides a dollar fee amount, then both the dollar 17 value and percentage must be listed in the proposal;

18 (3) The designation of each participating MWBE's applicable scope of work,
19 including the NAICS code, intended to count toward the participation goal. The MWBE firm must be
20 certified in the applicable scope of work for their participation to count toward the goal;

(4) An adequate statement from the proposer that the dollar amount of work or the
percentage of the work (whichever is applicable) to be performed by such MWBEs on the contract,
other than that self-performed by the proposer, was furnished to the proposer and agreed upon by
the MWBE prior to the time of submission of the proposal submitted to and authorized by the city or
a private owner; and

(5) An adequate statement from the proposer that it understands that a letter of
intent, including, but not limited to, values provided by self-performing proposers, joint venturers,
subconsultants, suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives and brokers, expressed
in dollar values and as a percentage of the overall work, must be submitted to the director for each
MWBE listed, including a self-performing proposer, at the time of submission of a proposal submitted
to and authorized by the city or a private owner.

1 Only that level of MWBE utilization demonstrated in accordance with this section at the (b) 2 time of the proposal submitted to and authorized by the city or a private owner may be counted 3 toward meeting the participation goal except as otherwise set out in sections 28-68 and 28-70. 4 Proposers must submit such an executed letter of intent for each MWBE listed by the proposer. including a self-performing proposer, and any other DSBO required forms at the time of the 5 6 submission of the proposal submitted to and authorized by the city or a private owner. Failure to 7 timely submit the required letter of intent along with any other DSBO required forms or any other 8 form or document as may be required in the procurement documents and the rules and regulations 9 may render the proposal nonresponsive.

10 For on-call design or professional services, and other design or professional services (c) 11 contracts that may be procured and awarded without a pre-determined specific project or scope of 12 work, the director in consultation with the department head may require a utilization plan for contracts 13 that do not delineate the dollar amount of specific projects, scopes of work, and work orders or task 14 orders pursuant to section 28-59. In such event, proposer shall not be required to demonstrate 15 MWBE utilization at the time the proposal is submitted, but will be required to develop an approved 16 utilization plan to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of this article III and its divisions 17 and as set forth in the rules and regulations. The utilization plan shall be required either at the time 18 of submission of a proposal or at some other time as required by the department head and DSBO. 19 DSBO in conjunction with the user department is responsible for the review and assessment of 20 utilization plans.

21 All MWBE consultants, subconsultants, joint venturers, suppliers, manufacturers, (d) 22 manufacturer's representatives or brokers listed in a proposal must actually perform a commercially 23 useful function in the work of a contract within the area(s) for which they are certified, and must not 24 function as a conduit. Consistent with industry or professional practice, and as permitted by rules 25 and regulations adopted by the director, MWBEs may enter into subcontracts, including subcontracts 26 with non- MWBEs. In no case, however, shall an MWBE act as a conduit, nor shall the participation 27 of an MWBE count toward a participation goal to the extent it fails to perform a commercially useful 28 function.

(e) All expenditures for materials, supplies and equipment obtained from an MWBE
 manufacturer, manufacturer's representative or supplier shall count toward the participation goal as
 specified in section 28-35(33) and section 28-35(51).

1 (f) Any agreement between a proposer and an MWBE in which the proposer requires that 2 the MWBE not provide subconsulting quotations to other proposers is prohibited and shall render a 3 proposer's proposal nonresponsive.

4 Sec. 28-64. - Contracts for professional design and construction services—Good faith efforts.

5 If the proposer has not fully met the participation goal as provided in section 28-66, then (a) 6 it shall demonstrate that it has made good faith efforts to meet such goal. The proposer shall furnish 7 to the director on or before the time of the proposal submitted to and authorized by the city or a 8 private owner, a detailed statement of its good faith efforts to meet the participation goal set by the 9 director. This statement shall address each of the items in subsection (b) and any additional criteria 10 that the director may establish by rule or regulation consistent with the purposes of this article III and 11 its divisions. Good faith efforts must be demonstrated to be meaningful and not merely for formalistic 12 compliance with this article III and its divisions. Substantive and meaningful efforts will be considered 13 in determining whether the bidder or proposer has complied with the good faith effort requirements.

(b) The statement of good faith efforts shall include a specific response and verification with respect to each of the following good faith effort categories, which may be further defined by rule or regulation. A proposer may include any additional information it believes may be relevant. Failure of a proposer to show good faith efforts as to any one (1) of the following categories shall render its overall good faith effort showing insufficient and its proposal nonresponsive:

19 (1) If pre-proposal meetings are scheduled by the city at which MWBEs may be 20 informed of subconsulting or joint venture opportunities under a proposed negotiated professional 21 services contract, including design, and construction services contract, attendance at such pre-22 proposal meetings is not mandatory; however, proposers are responsible for the information 23 provided at these meetings.

(2) The proposer must solicit through all reasonable and available means the interest
of all MWBEs certified in the scopes of work of the contract. The proposer must solicit the interest of
such MWBEs within sufficient time, prior to the date of the proposal, to allow such MWBEs to respond
to the solicitation. The proposer must determine with certainty if the MWBEs are interested by
demonstrating appropriate in following up initial solicitations.

(3) The proposer must select portions of the services of the contract to be performed
by MWBEs in order to increase the likelihood that the participation goal will be achieved. This
includes, where appropriate, using best efforts to break out contract service items into economically

1 feasible units to facilitate MWBE participation as subconsultants or joint venturers, and for proposer 2 self-performed work, as suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representative and brokers, all 3 reasonably consistent with industry and professional practice, even when the proposer would 4 otherwise prefer to perform these services with its own staff. The proposer must identify what portions of the contract will be self-performed and what portions of the contract were selected for 5 6 solicitation of statements of qualification or proposals from MWBEs. All portions of the contract not 7 self-performed must be solicited for MWBE participation within the relevant certification and scopes 8 of work. The ability or desire of a proposer to perform the services of a contract with its own staff 9 does not relieve the proposer of the responsibility to meet the participation goal or demonstrate good 10 faith efforts to do so.

(4) The proposer, consistent with industry and professional practice, must provide
MWBEs at a clearly stated location with timely, adequate access to and information about the plans,
specifications, and requirements of the contract, including insurance requirements, if any, to assist
them in responding to a solicitation.

15 (5) The proposer must negotiate in good faith with interested MWBEs and provide
16 written documentation of such negotiation with each such MWBE.

17 (6) For each MWBE that contacted the proposer or that the proposer contacted or 18 attempted to subconsult or joint venture with, consistent with industry and professional practice, the 19 proposer must supply a statement giving the reasons why the proposer and the MWBE did not 20 succeed in negotiating a subconsulting, supplier, manufacturer, manufacturer's representative, 21 broker or joint venture agreement, as applicable.

22 The proposer must provide verification that it rejected each non-utilized MWBE (7)23 because the MWBE was not qualified. Such verification shall include a verified statement of the 24 proposals received from potential or utilized subconsultants, suppliers, manufacturers, 25 manufacturer's representative or brokers on the contract, whether or not they are MWBEs. In making 26 such a determination of not being qualified, the proposer shall be guided by the definition of qualified 27 in section 28-35(47). For each MWBE found not to be qualified by the proposer, the verification shall 28 include a statement giving the proposer's reasons for its conclusion. A proposer's industry or 29 professional standing or group memberships may not be the cause of rejection of an MWBE. A 30 proposer may not reject an MWBE as being ungualified without sound reasons based on a 31 reasonably thorough investigation and assessment of the MWBE 's capabilities and expertise.

1 (8) If requested by a solicited MWBE, the proposer must make reasonable efforts to 2 assist interested MWBEs in obtaining alternative payment or performance guarantees or insurance 3 as required by the city or by the proposer, provided that the proposer need not provide financial 4 assistance toward this effort.

5 (9) If requested by a solicited MWBE, the proposer must make reasonable efforts to 6 assist interested MWBEs in obtaining necessary and competitively priced equipment, supplies, 7 materials, or related assistance or services for performance under the contract, provided that the 8 proposer need not provide financial assistance toward this effort.

9 (10) The proposer must use the DSBO MWBE directories to identify, recruit and 10 place MWBEs.

(c) In determining whether a proposer has satisfied good faith efforts as to a participation
 goal, the success or failure of other proposers on the contract in meeting such participation goal may
 be considered.

(d) These factors shall also apply to instances where the participation goal may not be met. Proposers or contractors are required to make continuous good faith efforts throughout the contract term, and document these efforts. in . User departments will notify the DSBO of impending contract closeout to allow the DSBO to request remaining good faith efforts and other required documents from the contractor. Contractor may remain subject to the requirements including potential violations of this article III and its divisions after contract closeout.

Sec. 28-65. - Contracts for professional design and construction services—-Responsive and
 nonresponsive proposals.

(a) *Responsive; compliance with requirements.* If the proposal submitted to and authorized
by the city or a private owner subject to a participation goal meets such goal or shows adequate
good faith efforts as set out in sections 28-64 or 28-66, then the director shall notify the department
head that the proposal is responsive as to compliance with this division 3.

(b) *Failure to meet requirements.* If such a proposal subject to a participation goal does not meet such goal or show good faith efforts as set out in sections 28-64 or 28-66, or provide timely information as set out in section 28-63, then the director shall notify the department head that the proposal is nonresponsive, and such determination shall result in no further consideration by the city or private owner of the proposal.

1 Good faith efforts—Informal meeting. In the event the director finds inadequacies in a (c) 2 bidder or proposer's demonstration of good faith efforts under section 28-64, the director will provide 3 written notice of such inadequacies to the bidder or proposer prior to notifying the appropriate 4 department head of bid or proposal responsiveness. Within two (2) business days from the date that the city notifies the bidder or proposer of the inadequacies of its demonstration of good faith efforts, 5 6 the bidder or proposer may request an informal meeting with the director. Such informal meeting 7 shall be scheduled by the director. All deficiencies in good faith efforts shall be explained to the 8 bidder or proposer at such informal meeting. Within twenty-four (24) hours after the informal meeting, 9 the bidder or proposer shall be allowed to submit additional information or to clarify the original good 10 faith efforts. The director will at no time, however, allow additional subconsultants, joint venturers, 11 suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives or brokers that may later be added to the 12 contract or to the original participation goal participation submitted at the time of the submission of 13 the proposal submitted to and authorized by the city or a private owner to be counted toward meeting 14 of the participation goal. After this informal meeting, the director will:

15

(i) Determine whether the proposal will be responsive or nonresponsive;

16 17 (ii) Make the notification as stated in subsection (b) above, as applicable; and

(iii) Provide written notice to the proposer of the director's final determination.

## Sec. 28-66. - Contracts for professional design and construction services—Compliance with participation goals.

(a) The proposal specifications for each professional design and construction services
 contract shall require that all proposers seeking to contract with the city or a private owner on such
 project shall address the participation goal through one (1) or more of the following subsections, or
 by demonstrating good faith efforts as set out in section 28-64:

(1) If the proposer is an MWBE, the value of the commercially useful function to be
self-performed by the MWBE, shall count to the extent provided in section 28-63 toward satisfaction
of the participation goal. If the level of self-performed work does not satisfy the requirements to meet
the goal, the MWBE proposer must utilize additional MWBE firms or submit good faith efforts
substantiating why they could not meet the goal.

(2) If the bidder or proposer utilizes MWBEs as subconsultants, suppliers,
 manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives or brokers, the value of the commercially useful

function to be performed by such MWBEs, shall count to the extent provided in section 28-63 toward
 satisfaction of the participation goal.

3 (3) If the proposer submits a joint venture agreement that includes one (1) or more 4 MWBEs, the value of the commercially useful function to be performed by the MWBEs in the joint venture as the distinct, clearly defined portion of the work of the joint venture agreement that the 5 6 MWBE performs with its own forces or for which it is separately at risk shall count to the extent 7 provided in section 28-63 toward meeting the participation goal. The joint venture is subject to review 8 and approval by the director, and the joint venture agreement shall be provided to the director within 9 a time period consistent with section 28-66.5. Joint venturer participation will count toward the 10 satisfaction of the participation goal upon confirmation by the director of the utilization in the joint 11 venture of joint management and full integration of work forces by the joint venturers; or

12 (4) If the proposer utilizes MWBEs as subconsultants, suppliers, manufacturers,
 13 manufacturer's representatives or brokers, the value of the commercially useful function to be
 14 performed by such MWBEs shall count to the extent provided in section 28-63 toward satisfaction of
 15 the participation goal.

## Sec. 28-66.5. - Contracts for professional design and construction services—Joint ventures and teaming agreements.

(a) A proposer may opt to meet the goal through a joint venture or teaming agreement. As
to each joint venture under this section, a written joint venture agreement must be completed by all
parties to the joint venture and executed, which clearly delineates the rights and responsibilities of
each member or partner, complies with any requirements of the division of small business
opportunity as set forth in bid documents or otherwise, and provides that the joint venture shall
continue for, at a minimum, the duration of the project.

(b) The division of small business opportunity shall review and approve all contractual
 agreements regarding the terms and provisions of each joint venture relationship to the award of a
 contract subject to this division, including agreements pertaining to:

27

(1) The initial capital investment of each venture partner;

(2) The proportional allocation of profits and losses to each venture partner; no
 MWBE venture partner's liability should ever exceed said partners percentage of revenue earned
 while a participant in the joint venture;

- 1 (3) The sharing of the right to control the ownership and management of the joint 2 venture;
- 3

4

- (4) Actual participation of the venture partners on the project;
- (5) The method of and responsibility for accounting;
- 5

(6) The method by which disputes are resolved; and

6 (7) Any additional or further information required by the division of small business 7 opportunity as set forth in bid documents or otherwise.

Nothing herein shall prevent the manager of the user agency determining appropriate contract terms
for a joint venture on behalf of the city when entering into the contract with the selected contractor.

10 (c) As to each teaming agreement under this section, a written teaming agreement must be 11 completed by all parties to the teaming agreement and executed, which clearly delineates the rights 12 and responsibilities of each teaming party, complies with any requirements of the division of small 13 business opportunity as set forth in the bid documents or otherwise, and provides that the teaming 14 agreement shall continue for, at a minimum, the duration of the project.

15 (d) The division of small business opportunity shall review and approve all contractual 16 agreements regarding the terms and provisions of each teaming agreement prior to the award of a 17 contract subject to this division, including agreements pertaining to:

18

(1) Actual participation of the teaming members on the project;

19

(2) The high value work to be performed by the teaming members;

20

(3) The method by which disputes are resolved; and

(4) Any additional or further information required by the division of small business
opportunity as set forth in the bid documents or otherwise.

(e) Joint ventures and teaming parties shall submit agreements for pre-approval no later
than ten (10) business days prior to the date set for receipt of bids or proposals on a project, but in
no event later than designated in the bid documents or requests for proposals. A bid or proposal
submitted by a joint venture or teaming relationship that does not meet the requirements for a joint
venture agreement or teaming agreement as applicable, in accordance with the requirements of this
section shall be deemed nonresponsive and rejected.

(f) The joint venture, each member of the joint venture, or the teaming parties shall provide
 the division of small business opportunity access to review all records pertaining to joint venture

agreements or teaming agreements before and after the award of a contract in order to reasonably
 assess compliance with this section.

3 If, after the award of a contract to a joint venture or team, any member of the joint venture (g) 4 or team believes that the terms and conditions of the agreement as approved by the division of small business opportunity have not been complied with, then such member may seek the DSBO's and 5 6 the user department's assistance with review and resolution of the issue. The request for review 7 must be made in writing. If, after the award of a contract, a dispute arises between the prime 8 contractor and a subcontractor regarding performance of work or provision of services or supplies 9 on the eligible project, then such prime contractor or subcontractor may seek the DSBO's and the 10 user department's assistance with review and resolution of the issue. The request for review must 11 be made in writing.

(h) Within twenty (20) calendar days of receipt of a request for review, if the dispute has
 not been resolved informally among the parties, the DSBO will recommend and schedule an informal
 meeting among the parties.

15 (i) The director shall have authority to make recommendations in an attempt to resolve the16 dispute.

(j) In the event that the DSBO's informal procedures do not resolve the disputes, the DSBO
shall have the option of referring the dispute to a qualified outside mediator, contingent upon the
consent of the interested parties, with the costs to be borne by the disputing parties.

## Sec. 28-67. - Time periods for DSBO required MWBE forms and documentation submitted to the city.

22 For construction, design, or professional services related to construction, documentation of 23 good faith efforts and all DSBO required forms including letters of intent of a bidder or proposer, and 24 as applicable, its subcontractors, subconsultants, joint venturers, suppliers, manufacturers, 25 manufacturer's representatives or brokers shall be submitted to the director at the time of bid 26 opening, date of proposal in the case of a competitive selection process or private owner selection 27 for a construction contract, or at the time of submission of the proposal submitted to and authorized 28 by the city or a private owner for a professional design and construction services contract, or at some 29 other time that may be required by the DSBO and the user department. During contract performance, 30 the prime contractor is responsible for updating or providing new DSBO required forms as applicable 31 any time a new MWBE is added to a contract or project. The prime contractor must also provide

copies of the MWBE certification letters to the DSBO for new MWBEs added to the contract or
 project.

3 Sec. 28-68. - Compliance with participation goal during contract performance.

4 (a) Upon award of a contract by the city that includes a participation goal, the goal becomes
5 a covenant of performance by the contractor or consultant in favor of the city.

6 (b) All contracts subject to this article III and its divisions shall be reviewed by the DSBO for 7 compliance with the provisions hereof. This review shall examine, but is not be limited to, whether 8 the MWBE participation dollar amounts and percentages and achieved participation goal levels upon 9 which the contract was awarded are maintained over the term or duration of the contract.

10 (c) For any contract for which the director has set a participation goal, it shall be an ongoing, 11 affirmative obligation of the contractor or consultant on such contract to maintain compliance with all 12 applicable provisions of this article III and its divisions to include, at a minimum, compliance with the 13 originally achieved level of MWBE participation upon which the contract was awarded, for the 14 duration of the contract, unless the city initiates a material alteration to the scope of work affecting 15 MWBEs performing on the contract through change order, contract amendment, force account or as 16 otherwise described in section 28-70.

17 The DSBO shall evaluate the utilization of MWBEs to determine whether such MWBEs (d) 18 are performing a commercially useful function. The evaluation shall examine the amount of work 19 subcontracted, industry practice and other relevant factors. The amount of MWBE participation 20 credited toward a participation goal shall be based upon an analysis of the specific duties 21 performed by the MWBE, and the extent to which such duties constitute a commercially useful 22 function. The director may undertake such inquiries or studies, engage such employees or retain 23 such consultants to assist the director in rendering these determinations. In order for the DSBO to 24 accurately track utilization of MWBEs, the MWBEs shall submit regularly the information described 25 in subsections below to DSBO in a method prescribed by the DSBO. The submitted information 26 may include but is not limited to:

27 (1) Prime contractor information (name, address, contact person, telephone and
28 email address);

29 (2) MWBE subcontractor information for all tiers (name, address, contact person,
 30 telephone, email address, and certification number);

1 (3) Contract information and City contract control number (report for month of, 2 contract name and date executed, original dollar amount, current dollar amount if changed, and all 3 change orders);

- 4 (4) Subcontract agreement information (copy of the document, original amount, 5 current amount if changed, scope of work, and change orders);
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- (5) Payment received in current month;
- (6) Total payments received;
  - (7) Percent of work completed;
    - (8) Billing request rejection date and reason for rejection; and

10 (9) Past due invoices (invoice date, reference number, number of days past due,11 and amount outstanding)

12 (e) The work performed by an MWBE not providing a commercially useful function, or13 functioning as a conduit, shall not count toward meeting the participation goal.

- 14 Subdivision III. Compliance and enforcement.
- 15 Sec. 28-69. Administrative review and court proceedings.

(a) Any person who disputes any determination made by or on behalf of the city pursuant
to the authority of the director, which determination adversely affects such person, may petition the
executive director for a hearing concerning such determination no later than thirty (30) days after the
date of the determination. Compliance with the provisions of this section shall be a jurisdictional
prerequisite to any action brought under the provisions of this section, and failure of compliance shall
forever bar any such action. This section shall not be construed to create a right of standing that
does not otherwise exist under Colorado law.

(b) The executive director may hold such hearing or in the executive director's sole
discretion may designate and request an officer or employee of the DSBO, or an independent
hearing officer retained by the city, as a hearing officer with authority to hold such hearing or
hearings.

(c) Such petition shall be in writing, and the facts and figures submitted shall be submitted
under oath or affirmation either in writing or orally at a hearing scheduled by the executive director
or the hearing officer. The hearing, if any, shall take place in the city, and notice thereof and the
proceedings shall otherwise be in accordance with rules and regulations issued by the director. The
petitioner shall bear the burden of persuasion and the burden of going forward, and the standard of

proof shall conform to that in civil, non-jury cases in state district court, provided that the executive
 director may provide, by rule and regulation, for either review of the record or for limited de novo
 review of different types of questions coming before the executive director.

4 Thereupon, the executive director or designee shall make a final determination. Such (d) final determination shall be considered a final order of the executive director and may be reviewed 5 6 under Rule 106(a)(4) of the state rules of civil procedure by the petitioner or by the city. A request 7 for reconsideration of the final determination may be made if filed with the executive director within 8 fifteen (15) days from the date of determination, in which case the executive director shall review 9 the record if the proceedings were conducted by a designated hearing officer, and the determination 10 shall be considered a final order of the director upon the date the director rules on the request for 11 reconsideration.

(e) Pursuant to Rule 106(a)(4) of the state rules of civil procedure, the district court of the
 second judicial district of the state shall have original jurisdiction in proceedings to review the final
 order.

#### 15 Sec. 28-70. - Project change orders, amendments and modifications.

(a) Contractors and consultants on contracts hereunder shall have a continuing obligation
to immediately inform the DSBO in writing of any agreed-upon and user department approved
increase or decrease in the scope of work of such contract, upon any of the bases discussed in this
section 28-70, regardless of whether such increase or decrease in scope of work has been reduced
to writing at the time of notification.

21 Any increase in the scope of work of a contract for construction, reconstruction, or (b) 22 remodeling, whether by amendment, change order, force account or otherwise, or any increase in 23 the scope of services of a contract for professional design or construction services, whether by 24 amendment or any other addition of special, additional or other services to the contract, which 25 increases the dollar value of the contract, whether or not such change is within the scope of work 26 designated for performance by a MWBE at the time of contract award, shall be immediately 27 submitted to the DSBO. The contractor is responsible for obtaining user department approval of any 28 such change. Those amendments, change orders, force accounts or other contract modifications 29 that involve a changed scope of work that cannot be performed by existing project subcontractors, 30 subconsultants, joint venturers, suppliers, manufacturer, manufacturer's representatives or brokers, 31 or by the contractor or consultant, shall be subject to a goal for MWBEs equal to the original

participation goal on the contract that was included in the bid or proposal requirements. The 1 2 contractor or consultant shall satisfy such goal as respects such changed scope of work by soliciting 3 new MWBEs in accordance with section 28-62 or 28-66 as applicable, or the contractor or consultant 4 must show each element of good faith efforts and other applicable requirements set out in sections 28-60, 28-64, 28-73, or section 28-74(c) hereof. The original participation goal percentage shall be 5 6 applied to the new, increased dollar amount of the contract. The contractor or consultant shall supply to the director and user department the documentation described in sections 28-60, 28-64, 28-73, 7 8 or 28-74(c) with respect to the increased dollar value of the contract.

## 9 Sec. 28-71. - Payments to MWBE subcontractors, subconsultants, joint venturers, suppliers, 10 manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives and brokers.

11 All contractors and consultants shall promptly render payment to all subcontractors, (a) 12 subconsultants, joint venturers, suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives and 13 brokers on a contract as required under this section. Consistent with user department requirements, 14 each contractor shall provide with each pay request to the city or private owner on each contract. 15 beginning with the second pay request, partial claim releases from subcontractors, joint venturers, 16 suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives and brokers in form and content 17 satisfactory to the city, or shall provide, at the city's sole option, alternative proof of payment to 18 subcontractors, subconsultants, joint venturers, suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's 19 representatives and brokers, in form and content approved by the department head and the director, 20 evidencing that all subcontractors, subconsultants, suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's 21 representatives and brokers have been duly paid by the contractor or consultant unless a bona fide 22 dispute, documented in writing, exists between the contractor or consultant and the unpaid 23 subcontractor, subconsultant, joint venturer, supplier, manufacturer, manufacturer's representative 24 or broker. As provided by city and state law and city contracts, an agency, upon request from a 25 contractor, may authorize payments to contractors from withheld retainage for contractors who have 26 completed their work in a manner acceptable to the city.

#### 27 Sec. 28-72 – Contractor prompt payment; MWBE subcontractors.

(a) Each contractor on a city contract with certified MWBEs as subcontractors shall pay
 the respective subcontractors any invoiced and undisputed amounts for accepted and completed
 work within thirty-five (35) days of the contractor's receipt of the subcontractor's invoice. Payment to
 the subcontractor shall be timely made as required under this section regardless of whether the

contractor has been paid for the same work or payment period. For the purposes of the section 2872, any subcontractor, regardless of whether that subcontractor holds a city contract, may be
required to make payments to MWBEs as set forth in this section.

4 (b) Contractor is required to provide written notice to its subcontractor of either approval
5 or rejection of the subcontractor's invoice within ten (10) days of receipt. If the invoice is rejected,
6 the written notice to the subcontractor shall include the deficiencies or disputes regarding the invoice.

7 (c) Failure to comply with the payment requirements in this section may be grounds for 8 withholding of payment by the city to the contractor, and may be grounds for breach of the city 9 contract.

10 (d) The payment requirements under this section shall apply to MWBE subcontractors11 regardless of tier.

(e) This section 28-72 shall apply only to city contracts in the amount of one million dollars
(\$1,000,000.00) or more based on the original contract amount before amendments or changes.

14 Sec. 28-73. – Participation modification; substitution; termination of MWBE subcontractors.

15 (a) A contractor that has been awarded a contract based upon a given level of MWBE 16 participation, or has duly added an additional or substitute MWBE subcontractor to the contract in 17 accordance with this division 3, but intends to substitute or terminate an MWBE subcontractor must 18 comply with this section 28-73, as directed by the DSBO and the user department, regarding the 19 intended substitution or termination. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which a 20 contractor seeks to perform work with its own forces or those of an affiliate, a non-MWBE firm, or 21 with another MWBE as a substitution for an originally designated for an MWBE subcontractor.

(b) In the event that a contractor or consultant intends to substitute or terminate an MWBE
subcontractor, subconsultant, joint venturer, supplier, manufacturer, manufacturer's representative
or broker, or otherwise modify or eliminate all or a portion of work attributable to an MWBE, except
in cases where directed by the city, the following must be completed:

(1) The contractor must provide notice in writing to the MWBE subcontractor, with
 a copy to the DSBO and user department, of its intent to request to terminate or substitute, and the
 reason for the request.

(2) The contractor must give the MWBE subcontractor at least five (5) business
days to respond to the contractor's notice.

1 (3) The DSBO, in conjunction with the user department, must provide concurrence 2 and the reasons therefor stated in a written notification that the prime contractor has good cause to 3 substitute or terminate the firm.

- 4 (4) In determining good cause to substitute or terminate the DSBO will consider all 5 circumstances as a whole based on the following factors:
- 6

(i) The MWBE subcontractor fails or refuses to execute a written contract;

7 (ii) The MWBE subcontractor fails or refuses to perform the work consistent with
8 normal industry standards; provided, however, that good cause does not exist if the failure or refusal
9 of the MWBE subcontractor to perform its work results from the bad faith or discriminatory action of
10 the contractor;

- (iii) The MWBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the contractor's
   reasonable, nondiscriminatory bond requirements or insurance requirements;
- 13 (iv) The MWBE subcontractor becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit
  14 unworthiness;
- (v) The MWBE subcontractor is or has become ineligible to work on city projects
   because of suspension or debarment;
- 17 (vi) The non-city owner or contractor has determined that the MWBE18 subcontractor is not a responsible contractor;
- (vii) The MWBE subcontractor voluntarily withdraws from the project andprovides written notice of its withdrawal;
- (viii) The MWBE's work cannot be counted toward participation in accordance
  with this article III and its divisions;
- (ix) An MWBE owner dies or becomes disabled resulting in the MWBE's inability
   to perform or complete its work on the contract; or
- (x) Other documented good cause that the user department or DSBO
   determines requires termination of the MWBE subcontractor.
- (5) The MWBE subcontractor shall be provided the opportunity to advise the DSBO,
  user department and the contractor of the reasons, if any, why it objects to the proposed termination,
  and why the DSBO should not concur with the contractor's action. If required in a particular case as
  a matter of public necessity (*e.g.*, safety), the DSBO may provide a response period shorter than
  five (5) business days.

1 (6) In addition to substitutions or terminations occurring during contract 2 performance, the provisions of this section may apply to reductions in scope of work or substitutions 3 of MWBE firms by bidders or proposer prior to contract execution.

4 (c) If the DSBO and the user department concurs with the contractor's request to 5 substitute, terminate or reduce the scope of work of the MWBE subcontractor, the contractor must 6 comply with good faith efforts requirements to replace the terminated MWBE subcontractor with 7 another MWBE firm certified to perform the scope of work.

8 (d) If a contractor substitutes or terminates the MWBE subcontractor, or reduces the scope 9 of work of the MWBE subcontractor, without first complying with this section 28-73, the DSBO may 10 find the contractor in violation of this division and the contractor may be subject to enforcement and 11 sanctions.

#### 12 Sec. 28-74. - Potential violations during contract performance.

(a) A contractor or consultant that has been awarded a contract based upon a given level
 of MWBE participation shall not, at any time before or during the performance of such contract:

(1) Fail to in fact utilize an MWBE that was originally listed at bid opening or proposal
submission in order to satisfy the participation goal, and that submitted a timely letter of intent,
without substituting with another MWBE performing the same commercially useful function and dollar
amount, or demonstrating each element of good faith efforts, as defined in subsection (c) hereof, to
substitute an MWBE; or

20 (2) Fail to allow an MWBE functioning as a subcontractor, subconsultant, joint 21 venturer, supplier, manufacturer, manufacturer's representative, or broker to perform the 22 commercially useful function, the value of which was originally counted for that MWBE in awarding 23 the contract; or

24 (3) Modify or eliminate all or a portion of the scope of work attributable to an MWBE
25 upon which the contract was awarded without first complying with section 28-73, unless directed by
26 the city; or

27 (4) Terminate an MWBE originally utilized as a subcontractor, subconsultant, joint
 28 venturer, supplier, manufacturer, manufacturer's representative or broker in order to be awarded the
 29 contract without complying with section 28-73; or

30 (5) Retaliate against any MWBE that reports issues to the DSBO or user31 departments; or

1 (6) Participate in a conduit relationship with an MWBE scheduled to perform work 2 on the contract; or

3 (7) Otherwise fail to meet the participation goal without complying with good faith
4 efforts requirements; or

5 (8) Commit any other violation of this article III and its divisions, or rules and 6 regulations promulgated thereunder, which constitutes a material breach of the contract, not 7 mentioned above.

8 (b) Any action by a contractor or consultant in violation of subsections (a)(1) through (8)9 hereof, shall constitute a material breach of the contract that shall entitle the city or private owner to 10 exercise all of its rights at law or equity for such material breach, in addition to exercising any of the 11 other sanctions set out in section 28-76. If, following contract award, an MWBE has its certification 12 terminated for reasons other than expiration of certification, or graduation from certification under 13 section 28-55, or an MWBE fails to perform a commercially useful function, the value of which was 14 originally counted for that MWBE, as applicable, in awarding the contract, or an MWBE voluntarily 15 withdraws its MWBE participation on the contract and the contractor or consultant can demonstrate 16 that such termination or failure did not result from any action or inaction, whether direct or indirect, 17 of or by the contractor or consultant, such termination of certification or failure to perform a 18 commercially useful function shall not be deemed a breach of the contract; provided, however, that 19 the requirements of section 28-73 are satisfied...

20 In the event that a contractor or consultant must add or replace an MWBE (c) 21 subcontractor, subconsultant, joint venturer, supplier, manufacturer, manufacturer's representative 22 or broker or in the event that a new scope of work is added to the ongoing contract, and the contractor 23 or consultant in such event is in noncompliance with maintenance of the original participation goal 24 upon which the contract was awarded, due to failure to utilize additional MWBEs, the contractor or 25 consultant shall be required to demonstrate good faith efforts in compliance with section 28-60, 26 section 28-64, or section 28-73 as applicable. Failure of a contractor or consultant to show good 27 faith efforts shall render its contract performance in noncompliance with this article III and its 28 divisions.

29 Sec. 28-75. - Burden of proof; investigations of compliance.

30 Any business enterprise affected by the operation of this article III and its divisions shall have 31 the burden of proving its compliance with the requirements and obligations of the article III and its divisions. The DSBO is empowered to receive and investigate complaints and allegations by MWBEs, third parties or city personnel, or to initiate its own investigations regarding compliance with the requirements and obligations of this article III and its divisions. If the DSBO determines in its sole discretion that an investigation is warranted, upon written notice of such investigation the affected party shall be obligated to cooperate fully with the investigation and shall have a continuing burden of providing complete, truthful information to the director and of otherwise proving compliance with the requirements and obligations of this article III and its divisions.

#### 8 Sec. 28-76. - Contract sanctions for failure to comply with requirements.

9 If a contractor or consultant is found to be in violation of the provisions of article III. to (a) 10 otherwise be in breach of a contract, to perform as or to utilize MWBEs for a non-commercially useful 11 function or as a conduit, to fail to submit information required in section 28-67, to submit false, 12 misleading or materially incomplete statements, documentation or records, including, but not limited 13 to, good faith efforts or letters of intent, or to fail to cooperate in an investigation, it shall be subject 14 to sanctions. The city may exercise any or all of its rights contained in the contract terms and conditions, including but not limited to, withholding funds including retainage, imposition of monetary 15 16 penalty, or suspension or termination of the pertinent contract. If the contract is suspended or 17 terminated, the city reserves all its rights at law or equity, with such suspension or termination being 18 deemed a response to a contractor or consultant default, as appropriate, by applicable law.

(b) In the event that the director determines, in his or her sole discretion, that a contractor
 or consultant is in noncompliance with article III or its divisions, the contractor or consultant may be
 assessed a civil, remedial penalty, of not more than one hundred fifty (150) percent of the value of
 MWBE underutilization demonstrated for each MWBE involved. In assessing such civil penalty:

(1) The director shall calculate the applicable amount of civil penalty, and may
 reduce or waive all or part of such penalty, in his or her sole discretion, in consideration of the
 following factors:

26

a. The length of the period of noncompliance;

- b. The history of previous noncompliance with any provision of this article IIIand its divisions;
- c. The monetary impact of the civil penalty on the contractor or consultant in
   correcting such noncompliance; or

d. The other facts and circumstances relevant to the noncompliance of the
 contractor or consultant.

3 (2) The director shall collect assessed and unpaid civil penalties under this 4 subsection by action initiated in state district court for collection of such penalty. A stay of any order 5 of the director pending judicial review shall not relieve any contractor or consultant from any civil 6 penalty obligation imposed under this section.

7 (3) Any such assessed civil penalties may also be offset against any amount, 8 including, but not limited to, contract retainage, otherwise due and owing to the contractor or 9 consultant on the contract.

10 (4) The contract may be suspended or terminated with the city reserving all its rights 11 at law or equity, with such suspension or termination being deemed a response to a contractor or 12 consultant default, as appropriate, by applicable law.

13 (5) The debarment board established under Denver Revised Municipal Code Section 14 20-77, upon request of the director, may suspend or debar the contractor or consultant from participation in city or private contracting covered hereunder for a period as may be determined by 15 16 the debarment board, in its sole discretion, based upon the grounds of violating this article III and its 17 divisions, pursuant to such suspension and debarment procedures as may be established by the 18 city, as set forth in Denver Revised Municipal Code Section 20-77. The director in that event shall 19 regard as nonresponsive any bid, proposal or competitive selection process proposal received 20 during this time period that includes the contractor or consultant as a contractor, consultant, 21 subcontractor, subconsultant, joint venturer, supplier, manufacturer, manufacturer's representative, 22 or broker.

(6) If a contractor or consultant or other business enterprise knowingly receives new
or additional work on a contract as a result of actions set out in this section, then the penalties in this
section may be applied to such business enterprise.

(7) The DSBO may suspend or revoke an offending MWBE's eligibility for
certification, may suspend its participation from counting toward a participation goal, and, subject to
other city law, may suspend or debar it from participating in future city contracts, based upon such
MWBE's acting as a conduit, failing to comply with the provisions of article III and its divisions, failing
to perform a commercially useful function on a contract, failing to submit information as required by

section 28-67, submitting false, misleading or materially incomplete statements, documentation or
 records, or failing to cooperate in investigations.

3 The director may, in his or her sole discretion, impose any one (1) or more of the (c) 4 sanctions set out in this section against any contractor, consultant, subcontractor, subconsultant, joint venturer, supplier, manufacturer, manufacturer's representative, or broker determined to be in 5 6 violation of the section, provided that the director shall first advise the affected department head of 7 the proposed sanction in writing. If the department head advises the director in writing that the 8 department head believes that imposition of such sanction would not be in the best interests of the 9 city, the director shall consult with the department head prior to making a final decision as to whether 10 to impose such sanctions.

- (d) Consistent with article III and its divisions and the rules and regulations, the DSBO
   may prescribe corrective actions in the case of potential violations or in lieu of potential enforcement.
- (e) Suspected criminal violations shall be referred to the proper authorities for prosecution.
  If a conviction or a guilty plea is obtained pursuant to such prosecution, the perpetrator may be
  barred from contracting with the city to the extent authorized by law.
- 16 Sec. 28-77. State or federal law and other guidelines.

17 In making any findings required herein, the director may incorporate by reference rules, 18 procedures and powers of C.R.S. § 24-4-101 et seq. as they may exist on the date of enactment of 19 this article and its divisions or as they may be amended. In making any findings required herein or 20 in aid of definition or interpretation of any term or phrase herein, or by way of procedure or process, 21 the director may utilize as a guide, insofar as they are consistent with the purposes of this article III 22 and its divisions, provisions of federal law, including without limitation the provisions of 49 Code of 23 Federal Regulations and 13 Code of Federal Regulations, or successor regulations, as they exist on 24 the date of enactment of this article III and its divisions or as they may be amended, provided that 25 no substantive provision of such federal law that is inconsistent with or contradictory to the provisions 26 of this article III and its divisions shall be used.

27 Sec. 28-78. - Reporting.

The director shall prepare written reports no less than two (2) times each year which shall describe progress in meeting the annual goal set out in section 28-57. Copies of such reports shall be provided to the affected department heads, city council and the mayor. In addition, the report shall encompass the implementation of this article III and its divisions
 and discussion of setting and justification of participation goals and achievements, including, but not
 limited to, contract change orders, amendments and modifications.

In calculating MWBE participation, all funds paid on city contracts with MWBE goals during
the year shall be counted whether or not such funds were used to accomplish participation goals
applicable at the time of bid opening, date of proposal in the case of a competitive selection
process, or other proposal receipt.

#### 8 Sec. 28-79. - Annual report; explanation of failure to achieve annual goal.

If the annual goal in section 28-57 is not met in any year, then by March 1 of the following 9 10 year, the director shall submit to the mayor and city council a report comparing MWBE utilization 11 achieved in the year to the aspirational annual goal, stating the reasons why the goal was not met, 12 and advising and making recommendations as to continuing or further efforts that the city will take 13 in eliminating identified discrimination in city construction, reconstruction and remodeling, and 14 professional services, including design, and construction services contracting, and recommending 15 actions to assist in meeting such goal in the future. This annual report shall be considered one of the 16 two required reports under Section 28-78.

#### 17 Sec. 28-80. - Severability.

18 If any provision of this division 3 or its application is held invalid or unenforceable, such 19 invalidity or unenforceability shall not affect other provisions or applications of this division that can 20 be given effect without the invalid provisions or applications and the remaining provisions are to be 21 severable and shall remain in full force and effect.

#### 22 Sec. 28-81. - Effective date of division.

This division 3 shall become effective on May 2, 2020 and shall apply to all contracts within the scope of the division for which bids or proposals are publicly advertised on or after May 2, 2020.

25 Sec. 28-82. - Review and sunset.

(a) This division 3 shall be reviewed by the mayor, director and department heads on the
third anniversary of its enactment, in order to determine whether adjustments or revisions to division
3 or additional studies or inquiries in furtherance of division 3 are deemed appropriate and should
be undertaken or recommended, in order to further and maintain the purpose and intent of division
3.

- 31
- (b) This division 3 shall be repealed effective April 30, 2025.

1 Secs. 28-83—28-90. – [Reserved].

Section 3. That article V of chapter 28 of the Revised Municipal Code be and the same is
hereby repealed and reenacted to read as follows:

# ARTICLE V. - NONDISCRIMINATION IN CITY CONTRACTS AND PURCHASE ORDERS FOR GOODS AND SERVICES AND OPPORTUNITIES FOR MINORITY AND WOMAN-OWNED BUSINESSES AND SMALL BUSINESS ENTERPRISES IN PROCUREMENTS FOR GOODS AND SERVICES

#### 8 Sec. 28-117. - Purpose and scope of programs.

9 The purpose of this article V is to enable the city, through the department of general (a) 10 services, user departments, and the DSBO, to undertake specific activities to prevent discrimination 11 and its effects against business enterprises that have been certified as MWBEs and SBEs in the 12 award of city contracts and purchase orders for goods and services and to increase opportunities for 13 all MWBEs and SBEs as awarded by the department of general services or user departments 14 pursuant to the provisions of the Charter, ordinances, and executive orders of the City and County 15 of Denver. The director of the division of small business opportunity and city department heads are 16 hereby expressly delegated the necessary powers to effectuate the purpose of this article V and to 17 undertake such additional studies or inquiries as they deem appropriate.

(b) The scope of this article V will encompass an MWBE goal program, an SBE defined
procurement pool program, and other outreach and education programs.

(c) The city, through the DSBO in conjunction with the purchasing division and user
departments, is authorized to develop and utilize programs and activities to provide outreach to and
to facilitate the participation of all business enterprises in the city's purchasing activities, including,
but not limited to MWBEs and SBEs. These programs and activities include, but are not limited to:

(1) Commencement of collection and analysis, for informational purposes only, of
data and information from each bidder or proposer on a city procurement contract or purchase order
regarding the ongoing availability and utilization of minority and women-owned business enterprises,
including MWBEs , on such bidder's or proposer's private contracts in the goods and services
industries in the city's market area.

(2) Development of such other programs or activities as the DSBO director in
 conjunction with the purchasing director, manager of the department of general services or
 department heads may from time to time recommend.

32 Sec. 28-118. - Contracts and purchase orders excluded from article V.

Article V excludes from coverage the following purchases:

1

(a) Contracts and purchase orders for which bids or proposals are sought under the minority
and women business enterprise ordinance for construction, reconstruction, and remodeling, and
professional design and construction services set forth in article III of this chapter 28 and under the
small business enterprise ordinance set forth in article VII of this chapter 28.

- 6 (b) Contracts and purchase orders paid with funds from the United States Government or 7 the State of Colorado and for which the United States Government or the State of Colorado have 8 made applicable contract requirements, terms or conditions that are inconsistent with the terms of 9 this article V in which event the provisions of this article V shall not apply to such contract or purchase 10 order to the extent of the inconsistency.
- (c) Contracts and purchase orders excluded by the purchasing division from procurement
   bidding procedures as identified in section 20-64 of this Code, and other sole source purchases
   authorized by city rules, regulations, ordinances or executive order.

(d) Contracts and purchase orders made pursuant to section 20-64.5 of this Code
 concerning cooperative purchases under purchase contracts of the United States Government, State
 of Colorado, or other governmental jurisdictions.

17 (e) Purchases made through the city's non-purchase order voucher or supplier invoice18 request procedures as identified in City Fiscal Rule 8.1.

(f) Contracts and purchase orders for the following: (1) Real estate transactions, including
purchase and sale agreements, leases and licenses; (2) intergovernmental agreements; (3)
agreements with colleges and universities; (4) revenue agreements (except for golf and other
concessions); (5) legal services and related expert and consulting services in aid of legal services;
(6) utilities; (7) broadcasting; (8) regulated industries including railroads; (9) contracts and purchase
orders procured from national markets.

(g) The DSBO director in consultation with the purchasing division or user department is
 authorized to exclude contracts or purchase orders for goods or services in the best interest of the
 city.

#### 28 Sec. 28-119. - Procurement advisory committee.

The DSBO director, in consultation with the purchasing director or user departments, may establish an advisory committee to advise and recommend to the DSBO director, user departments or manager, as appropriate, policy and initiatives to assist MWBEs, SBEs, and other business enterprises in seeking procurement opportunities for goods and services under this article V. The
details of this committee will be established by rules and regulations promulgated by the DSBO
director, in consultation with the purchasing director and manager of the department of general
services or user departments.

#### 5 Sec. 28-120. - Administrative review of court proceedings.

6 All disputes concerning any determination made by or on behalf of the city pursuant to the 7 authority of the DSBO director as set forth in this article V will be governed by administrative review 8 and court proceedings provision contained in section 28-69 of this Code.

## 9 Sec. 28-121. - Collection of fees by DSBO to defray certification costs for procurement 10 programs.

11 The DSBO shall charge a certification fee, of not to exceed three hundred dollars (\$300.00) 12 to each applicant business enterprise seeking to be certified or to have certification(s) renewed under 13 the provisions this article V of chapter 28.

## Sec. 28-122. - MWBE/SBE certification eligibility; renewal of certification; decertification; graduation; graduation size standards.

(a) *Procedures and methods.* The DSBO director shall, by rule and regulation or guidelines
 relating solely to internal management and procedure, establish reasonable procedures and
 methods for the certification of applicant business enterprises as MWBEs or SBEs in order to
 effectuate the purposes of this article V. The DSBO director may seek input and advice from
 appropriate industry sources as to appropriate aspects of work performance, equipment and staffing
 in these industry areas in which certification is being sought.

22 Eligibility and application procedures. Only applicant business enterprises who meet the (b) 23 applicable certification criteria may participate as MWBEs-or SBEs in the programs established 24 under this article V. The certification criteria, requirements, and application procedures contained in 25 sections 28-35 and 28-53 through 28-56 of this Code will apply to the certification, renewal of 26 certification, decertification, and graduation of MWBEs under this article V. The certification criteria, 27 requirements, and application procedures contained in sections 28-205 and 28-206 of this Code will 28 apply to the certification, renewal of certification, decertification, and graduation of SBEs under this 29 article V.

30 (c) No applicant business enterprise shall be certified as an MWBE or SBE, and following 31 certification of an MWBE or SBE, no certification shall be renewed if on the effective date of the

application or renewal the applicant business enterprise, the MWBE or SBE (combined with all 1 2 affiliates) has achieved a size standard exceeding one hundred (100) percent of the applicable size 3 standards established by the U.S. Small Business Administration ("SBA") at C.F.R. § 121.201, as 4 amended, or successor SBA regulation or classification system, which are incorporated herein by reference. The size standard is based on annual receipts averaged over the three (3) preceding 5 6 consecutive fiscal years; whether the applicant business has otherwise achieved a size standard 7 based upon its number of employees; or other criteria, applicable to any of the work activities for 8 which the applicant business enterprise seeks certification or is certified. The DSBO director may 9 adjust or modify such MWBE/SBE graduation size standards if it appears, after further inquiry and 10 review by the DSBO director, that such standards are no longer appropriate to the purposes of this 11 article V.

12 Sec. 28-123. - Definitions.

As used in this article V, the following words and phrases shall have the following meanings,
unless otherwise clearly required by the context:

(1) *Affiliate,* for purposes of this article V, will have the meaning set forth in section 28-35(1)
and the meaning set forth in section 28-204(1), as applicable.

Annual goal means the targeted level for the aspirational goal established by the city for
 the annual aggregate participation of MWBEs in city contracts and city purchase orders.

(3) Applicant business enterprise means a business enterprise seeking to be certified as a
 minority, woman, or small business enterprise, as appropriate, to provide goods or services under
 this article V.

22 (4) *Bid* means an offer to provide goods or perform services for a price under a city contract
23 or purchase order with the city in response to a bidding procedure.

24 (5) *Bidder* means a business enterprise that submits a bid on a city contract or purchase 25 order that is offered for bidding by the city to acquire goods or services.

(6) *Broker* means a business enterprise that performs a commercially useful function as an
intermediary, for a fee, in the acquisition of goods regardless of whether it takes title to such goods
for the city or its vendors, contractors, consultants, or suppliers, but is not a manufacturer,
manufacturer's representative, supplier, or distributor. Acting as a broker as required and sought by
the city or as is normal industry practice for a specific purchase of goods is considered a
commercially useful function. A packager shall be considered and treated as a broker.

1 (7) *Business enterprise* means an individual, sole proprietorship, corporation, limited liability 2 company, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability limited partnership, joint stock company, 3 joint venture, professional association or any other legal entity operated for profit that is properly 4 licensed or registered, as applicable, owned, and controlled by persons who are citizens of the 5 United States or lawful permanent residents of the United States, and otherwise authorized to do 6 business in the State of Colorado.

7 (8) *Certification* means completion by a business enterprise of an application procedure to
8 be developed by the DSBO, and formal authorization by the DSBO director to participate as an
9 MWBE,EBE, or SBE under this article V. Certification neither represents nor implies that a business
10 enterprise is qualified to perform on a city procurement contract, nor that it performs a commercially
11 useful function.

12

(9) *City* means the City and County of Denver and its participating user departments.

13 (10)*City contract* or *city purchase order* means any city contract, purchase order, or master 14 purchase order for the acquisition of goods or services authorized by the Charter, Municipal Code, 15 and executive orders of the city, including, but not limited to, contracts and purchase orders awarded 16 by a formal or informal bidding procedure or competitive selection process, but will not include a 17 contract or purchase order excluded under section 28-118 of this Code or a contract or purchase 18 order for professional services that are not services. City contract or city purchase order shall include 19 the acquisition of goods or services by the city through other contracts and purchase orders ancillary 20 to cooperative agreements or understandings with other public and private agencies for the 21 maintenance, repair, management, or operation of public facilities, park and recreational facilities, 22 museums, zoological and other gardens, collections of natural history, and observatories or for the 23 provision of public services, programs, or activities by public or private agencies at public facilities, 24 park and recreational facilities, museums, zoological and other gardens, collections of natural 25 history, and observatories.

(11) Commercially useful function means responsibility for the provision of goods or a distinct element of services under a contract or purchase order that is carried out by a business enterprise actually performing, maintaining control, managing, and supervising the goods or services provided. In determining whether a firm is performing or has performed a commercially useful function, the DSBO will analyze whether the firm is performing functions set forth in this definition and this ordinance including but not limited to responsibility for, with respect to materials and supplies

used for the contract work; negotiating price; determining quantity and quality; ordering materials, supplies or equipment; performing installation where applicable; and paying for materials, supplies or equipment. To determine whether a firm is performing a commercially useful function, the DSBO will evaluate the amount of work contracted, industry practices, the amount paid to the firm in proportion to the work actually performed, credit claimed toward goal achievement (if applicable), and other relevant factors. Commercially useful function is assessed for purposes of determining participation on a contract, not for determination of certification eligibility.

8 (12)*Conduit* means an MWBE or SBE that knowingly agrees to pass all or part of the goods 9 or services for which it is listed for participation, and is scheduled to perform or supply on a city 10 contract or purchase order to a business entity that is not an MWBE, or SBE, or does not carry out 11 the responsibilities required for MWBE or SBE participation by actually performing, managing, 12 controlling and supervising the work involved. In this type of relationship, the MWBE or SBE has not 13 performed a commercially useful function and the arranged agreement between the two (2) parties 14 is not consistent with standard industry practice. This arrangement does not meet the commercially 15 useful function requirement, and therefore the participation of the MWBE or SBE does not count 16 toward the participation goal or annual goal, as appropriate. Conduit may also be referred to as a 17 passthrough.

18 (13) *Contractor, consultant* or *vendor* means a business enterprise that enters into a city 19 contract or purchase order for acquisition of goods or performance of services pursuant to the 20 Charter, Municipal Code, and executive orders of the city. The terms contractor, consultant or vendor 21 include prime contractors and general contractors.

22

(14) *Day*, unless otherwise indicated, means calendar day.

(15) Defined procurement pool means city bid opportunities for goods or services for which
 the estimated cost exceeds fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000.00) but does not exceed nine hundred
 ninety-nine thousand nine hundred ninety-nine dollars and ninety-nine cents (\$999,999.99).

(16) Department head means the manager or director of the city department, user
 department or agency or the elected official initiating or requesting the city enter into contract(s) for
 goods or services utilizing MWBE or SBE participation, or such person's designee.

29 (17) *Distributor* has the same definition as the term "supplier" as set forth in section 2830 123(46) below.

31

(18) *DSBO* or the DSBO means the division of small business opportunity.

1 (19) *DSBO director* means the director of the division of small business opportunity or 2 successor agency, or such director's designee.

3 (20) *DSBO required forms* means the certifications, letters of intent, commitment forms and 4 other forms and documents defined by ordinance and the rules and regulations, referenced in the 5 applicable procurement documents, and required by the DSBO to confirm and evaluate a bidder's 6 or proposer's commitment to utilization of certified firms and other DSBO program requirements. No 7 authorized alteration or modification of a DSBO required form is permitted. The DSBO reserves the 8 right to reject altered or modified forms.

9 (21) *Doing business* means having a physical location from which to engage in for-profit 10 activities in the scope(s) of expertise of the business enterprise.

11 (22) *Expertise* means demonstrated skills, knowledge, or ability to perform in the field of 12 endeavor in which certification is sought by the business enterprise as defined by normal industry 13 practices, including licensure or registration where required.

(23) [Reserved]

14

15 (24) *Good faith efforts* means substantive and meaningful good faith actions undertaken by 16 a contractor, consultant, or vendor to achieve the MWBE participation goal as defined in more detail 17 in section 28-128 of this article V.

18 (25) *Goods* means tangible, physical items that may or may not be fungible and that are 19 not a service. The term "goods" includes "supplies" as such term is set forth in subsection 20-61(i) 20 of the Denver Revised Municipal. Goods shall not include those good expressly excluded under 21 section 28-118. The DSBO will establish, in consultation with the purchasing division or user 22 departments, subcategories of goods corresponding to the codes set forth in the North American 23 Industrial Classification Standard (NAICS) codes system, or successor classification system.

(26) *Invitation for bid* or *request for bid* means a written invitation or request to prospective
 vendors, contractors, or consultants to submit a bid to provide goods or perform services for a price
 in response to bidding procedures conducted by user departments as authorized by the charter,
 ordinances, or executive orders of the city.

28 (27) *Joint venture* means an association of two (2) business enterprises to constitute a 29 single business enterprise to perform a city contract or purchase order for goods or services for 30 which purpose they combine their property, capital, efforts, skills, and knowledge, and in which 31 venture each joint venturer is responsible for a distinct, clearly defined portion of the work of the

1 contract or purchase order, performs a commercially useful function, and whose share in the capital 2 contribution, control, management responsibilities, risks, and profits of the joint venture are equal to 3 its ownership interest. Joint ventures must have an agreement in writing specifying the terms and 4 conditions of the relationships between the joint venturers and their relationship and responsibility to 5 the contract or purchase order.

6 (28) Letter of intent means a DSBO required form which shall be a written communication 7 from a bidder or proposer to the city with respect to a contract or purchase order evidencing an 8 understanding between an MWBE and the bidder or proposer that, if the bidder or proposer is 9 selected, then such MWBE has or will enter into a contractual relationship with the bidder or proposer 10 on such contract or purchase order or that such bidder or proposer will self-perform as an MWBE on 11 such contract or purchase order.

12 (29) Manufacturer means a business enterprise that operates or maintains a factory or 13 establishment that produces or substantially alters on the premises the materials, supplies 14 equipment, or goods provided to a vendor, contractor, or consultant, or to subcontractors, 15 subconsultants, subvendors, suppliers, brokers, manufacturer's representatives, or distributors on a 16 city contract or purchase order in connection with a city contract or purchase order. For 17 manufacturers, one hundred (100) percent of the value the materials, supplies or equipment provided 18 by an MWBE under a contract or purchase order shall count toward MWBE participation

(30) Manufacturer's representative means a business enterprise that sells products for one (1) or more manufacturers. A manufacturer's representative does not take legal title to or physical possession of the products that it sells, such products generally being sent directly from the manufacturer to the vendor, contractor, consultant or subcontractor purchasing such products. Acting as a manufacturer's representative, as is required and sought by the city or as is normal industry practice for a specific purchase of goods is considered a commercially useful function.

(31) *Manager* means the manager of the department of general services, or such
 manager's designee.

27 (32) *Minority business enterprise* or *MBE* for purposes of this article V will have the meaning
28 set forth in section 28-35(36) of this Code. An MBE or WBE certified with the DSBO in accordance
29 with ordinance and the applicable rules and regulations shall be referred to as an "MWBE".

30 (33) *On-call procurement contracts* means contracts for goods or services that are awarded 31 in accordance with section 20-68 of this Code or that are procured and awarded without a pre-

determined specific quantity in the case of goods or scope of work in the case of services. Once a
specific quantity or scope of work is identified, individual work orders or task orders are authorized,
and the contractor, consultant, or vendor proceeds to provide the goods or services under the
individual work order or task order.

5 (34) *Packager* means a business enterprise that performs a commercially useful function 6 in the packaging of goods used in or delivered under a city contract regardless of whether it takes 7 title to such goods for the city or their vendors, contractors, or consultants, but is not itself a 8 manufacturer, manufacturer's representative, supplier, or distributor. Acting as a packager, as is 9 required and sought by the city or as is normal industry practice for a specific purchase of goods, is 10 considered a commercially useful function. A packager shall be considered and treated as a broker.

11 (35) *Participation goal* means the specific MWBE goal established for a particular city 12 contract or purchase order for services based upon the availability of MWBEs in the statement of 13 work to be provided in the contract.

14 (36) *Proposal* means an offer to provide goods or perform services under a city contract or
 15 purchase order with the city in response a competitive selection process.

16 (37) *Proposer* means a business enterprise that submits a proposal on a city contract or 17 purchase order for goods or services that utilizes a competitive selection process.

(38) *Purchasing director* means the director of the division of purchasing of the department
 of general services or successor agency, or such director's designee.

(39) *Purchase order* or *supplier contract* means an approved document to a bidder or
 proposer formalizing all the terms and conditions of a proposed transaction, such as a description of
 the requested items, delivery schedule, terms of payment, and transportation.

(40) *Qualified*, with respect to good faith efforts in this article V, means that a business
enterprise has the financial ability, expertise, skill, experience, and access to the necessary staff,
facilities and equipment to complete contract(s) or subcontract(s) that it may undertake on projects.
The city makes no representations as to the qualifications of any applicant business enterprise,
MWBE or SBE.

(41) *Request for proposal* means a written request to prospective vendors, contractors, or
 consultants to submit a proposal to provide goods or perform services where an award is made in
 consideration of best value and not necessarily lowest price in response to a selection procedure

conducted by user departments as authorized by the Charter, ordinances, or executive orders of the
 city.

3 (42) Services means all work offered for public or private use that are purchased by user 4 departments under authority of the Charter. Municipal Code, and executive orders of the city and that does not consist primarily of goods. This definition does not include services expressly excluded 5 6 under section 28-118. Services may also include work that includes goods but is primarily for 7 services or professional or technical services that are not covered services. The DSBO will establish, 8 in consultation with the purchasing division or user departments, subcategories of services 9 corresponding to the codes set forth in the North American Industrial Classification Standard 10 (NAICS) codes system, or successor classification system.

11 (43) *Small business enterprise* or *SBE* will have the meaning set forth in subsection 28-12 204(33) of this Code.

13 (44) Solicitation means a written bid or selection procedure to procure goods or services.

14 (45) Subcontractor, subconsultant, or subvendor means a business enterprise that either:
15 (a) Directly contracts with a contractor, consultant, or vendor to provide goods pursuant to a city
16 contract or purchase order; or

17 (b) Directly contracts with subcontractors, subconsultants, or subvendors under such contractors,
18 consultants, or vendors on a city contract or purchase order, and which business enterprise will
19 provide goods or services under agreements with the vendor, contractor, or consultant, or with other
20 subcontractors, subconsultants, or subvendors under such contractor, consultant, or vendor.

(46) Supplier means a business enterprise that will provide goods, supplies or equipment
on a city contract or purchase order under agreements with a vendor, contractor, or consultant, or
with subcontractors, subconsultants, or subvendors under such a vendor, contractor, or consultant.
Participation goal shall be counted in accordance with the function performed by the MWBE supplier
under a contract and determined on a per-contract or per-project basis.

(47) Woman business enterprise or WBE for purposes of this article V will have the meaning
set forth in subsection 28-35(55) of this Code. An MBE or WBE certified with the DSBO in
accordance with ordinance and the applicable rules and regulations shall be referred to as an
MWBE.

30 (48) *User department* means the city department, agency, board, commission, authority, 31 officer, or elected official, excluding the board of water commissioners but including without limitation the county courts, library commission, civil service commission, career service authority (office of human resources), auditor, city council, and clerk and recorder, initiating or requesting a city contract or city purchase order for the acquisition of goods or services, utilizing MWBE or SBE\_ participation, under authority of the Charter, Municipal Code, or executive orders of the city.

5 (49) *Utilization plan* means a required plan, prepared by or on behalf of the bidder or 6 proposer as required by the DSBO and set forth in the applicable contract procurement documents 7 that describes the bidder's or proposer's approach to satisfying the small, minority, and women-8 owned business enterprise requirements including but not limited to the participation goal.

9 Sec. 28-124. - Annual goal.

(a) Of the total dollars spent annually for goods and services, the DSBO director, in
 consultation with the purchasing director and user departments shall establish an aspirational annual
 goal for MWBE utilization based on the dollars to be spent for goods and services. The DSBO will
 establish, in consultation with the purchasing division and user departments, subcategories of goods
 and services corresponding to the codes set forth in the North American Industrial Classification
 Standard (NAICS) codes system, or successor classification system. The DSBO director may also
 consult with user departments in establishing the annual goal.

17 The DSBO director, in consultation with the purchasing director and user departments, (b) 18 as a basis for the establishment of the annual goal shall annually determine the present availability 19 of all MWBEs providing goods or performing services in the relevant market area and recommend 20 the annual goal to the city council for its review. The DSBO shall conduct such inquiries, studies and 21 hearings, and utilize such information and assistance from such persons, consultants, entities or 22 organizations, within or without the city, including the purchasing director and city department heads 23 as the DSBO director at his or her sole discretion deems necessary to make such annual 24 recommendation.

(c) The city council shall review the annual goal recommended by the DSBO director, may
undertake such additional inquiries as it deems appropriate, and may approve, disapprove or modify
the recommended annual goal by ordinance in each succeeding year. Until the city council
approves, disapproves or modifies the annual goal in a succeeding year, the prior annual goal
established in this section shall continue in effect.

(d) Participation shall count toward the annual goal, to the extent provided in section 28 129, concerning individual participation goals; and section 28-140 concerning defined procurement
 pool; e.

4 The DSBO director, in the best interests of the city, may waive a representative sample (e) 5 of city contracts or purchase orders for goods or services to be bid or otherwise selected without a 6 goal, in order to determine MWBE utilization on such contracts in the absence of such a goal. A 7 written justification for such a waiver will be included in the DSBO's annual report. The DSBO director 8 shall analyze, based upon such representative sample and other contracts that may otherwise be 9 let with a participation goal of zero percent, to what extent the originally established annual goal has 10 been met without the imposition of participation goals. To the extent ascertainable, this information 11 shall be utilized in the setting of the annual goal.

#### 12 Sec. 28-125. [Reserved]

# Sec. 28-126. - City participation goals—Contracts or purchase orders of \$250,000.00 or more for services.

15 (a) The DSBO director, in consultation with the purchasing director or department head, as 16 appropriate, shall assign for each purchase of services with an estimated cost of two hundred fifty 17 thousand dollars (\$250,000.00) or more a unitary participation goal for MWBE utilization based upon 18 a percentage of the dollar value of all services to be provided on such contract and, as set out below, 19 the availability of MWBEs to perform the anticipated work and the city's progress toward meeting the 20 annual goal; provided that, the DSBO director may in consultation with the purchasing division or 21 user department waive the application of a participation goal for a given contract or purchase order. 22 The DSBO director will provide a written justification to the purchasing director or department head, 23 as appropriate, for each waiver granted. The goal percentage assigned by the DSBO director to 24 each such contract or purchase order may vary from contract to contract consistent with meeting the 25 appropriate overall annual goals, when established. The DSBO shall establish a methodology for 26 the setting of the participation goal through rules and regulations. Such methodology shall consider 27 the following factors:

(1) To the extent applicable, the effect on annual goal achievement of the varying
 levels of availability of MWBEs among services industry groupings associated with individual
 procurements and the effect on annual goal achievement of the participation goal compliance being
 achieved through good faith efforts resulting in non-utilization of MWBEs.

1 (2) The reasonably known availability of MWBEs in specific industry groupings that 2 are associated with individual procurements.

3 (3) For on-call contracts, and other contracts that may be procured and awarded without a pre-determined specific project or scope of work, the goal may be set on a per-project 4 basis, per-task-order basis or per-work-order basis once a specific scope of work is identified, 5 6 individual projects are defined, or individual work orders or task orders are authorized, and the 7 contractor can proceed to complete the work for the individual project, task order or work order 8 consistent with the methodology set forth in this section 28-126 and the rules and regulations. The 9 determination of whether the goal is set on the contract, task order or work order shall be made in 10 cooperation between the DSBO and the purchasing director or user department

(4) The DSBO and the purchasing department, or the DSBO and the user
department, will assess, in the best interest of the city, whether the service may be subject to an
MWBE goal under this section 28-126, or the SBE defined pool under section 28-141.

(b) The following contributions shall count toward the participation goal as more specifically
provided below: portions of services undertaken by MWBEs as vendors, contractors, consultants,
subcontractors, subconsultants, suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives, brokers,
packagers, joint venturers, or distributors.

Sec. 28-127. - Participation goals—Compliance with assigned goal – contracts or purchase
 orders for services.

(a) The bidding or competitive selection instructions for each procurement of services shall
 require that all bidders or proposers seeking to contract with the city shall address the participation
 goal through one (1) or more of the following subsections, or by demonstrating good faith efforts as
 set out in section 28-128:

(1) If the bidder or proposer is an MWBE, the value of the commercially useful
function to be self-performed by the MWBE shall count to the extent provided in section 28-129
toward satisfaction of the goal as assigned, provided that the goal to the extent not met by bidder or
proposer self-performance shall be addressed as otherwise set out in this section;

(2) If the bidder or proposer utilizes MWBEs as subcontractors, suppliers,
 manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives, brokers, distributors, or packagers, the value of the
 commercially useful function to be performed by such MWBEs, shall count to the extent provided in
 section 28-129 toward satisfaction of the participation goal; or

1 If the bidder or proposer submits a joint venture agreement that includes one (1) (3) 2 or more MWBEs, the value of the commercially useful function to be performed by the MWBEs in 3 the joint venture as the distinct, clearly defined portion of the work of the joint venture agreement 4 that the MWBE performs with its own forces or for which it is separately at risk shall count to the extent provided in section 28-129 toward satisfaction of the participation goal. The joint venture is 5 6 subject to review and approval by the DSBO director and the user department. The joint venture 7 agreement shall be provided to the DSBO director at least ten (10) days prior to the date of bid or 8 proposal opening or as set forth in the bidding or selection instructions. Joint venturer participation 9 will count toward the satisfaction of the participation goal upon confirmation by the DSBO director of 10 the utilization in the joint venture of joint management and full integration of work forces by the joint 11 venturers.

12 (b) For on-call contracts and purchase orders or other contracts or purchase orders that 13 may be procured and awarded without a pre-determined specific project or scope of work awarded 14 in accordance with section 20-68 of this Code, and for any other on-call procurement contracts 15 procured by user departments, the director in consultation with the purchasing director or department 16 head may determine to address the participation goal by means of a utilization plan for utilization of 17 MWBEs on such contract or purchase order, or for alternative demonstration of good faith efforts by 18 the bidder or proposer. In that event, the purchasing director or department head shall request the 19 DSBO director to approve the utilization of such a utilization plan, consistent with the scope and 20 intent of this article V. The development, scope and utilization of such utilization plans shall be 21 addressed in rules and regulations promulgated by the DSBO director.

# 22 Sec. 28-128. - Participation goals—Good faith efforts – contracts or purchase orders for 23 services.

(a) If the bidder or proposer has not fully met the participation goal as provided in section
28-127, then it shall demonstrate that it has made good faith efforts to meet such goal. The bidder
or proposer shall submit with its bid or proposal a detailed statement of its good faith efforts to meet
the participation goal set by the DSBO director. This statement shall address each of the items in
subsection (b) and any additional criteria that the DSBO director may establish by rule or regulation
consistent with the purposes of this article V. Good faith efforts must be demonstrated to be
meaningful and not merely for formalistic compliance with this article V. The scope and substance

of the efforts will be considered in determining whether the bidder or proposer has achieved a good
 faith effort.

(b) The statement of good faith efforts shall include a specific response and verification with
respect to each of the following good faith effort categories, which may be further defined by rule or
regulation. A bidder or proposer may include any additional information it believes may be relevant.
Failure of a bidder or proposer to show good faith efforts as to any one (1) of the following categories
shall render its overall good faith showing insufficient and its bid or proposal nonresponsive.

8 (1) The bidder or proposer must solicit through all reasonable and available means 9 the interest of all MWBE certified in the services category set forth in the bid or proposal instructions. 10 The bidder or proposer must solicit the interest of such MWBEs within sufficient time, prior to the 11 date bids or proposals are submitted to the purchasing division or user department, to allow such 12 MWBEs to respond to the solicitation. The bidder or proposer must determine with certainty if the 13 MWBEs are interested by demonstrating appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.

14 (2) The bidder or proposer must select portions of the services to be performed by MWBEs in order to increase the likelihood that the participation goal will be achieved. This includes, 15 16 where appropriate, breaking out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate 17 MWBE participation as subcontractors or joint venturers, and for bidder or proposer self-performed 18 work, as suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives, brokers, distributors, or 19 packagers, all reasonably consistent with industry practice, even when the bidder or proposer would 20 otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces. The bidder or proposer must identify 21 what portions of the contract will be self-performed and what portions of the contract will be opened 22 to solicitation of bids, proposals and quotes from MWBEs. All portions of the contract not self-23 performed must be solicited for MWBEs participation. The ability or desire of a bidder or proposer to 24 perform the work of a contract with its own forces does not relieve the bidder or proposer of the 25 responsibility to meet the participation goal or demonstrate good faith efforts to do so.

(3) The bidder or proposer, consistent with industry practice, must provide MWBEs
at a clearly stated location, with timely, adequate access to and information about the plans,
documents, specifications, and requirements of the contract or purchase order, including bonding
and insurance requirements, if any, to assist them in responding to a solicitation.

30 (4) The bidder or proposer must negotiate in good faith with interested MWBEs and
 31 provide written documentation of such negotiation with each such MWBE.

1 (5) For each MWBE that contacted the bidder or proposer or that the bidder or 2 proposer contacted or attempted to subcontract or joint venture with, consistent with industry 3 practice, the bidder or proposer must supply a statement giving the reasons why the bidder or 4 proposer and the MWBE did not succeed in negotiating a subcontracting, supplier, manufacturer, 5 manufacturer's representative, broker, distributor, packager, or joint venture agreement, as 6 applicable.

7 The bidder or proposer must provide verification that it rejected each non-utilized (6) 8 MWBE because the MWBE did not submit the lowest bid or it was not qualified. Such verification 9 shall include a verified statement of the amounts of all bids received from potential or utilized 10 subcontractors, suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives, brokers, distributors, 11 packagers, or joint venturers on the contract, whether or not they are MWBEs. In making such a 12 determination of not being qualified, the bidder or proposer shall be guided by the definition of 13 gualified in subsection 28-123(40). For each MWBE found not to be gualified by the bidder or 14 proposer, the verification shall include a statement giving the bidder's or proposer's reasons for its conclusion. A bidder's or proposer's industry standing or group memberships may not be the cause 15 16 of rejection of an MWBE. A bidder or proposer may not reject an MWBE as being ungualified without 17 sound reasons based on a reasonably thorough investigation and assessment of the MWBEs 18 capabilities and expertise.

19 (7) If requested by a solicited MWBE, the bidder or proposer must make reasonable 20 efforts to assist, consistent with commercially useful function requirements, interested MWBEs in 21 obtaining bonding, lines of credit, alternative payment or performance guarantees, or insurance as 22 required by the city or by the bidder or proposer, provided that the bidder or proposer need not 23 provide financial assistance toward this effort.

(8) If requested by a solicited MWBE, the bidder or proposer must make
reasonable efforts, consistent with commercially useful function requirements, to assist interested
MWBEs in obtaining necessary and competitively priced equipment, supplies, materials, or related
assistance or services for performance under the contract or purchase order, provided that the
bidder or proposer need not provide financial assistance toward this effort.

(9) The bidder or proposer must use the DSBO MWBE directories to identify, recruit,
 and place MWBEs.

1 (c) In determining whether a bidder or proposer has satisfied good faith efforts as to a 2 participation goal, the success or failure of other bidders or proposers on the contract or purchase 3 order in meeting such participation goal may be considered.

4 (d) These factors shall also apply to determination of good faith efforts and any instance 5 where the participation goal is otherwise not met. Proposers or contractors are required to make 6 continuous good faith efforts throughout the contract term and document these efforts. Purchasing 7 division or user departments will notify the DSBO of impending contract closeout to allow the DSBO 8 to request remaining good faith efforts and other required documents from the contractor. Contractor 9 may remain subject to the requirements including potential violations of this article III and its divisions 10 after contract closeout.

# 11 Sec. 28-129. - Participation goals—Identification of participating MWBEs – contracts or 12 purchase orders for services.

(a) At the time a bid or proposal is submitted to the city, the bidder or proposer shall provide
to the city a DSBO required forms, which may include a letter of intent as prescribed by the DSBO,
of all MWBEs that are being utilized toward the satisfaction of the participation goal whether as a
self-performing bidder or proposer or as a subcontractor, supplier, manufacturer, manufacturer's
representative, broker, distributor, packager, or member of a joint venture. The DSBO required forms
shall specify:

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(1) The name and contact information for the MWBE;

(2) The dollar value and description of the commercially useful function to be
performed by the MWBE, consistent with subsection (d). In the case of utilization of a supplier,
manufacturer, manufacturer's representative, broker, distributor, or packager, the appropriate
percentage of dollar value attributable to such MWBE as a commercially useful function shall be
calculated with all underlying data supplied. If the bidder or proposer provides a dollar value amount,
then both the dollar value and percentage must be listed in the bid or proposal;

26 (3) The designation of each participating MWBE's applicable scope of work intended
27 to count toward the participation goal. The MWBE firm must be certified in the applicable scope of
28 work in order for their participation to count toward the goal;

(4) An adequate statement from the bidder or proposer that the dollar amount of
 services to be performed or provided by such MWBEs on the contract or purchase order, other than

that self-performed by the bidder or proposer, was furnished to the bidder or proposer and agreed
upon prior to bid or proposal opening; and

3 (5) An adequate statement from the bidder or proposer that it understands that a 4 letter of intent, including, but not limited to, values provided by self-performing bidders or proposers, 5 joint venturers, teaming agreement participants, subcontractors, suppliers, manufacturers, 6 manufacturer's representatives, and brokers, expressed in dollar values and as a percentage of the 7 overall work, must be submitted to the director for each MWBE listed, including a self-performing 8 bidder or proposer, at the time bids are opened by the city or by the date of proposal in the case of 9 a competitive selection process, or bid selection made by a private owner.

10 (b) Only that level of MWBE utilization demonstrated in accordance with this section at the 11 time of bid or proposal submission may be counted in satisfaction of the participation goal, except 12 as otherwise set out in sections 28-132 and 28-133. Bidders or proposers must submit an executed 13 letter of intent for each MWBE listed by the bidder or proposer, including a self-performing bidder or 14 proposer, with its bid or proposal. Failure to do so will render the bid or proposal nonresponsive.

15 For on-call procurement contracts, and other contracts that may be procured and (c) 16 awarded without a pre-determined specific project or scope of work, the director in consultation with 17 the purchasing director or department head may determine to use a utilization plan, pursuant to 18 section 28-127(b). In such event, the bidder or proposer shall not be required to demonstrate MWBE 19 utilization at the time of bid opening, but will be required to develop an approved utilization plan to 20 demonstrate compliance with the requirements of this article V. For on-call procurement contracts 21 that are not determined to use a utilization plan and that do not delineate the dollar amount of specific 22 on-call projects, the bidder or proposer need list only the anticipated percentage of participation of 23 MWBEs rather than specific dollar amounts, as required in subsection (a)(2), above.

(d) All MWBE vendors, contractors, consultants, subcontractors, subconsultants, joint
venturers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives, suppliers, brokers, distributors, or
packagers listed in a bid or proposal must actually perform a commercially useful function in the
work of a contract within the area(s) for which they are certified, and must not function as a conduit.
Consistent with industry or professional practice, and as permitted by rules and regulations adopted
by the DSBO director, MWBEs may enter into subcontracts, including subcontracts with nonMWBEs. In no case, however, shall an MWBE act as a conduit, nor shall the participation of an

MWBE count toward a participation goal to the extent it fails to perform a commercially useful
 function.

3 (e) Any agreement between a bidder or proposer and an MWBE in which the bidder or
4 proposer requires that the MWBE not provide subcontracting quotations to other bidders or
5 proposers is prohibited and shall render a bidder's or proposer's bid or proposal nonresponsive.

# Sec. 28-130. - Participation goals—Responsive and nonresponsive bids – contracts or purchase orders for services.

8 (a) *Responsive; compliance with requirements.* If the low monetary bid or proposal subject 9 to a participation goal meets such goal, as set out in sections 28-127, or shows adequate good faith 10 efforts, as set out in section 28-128, then the DSBO director shall notify the purchasing director or 11 department head to regard the bid or proposal as responsive as to compliance with this article V.

(b) *Failure to meet requirements.* If a bid or proposal subject to a participation goal does not meet such goal, as set out in section 28-127, or show good faith, as set out in section 28-128, or if a bidder or proposer fails to provide timely information, as set out in section 28-129, then the DSBO director shall notify the purchasing director or department head to regard the bid or proposal as nonresponsive, and such determination shall result in no further consideration by the city of the bid or proposal.

18 Statement of good faith efforts-Informal meeting. If the DSBO director finds (c) 19 inadequacies in a bidder or proposer's demonstration of good faith efforts, as such good faith efforts 20 are described in section 28-128, the DSBO director will provide written notice of such inadequacies 21 to the bidder or proposer prior to notifying the purchasing director or department head of bid or 22 proposal responsiveness. Within two (2) business days from the date that the city notifies the bidder 23 or proposer of the inadequacies of its demonstration of good faith efforts, the bidder or proposer may 24 request an informal meeting with the DSBO director. Such informal meeting shall be scheduled by 25 the DSBO director. All deficiencies in good faith efforts shall be explained to the bidder or proposer 26 at such informal meeting. Within twenty-four (24) hours after the informal meeting, the bidder or 27 proposer shall be allowed to submit additional information or to clarify the original good faith efforts. 28 The DSBO director will at no time, however, allow additional subcontractors, joint venturers, 29 suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives, brokers, packagers, or distributors that 30 may later be added to the contract or to the original MWBE participation submitted in the bid or

proposal to be counted toward meeting of the participation goal. After this informal meeting, the
 DSBO director will:

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- (1) Determine whether the bidder or proposal will be responsive or nonresponsive;
- (2) Make the notification as stated in subsection (b) above, as applicable; and

5 (3) Provide written notice to the bidder or proposer of the DSBO director's final6 determination.

Sec. 28-131. - Participation goals—Time periods for documentation submitted to the city –
 contracts or purchase orders for services.

9 The documentation of good faith efforts and all DSBO required forms applicable to a project 10 including letters of intent of a bidder or proposer and, as applicable, its subcontractors, 11 subconsultants, subvendors. joint venturers, suppliers. manufacturers. manufacturer's 12 representatives, brokers, packagers, or distributors, of letters of intent to perform, shall be submitted 13 to the DSBO director at the time of submission of the bid or proposal. During the term of a contract 14 for services, the prime contractor is responsible for updating, or providing new, DSBO required forms 15 as applicable any time a new MWBE or SBE subcontractor is added to a contract or project. The 16 prime contractor must also provide copies of the MWBE or SBE certification letters to the DSBO for 17 new MWBEs or SBE subcontractors added to the contract or project.

Sec. 28-132. - Participation goals—Compliance with participation goal during performance
 on contracts or purchase orders for services.

(a) Upon award of a city contract or purchase order for services that includes a participation
 goal, the participation goal becomes a covenant of performance by the vendor, contractor or
 consultant in favor of the city.

(b) All contracts or purchase orders subject to this article V shall be reviewed by the DSBO
for compliance with the provisions hereof. This review shall examine, but not be limited to, whether
the MWBE participation dollar amounts and percentages and achieved participation goal levels upon
which the contract or purchase order was awarded are maintained over the term or duration of the
contract or purchase order.

(c) For any contract or purchase order for which the DSBO director has set a participation
 goal, it shall be an ongoing, affirmative obligation of the vendor, contractor or consultant on such
 contract to maintain, at a minimum, compliance with provisions of this article V as well as the
 originally achieved level of MWBE participation upon which the contract or purchase order was

awarded, for the duration of the contract or purchase order, unless the city initiates a material
 alteration to the services affecting MWBEs performing on the contract or purchase order through a
 contract amendment, or as otherwise described in section 28-133.

4 The DSBO shall evaluate the utilization of MWBEs to determine whether such MWBEs (d) are performing a commercially useful function. The evaluation shall examine the amount of work 5 6 subcontracted, industry practice and other relevant factors. The amount of MWBE participation 7 credited toward a participation goal shall be based upon an analysis of the specific duties performed 8 by the MWBE, and the extent to which such duties constitute a commercially useful function. The 9 DSBO director may undertake such inquiries or studies, engage such employees or retain such 10 consultants as may be necessary to assist the director in rendering these determinations. In order 11 for the DSBO to accurately track utilization of MWBEs, MWBEs shall submit regularly the following 12 information in a method prescribed by the DSBO. The submitted information may include but is not 13 limited to:

14 (1) Prime contractor information (name, address, contact person, telephone and 15 email address);

16 (2) MBWBE subcontractor information for any tiers (name, address, contact person,
17 telephone, email address, and certification number);

(3) Contract information and City contract control number (report for month of,
contract name and date executed, original dollar amount, current dollar amount if changed, and all
change orders);

(4) Subcontract agreement or purchase order information (copy of the document,
original amount, current amount if changed, scope of work, and change orders);

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(5) Payment received in current month;

- 24 (6) Total payments received;
- 25 (7) Percent of work completed;
- 26 (8) Billing request rejection date and reason for rejection; and

27 (9) Past due invoices (invoice date, reference number, number of days past due,28 and amount outstanding.

(e) The work performed by an MWBE not providing a commercially useful function, or
 functioning as a conduit, shall not count toward meeting the participation goal.

# Sec. 28-133. - Participation goals—Amendments and modifications to contracts for services and purchase orders.

3 (a) Vendors, contractors, and consultants on contracts and purchase orders for services 4 shall have a continuing obligation to immediately inform the DSBO in writing of any agreed upon 5 increase or decrease in services, as approved by the purchasing division or user department, to be 6 provided under such contract or purchase order, upon any of the bases discussed in this section 28-7 133, regardless of whether such increase or decrease in services has been reduced to writing at the 8 time of notification.

9 (b) Any increase in the services to be provided under a contract or purchase order for 10 services, whether by amendment or otherwise, which increases the dollar value of the contract or purchase order, whether or not such change, is within the scope of services designated to be 11 12 provided by an MWBE at the time of contract award, shall be immediately submitted to the DSBO. 13 The contractor is responsible for obtaining purchasing division or user department approval of any 14 such change. Those amendments or other contract modifications that involve a change in services 15 that cannot be performed by existing subcontractors, subconsultants, subvendors, joint venturers, 16 suppliers, manufacturer, manufacturer's representative, brokers, distributors, or packagers or by the 17 vendor, contractor, or consultant, shall be subject to a goal for MWBEs equal to the original goal on 18 the contract which were included in the bid or proposal requirements. The original participation goal 19 percentage shall be applied to the new, increased dollar amount of the contract. The vendor, 20 contractor or consultant shall satisfy such goal as respects such changed services by soliciting new 21 MWBEs in accordance with section 28-127 as applicable, or the vendor, contractor or consultant 22 must good faith efforts set out in sections 28-128, 28-136, or 28-137. The vendor, contractor, or 23 consultant shall supply to the DSBO director and the purchasing division or user department the 24 documentation described in sections 28-128, 28-136 or 28-137) with respect to the increased dollar 25 value of the contract or purchase order.

# Sec. 28-134. - Participation goals—Payments to subcontractors, subconsultants, joint venturers, suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives and brokers – contracts for services.

All vendors, contractors and consultants shall promptly render payment to all subcontractors, subconsultants, joint venturers, suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives, brokers, distributors, and packagers on a contract or purchase order.

32 Sec. 28-135 – Participation goals — Contractor prompt payment – contracts for services.

1 (a) Each contractor on a city contract with certified MWBEs as subcontractors shall pay 2 the respective subcontractors any invoiced and undisputed amounts for accepted and completed 3 work within thirty-five (35) days of the contractor's receipt of the subcontractor's invoice. Payment to 4 the subcontractor shall be timely made as required under this section regardless of whether the 5 contractor has been paid for the same work or payment period. For the purposes of the section 28-135, any subcontractor, regardless of whether that subcontractor holds a city contract, may be 7 required to make payments to MWBEs as set forth in this section.

8 (b) Contractor is required to provide written notice to its subcontractor of either approval 9 or rejection of the subcontractor's invoice within ten (10) days of receipt. If the invoice is rejected, 10 the written notice to the subcontractor shall include the deficiencies or disputes regarding the invoice.

11 (c) Failure to comply with the payment requirements in this section may be grounds for 12 withholding of payment by the city to the contractor, and may be grounds for breach of the city 13 contract.

14 (d) The payment requirements under this section shall apply to MWBEs utilized for15 satisfaction of the goal regardless of tier.

16 (e) This section 28-135 shall apply only to contracts in the amount of one million dollars 17 (\$1,000,000.00) or more based on the original contract amount before amendments or changes.

Sec. 28-136. - Participation goals — Participation modification; substitution; termination of
 MWBE subcontractors – contracts for services.

(a) A contractor that has been awarded a contract based upon a given level of MWBE
participation or has duly added an additional or substitute MWBE subcontractor to the contract in
accordance with this division, may not substitute or terminate an MWBE subcontractor without the
DSBO's and purchasing division's or user department's prior written concurrence as set forth herein.
This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which a contractor seeks to perform work with its own
forces or those of an affiliate, a non-MWBE firm, or with another MWBE as a substitute for an
originally designated for an MWBE subcontractor.

(b) In the event that a contractor or consultant must substitute or terminate an MWBE
subcontractor, subconsultant, joint venturer, supplier, manufacturer, manufacturer's representative
or broker, except in cases where directed by the city, the following must be completed:

- 1 (1) The contractor must provide notice in writing to the MWBE subcontractor, with 2 a copy to the DSBO and the purchasing division or user department, of its intent to request to 3 terminate or substitute, and the reason for the request.
- 4 (2) The contractor must give the MWBE subcontractor at least five (5) business 5 days to respond to the contractor's notice.
- 6 (3) The DSBO in conjunction with the purchasing division or user department must 7 provide concurrence and the reasons therefor stated in a written notification that the prime contractor 8 has good cause to substitute or terminate the firm.
- 9 (4) In determining good cause to substitute or terminate the DSBO will consider all 10 circumstances as a whole based on the following factors:
- 11

(i) The MWBE subcontractor fails or refuses to execute a written contract;

(ii) The MWBE subcontractor fails or refuses to perform the work consistent with
 normal industry standards; provided, however, that good cause does not exist where the failure or
 refusal of the MWBE subcontractor to perform its work results from the bad faith or discriminatory
 action of the contractor;

- (iii) The MWBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the contractor's
   reasonable, nondiscriminatory bond requirements or insurance requirements;
- 18 (iv) The MWBE subcontractor becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit19 unworthiness;
- 20 (v) The MWBE subcontractor is or becomes ineligible to work on city projects
   21 because of suspension and debarment;
- (vi) The non-city owner or contractor has determined that the MWBEsubcontractor is not a responsible contractor;
- (vii) The MWBE subcontractor voluntarily withdraws from the project and
   provides written notice of its withdrawal;
- (viii) The MWBE's work cannot be counted toward participation in accordance
   with applicable requirements;
- (ix) An MWBE owner dies or becomes disabled resulting in inability of the
  MWBE to perform or complete its work on the contract; or
- 30 (x) Other documented good cause that DSBO determines requires termination31 of the MWBE subcontractor.

1 (5) The MWBE subcontractor shall be provided the opportunity to advise the DSBO, 2 purchasing division, user department and the contractor of the reasons, if any, why it objects to the 3 proposed termination, and why the DSBO should not concur with the contractor's action. If required 4 in a particular case as a matter of public necessity (*e.g.*, safety), the DSBO may provide a response 5 period shorter than five (5) business days.

6 (6) In addition to substitutions or terminations occurring during contract 7 performance, the provisions of this section may apply to reductions in scope of work or substitutions 8 of MWBE firms by bidders or proposer prior to contract execution.

9 (c) If the DSBO and the purchasing division or user department concurs with the 10 contractor's request to substitute, terminate or reduce the scope of work of the MWBE subcontractor, 11 the contractor must comply with good faith efforts requirements to replace the terminated SBE 12 subcontractor with another MWBE firm certified to perform the same scope of work.

(d) If a contractor substitutes or terminates the MWBE subcontractor or reduces the scope
 of work of the MWBE subcontractor, without first complying with this section 28-136, the DSBO may
 find the contractor in violation of this ordinance and the contractor may be subject to enforcement
 and sanctions.

17 Sec. 28-137. - Participation goals—Potential violations – contracts for services.

(a) A vendor, contractor or consultant that has been awarded a city contract or purchase
order based upon a given level of MWBE participation shall not, at any time before or during the
performance of such contract or purchase order:

(1) Fail to in fact utilize an MWBE that was originally listed at bid or proposal opening
in order to satisfy the participation goal, and that submitted a timely letter of intent, without
substituting another MWBE performing the same commercially useful function and dollar amount, or
demonstrating good faith efforts, as defined in subsection (d) hereof, to substitute another MWBE;
or

26 (2) Fail to allow an MWBE functioning as a subcontractor, subconsultant, joint 27 venturer, supplier, manufacturer, manufacturer's representative, or broker to perform the 28 commercially useful function, the value of which was originally counted for that MWBE in awarding 29 the contract or purchase order; or

30 (3) Modify or eliminate all or a portion of the services attributable to an MWBE upon
31 which the contract was awarded, unless directed by the city; or

1 (4) Terminate an MWBE originally utilized as a subcontractor, subconsultant, joint 2 venturer, supplier, manufacturer, manufacturer's representative or broker in order to be awarded the 3 contract without replacing such MWBE with another MWBE, performing the same commercially 4 useful function and dollar amount, or demonstrating good faith efforts, as defined in subsection (c) 5 hereof, to substitute another MWBE; all subject to DSBO approval;

6 (5) Retaliate against any MWBE that reports issues to the DSBO or purchasing 7 division or user department;

8 (6) Participate in a conduit relationship with an MWBE scheduled to perform work
9 on the contract or purchase order;

10 (7) Otherwise fail to meet the participation goal without complying with good faith 11 efforts or other requirements; or

(8) Commit any other violation of this article V, or rules and regulations

13 promulgated hereunder, which constitutes a material breach of the contract, not mentioned above.

(b) Any action by a vendor, contractor or consultant in violation of subsections (a)(1) through
(8) hereof, shall constitute a material breach of the city contract or purchase order that shall entitle
the city to exercise all of its rights at law or equity for such material breach, in addition to exercising
any of the other sanctions set out in subsection 28-139(c).

18 (c) If, following award of a contract or purchase order, an MWBE has its certification
19 terminated for reasons other than:

20

12

(1) Expiration from certification;

21

(2) Graduation from certification;

(3) Nonperformance of a commercially useful function, the value of which was
 originally counted for that MWBE, as applicable, when the contract or purchase order was awarded;
 or

(4) The voluntary withdrawal of MWBE participation on the contract or purchase order, such termination of certification or failure to perform a commercially useful function shall not be deemed to affect compliance with the participation goal, and shall not be deemed a breach of the contract or purchase order as long as the vendor, contractor or consultant can demonstrate that such termination or failure did not result from any action or inaction, whether direct or indirect, of or by the vendor, contractor or consultant. In such event, the vendor, contractor, or consultant will substitute another MWBE, performing the same commercially useful function and dollar amount, or
 will demonstrate good faith efforts to substitute another MWBE, as defined in subsection (d) below.

3 (d) In the event that a vendor, contractor or consultant must add or replace an MWBE 4 subcontractor, subconsultant, joint venturer, supplier, manufacturer, manufacturer's representative, 5 broker or distributor or in the event that a new services are added to the ongoing contract or purchase 6 order, and the vendor, contractor or consultant in such event is in noncompliance with maintenance 7 of the original participation goal upon which the contract or purchase order was awarded, due to 8 failure to utilize additional MWBEs, the vendor, contractor or consultant shall be required to 9 demonstrate good faith efforts in compliance with section 28-128 or 28-136 as applicable. Failure of 10 a vendor, contractor or consultant to show good faith efforts shall render its contract performance in 11 noncompliance with this article V.

12 Sec. 28-138. - Participation goals—Burden of proof; investigations of compliance.

13 Any business enterprise affected by the operation of this article V shall have the burden of 14 proving its compliance with the requirements and obligations of the division. The DSBO is 15 empowered to receive and investigate complaints and allegations by MWBEs, third parties or city 16 personnel, or to initiate its own investigations regarding compliance with the requirements and 17 obligations of this article V. If the DSBO determines in its sole discretion that an investigation is 18 warranted, upon written notice of such investigation the affected party shall be obligated to cooperate 19 fully with the investigation and shall have a continuing burden of providing complete, truthful 20 information to the DSBO director and of otherwise proving compliance with the requirements and 21 obligations of this article V.

#### 22 Sec. 28-139. - Participation goals—Sanctions for failure to comply with article V requirements.

23 If a vendor, contractor or consultant is found to be in violation of the provisions of article (a) 24 V, to otherwise be in breach of a contract, to perform as or to, utilize MWBEs for a non-commercially 25 useful function or as a conduit, to fail to submit information required in section 28-131, to submit 26 false, misleading, or materially incomplete statements, documentation or records, including, but not 27 limited to, good faith efforts or letters of intent, or to fail to cooperate in an investigation, it shall be 28 subject to sanctions. The city may exercise any or all of its rights contained in the terms and 29 conditions of the contract or purchase order, including, but not limited to, withholding funds, 30 imposition of monetary penalty, suspension or termination. If the contract or purchase order is 31 suspended or terminated, the city reserves all its rights at law or equity.

1 (b) In the event that the DSBO director determines, in his or her sole discretion, that a 2 vendor, contractor or consultant is in noncompliance with article V, the vendor, contractor or 3 consultant may be assessed a civil, remedial penalty of not more than one hundred fifty (150) percent 4 of the value of MWBE underutilization demonstrated each MWBE involved. In assessing such civil 5 penalty:

6 (1) The DSBO director shall calculate the applicable amount of civil penalty, and may 7 reduce or waive all or part of such penalty, in his or her sole discretion, in consideration of the 8 following factors:

9 10 a. The length of the period of noncompliance;

b. The history of previous noncompliance with any provision of this article V;

c. The monetary impact of the civil penalty on the vendor, contractor or
 consultant in correcting such noncompliance; or

d. The other facts and circumstances relevant to the noncompliance of the
vendor, contractor or consultant.

15 (2) The DSBO director shall collect assessed and unpaid civil penalties under this 16 subsection by action initiated in state district court for collection of such penalty. A stay of any order 17 of the DSBO director pending judicial review shall not relieve any vendor, contractor or consultant 18 from any civil penalty obligation imposed under this section.

19 (3) Any such assessed civil penalties may also be offset against any amount 20 otherwise due and owing to the vendor, contractor or consultant on the contract or purchase order.

(4) The city contract or purchase order may be suspended or terminated with the city
 reserving all its rights at law or equity.

23 (5) The debarment board, established under section 20-77 of this Code, upon 24 request of the DSBO director, may suspend or debar the vendor, contractor or consultant from 25 participation in city or private contracting covered hereunder for a period as may be determined by 26 the debarment board, in its sole discretion, based upon the grounds of violating this article V, 27 pursuant to such suspension and debarment procedures as may be established by the city, as set 28 forth in section 20-77. The DSBO director in that event shall regard as nonresponsive any bid or 29 proposal received during this time period that includes the vendor, contractor or consultant as a 30 vendor, contractor, consultant, subcontractor, subconsultant, joint venturer, supplier, manufacturer, 31 manufacturer's representative, broker or distributor.

1 (6) If a vendor, contractor or consultant or other business enterprise knowingly 2 receives new or additional work on a contract or purchase order as a result of actions set out in this 3 section, then the penalties in this section may be applied to such business enterprise.

- 4 (7) The DSBO may either suspend or revoke an offending MWBE's eligibility for 5 certification as an MWBE or may suspend its participation from counting toward a participation goal, 6 and, the city subject to other city law, may suspend or debar MWBEs from participating in future city 7 contracts, based upon such MWBE's acting as a conduit, failing to comply with the provisions of 8 article V, failing to perform a commercially useful function on a contract or purchase order, failing to 9 submit information as required by section 28-131, submitting false, misleading or materially 10 incomplete statements, documentation or records, or failing to cooperate in investigations.
- 11 The DSBO director may, in his or her sole discretion, impose any one (1) or more of the (c) 12 sanctions set out in this section against any vendor, contractor, consultant, subcontractor, 13 subconsultant, joint venturer, supplier, manufacturer, manufacturer's representative, broker, or 14 distributor determined to be in violation of the section, provided that the DSBO director shall first 15 advise the manager and purchasing director or department head, as appropriate, of the proposed 16 sanction in writing. If the manager, purchasing director, or department head advises the DSBO 17 director in writing that the imposition of such sanction would not be in the best interests of the city. 18 the DSBO director shall consult with the appropriate official to make a final decision as to whether 19 to impose such sanctions.
- 20 (d) Consistent with article V and the rules and regulations, the DSBO may prescribe
   21 corrective actions in the case of potential violations or in lieu of potential enforcement.
- (e) Suspected criminal violations shall be referred to the proper authorities for prosecution.
  If a conviction or a guilty plea is obtained pursuant to such prosecution, the perpetrator may be
  barred from contracting with the city to the extent authorized by law.
- Sec. 28-140. SBE defined procurement pool for contracts or purchase orders for services or
   goods between \$50,000.00 and \$999,999.99.
- The purpose of the defined procurement pool is to enable the city, through the DSBO, the purchasing division of the department of general services, and other user departments to undertake specific activities to promote the use of SBEs, that are not brokers, packagers, or manufacturer's representatives, in contracts and purchase orders for goods and services awarded by the purchasing division and user departments pursuant to the Charter, revised Municipal Code, and executive orders

of the City and County of Denver. The scope of the procurement pool will be limited to procurement
opportunities for goods or services for which the estimated cost is at least fifty thousand dollars
(\$50,000.00) but not more than nine hundred ninety-nine thousand nine hundred ninety-nine dollars
and ninety-nine cents (\$999,999.99).

5 Sec. 28-141. - Defined procurement pool—Administration of defined pool.

6 (a) When the purchasing division or user department seeks to acquire services or to acquire 7 goods with an estimated cost of at least fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000.00) but no more than nine 8 hundred ninety-nine thousand nine hundred ninety-nine dollars and ninety-nine cents 9 (\$999.999.99) pursuant to the Charter, revised Municipal Code, and executive orders of the City and 10 County of Denver, it will notify the DSBO of the proposed procurement. The DSBO director will 11 determine if there is a requisite number of SBEs in accordance with section 28-141(b), below, that 12 are not brokers, packagers, or manufacturer's representatives, listed in the most current DSBO 13 certification directory for the goods or services to be acquired. The DSBO director in consultation 14 with the purchasing division and user departments will adopt rules and regulations or informal 15 guidelines to timely notify the purchasing director or department head of such determinations. For 16 services under this section 28-141, DSBO and the purchasing division or user department will assess 17 in the best interest of the project and the city whether to apply a participation goal in accordance with 18 section 28-126 or to follow the procedures under this section 28-141.

19 For procurements under sections 28-140 and 28-141, the defined pool shall require at (b) 20 least six SBE certified (6) companies. If there is the required number of SBEs in accordance with 21 this section 28-141(b), that are not brokers, packagers, or manufacturer's representatives, on the 22 most current DSBO certification list, the purchasing division or user department will provide the 23 procurement opportunity to such SBEs through bidding or selection procedures authorized by the 24 charter, municipal code, or executive orders for that specific contract or purchase order. The bidding 25 or proposal instructions will require that such SBEs self-perform no less than thirty (30) percent of 26 the total amount of the contract or purchase order with their own forces.

(c) If there is not the required number of SBE certified companies, that are not brokers,
packagers, or manufacturer's representatives, on the most current DSBO certification list, or if the
purchasing division or user department does not receive a bid or proposal from such an SBE offering
to self-perform no less than thirty (30) percent of the total amount of the contract or purchase order
with its own forces, the purchasing division or user department will obtain the goods or services

through procurement methods required or authorized by the Charter, Municipal Code, or executive
 orders for that specific contract or purchase order.

(d) Certification by the DSBO as an SBE shall thereupon be established as a condition of
responsiveness to a bid or proposal on such selected contracts and purchase orders. Defined
procurement pool contracts and purchase orders shall be evaluated and awarded in accordance
with sections 28-142 and 28-143 below and any other procedure and method required or authorized
by the Charter, Municipal Code, or executive orders for that specific contract or purchase order.

8 (e) User departments will not split, combine, revise, restructure, or modify purchases of 9 goods or services with other goods or one (1) or more other services to avoid the dollar thresholds 10 for inclusion in the defined procurement pool or perform other actions with the intent of avoiding the 11 requirements of this article V.

12 Sec. 28-142. - Defined procurement pool—Commercially useful function.

13 An SBE awarded a contract or purchase order through the defined procurement pool (a) 14 will self-perform no less than thirty (30) percent of the total amount of the contract or purchase order 15 with its own forces. All SBE contractors, consultants, or vendors listed in a bid or proposal; must 16 actually perform a commercially useful function on a defined procurement pool contract or purchase 17 order within the area(s) for which they are certified, and must not function as a conduit. The bidding 18 or proposal instructions for each defined procurement pool contract or purchase order shall require 19 that all bidders and proposers seeking to provide goods or services under a city contract or purchase 20 order shall provide a commercially useful function on such contract or purchase order.

21 (b) All expenditures for goods or services obtained from such an SBE who is also an MWBE 22 manufacturer, supplier, or distributor will be counted toward the annual goal set forth in section 28-23 124 based upon an analysis by the DSBO of the specific duties performed by the MWBE and the 24 extent to which such duties constitute a commercially useful function for each defined procurement 25 pool contract or purchase order. All expenditures for goods or services obtained from an SBE who 26 is not an MWBE manufacturer, supplier, or distributor will be calculated separately by the DSBO 27 based upon an analysis of the specific duties performed by the SBE and the extent to which such 28 duties constitute a commercially useful function for each defined procurement pool contract or 29 purchase order.

(c) The DSBO director in conjunction with the manager or department head may undertake
 such inquiries or studies, engage such employees or retain such consultants as may be necessary
 to assist the director in rendering these determinations.

4 Sec. 28-143. - Defined procurement pool—Review of bid or proposal responses.

5 (a) *Review of bids or proposals; compliance with requirements.* The DSBO director shall 6 review bid or proposals submitted for defined procurement pool opportunities and will notify the 7 purchasing director or department head to regard the submission as responsive to the requirements 8 of this article V if such bid or proposal establishes that the bidder or proposer will perform a 9 commercially useful function on the defined procurement pool contract or purchase order.

10 (b) *Failure to meet requirements.* The DSBO director shall notify the purchasing director or 11 department head to regard the submission as nonresponsive to the requirements of this article V if 12 such bid does not establish that the bidder or proposer will perform a commercially useful function 13 on the defined procurement pool contract or purchase order. Such determination that the bid as 14 submitted is nonresponsive shall result in no further consideration by the city of the bid.

Commercially useful function—Informal meeting. In the event the DSBO director finds 15 (c) 16 inadequacies in a bidder's or proposer's demonstration of commercially useful function under section 17 28-142, the DSBO director will provide written notice of such inadequacies to the bidder or proposer. 18 Within two (2) business days from the date that the city notifies the bidder or proposer of such 19 inadequacies, the bidder or proposer may request an informal meeting with the DSBO director. Such 20 informal meeting shall be scheduled by the DSBO director or the director's designee. All deficiencies 21 shall be explained to the bidder or proposer at such informal meeting. Within twenty-four (24) hours 22 after the informal meeting, the bidder or proposer shall be allowed to submit additional information 23 or to clarify its performance of a commercially useful function. After this informal meeting, the DSBO 24 director will:

25

(1) Determine whether the bid will be responsive or nonresponsive;

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(2) Make the notification as stated in subsection (b) above, as applicable; and

(3) Provide written notice to the bidder or proposer of the DSBO director's final

28 determination.

29 Sec. 28-144—28-145. – [Reserved]

Sec. 28-146. - SBE defined procurement pool—Compliance by SBEs required throughout
 performance of city contract or purchase order.

1 Upon award of a city contract or city purchase order, compliance with the commercially (a) 2 useful function requirement and other performance requirements required under this article V by the 3 SBE becomes a covenant of performance by the SBE vendor, contractor or consultant in favor of 4 the city. It shall be an ongoing, affirmative obligation of the SBE on such contract or purchase order to perform all requirements, including, but not limited to, the provision of a commercially useful 5 6 function, for the duration of the city contract or purchase order, unless the city initiates a material 7 alteration to the goods to be provided or services to be performed affecting the SBE's performance 8 of a commercially useful function on the contract or purchase order through a written amendment.

9 (b) The DSBO shall review all contracts and purchase orders to determine compliance by 10 SBEs with the provisions contained in sections 28-140 through 28-150. The review shall include, but 11 not be limited to:

(1) An examination of the goods provided, work performed, industry practice, and
 other relevant factors to determine whether the commercially useful function on the contract or
 purchase order was has been maintained over the term or duration of the contract or purchase order;
 and

16 (2) A determination of whether the SBE has performed its other contract 17 performance obligations over the term or duration of the contract or purchase order.

18 The purchasing division or user department, as appropriate, will provide bid 19 documentation for each specific procurement opportunity to the DSBO director at the time of bid 20 opening.

21 All participation by SBEs who are also MWBEs will be credited toward the annual goal (c) 22 based upon an analysis by the DSBO of the specific duties performed by the MWBE and the extent 23 to which such duties constitute a commercially useful function for each contract or purchase order. 24 SBE participation on contracts or purchase orders that does not include utilization of or by MWBEs 25 shall be calculated separately by the DSBO based upon an analysis of the specific duties performed 26 by the SBE and the extent to which such duties constitute a commercially useful function for each 27 contract or purchase order. The DSBO director or manager or department head may undertake such 28 inquiries or studies, engage such employees or retain such consultants as may be necessary to 29 assist the director in rendering these determinations.

**Sec. 28-147. - Defined procurement pool—Amendments and modifications.** 

1 (a) Contractors shall have a continuing obligation to immediately inform the DSBO in writing 2 of any agreed upon increase or decrease to the dollar value of a contract or purchase order, as 3 appropriate, whether by amendment or any other modification to the contract or purchase order 4 regardless of whether such increase or decrease concerning the goods or services to be provided 5 has been reduced to writing at the time of notification.

6 (b) The SBE shall provide a commercially useful function as respects the changed goods 7 or services by providing such goods or services itself, by retaining additional SBEs listed in the most 8 current DSBO certification list for the additional goods or services to be acquired, or showing each 9 element of good faith efforts set out in subsection 28-148(c). The SBE shall supply to the DSBO 10 director all documentation establishing the revised dollar value of the contract or purchase order as 11 well as the SBE's maintenance of the commercially useful function requirement.

12 Sec. 28-148. - Defined procurement pool—Potential violations during contract performance.

(a) An SBE that has been awarded a city contract or purchase order through the defined
 procurement pool shall not, at any time before or during the performance of such contract or
 purchase order:

16 (1) Fail to in fact self-perform, as a certified vendor, contractor, or consultant, no less 17 than thirty (30) percent of the total amount of the contract or purchase order for goods or services 18 with its own forces as originally listed at bid or proposal opening, as appropriate; or

Modify or eliminate all or a portion of the goods or services to be provided and
 attributable to the certified vendor, contractor, or consultant, unless directed by the city in writing.

21 Any action by an SBE in violation of subsections (a)(1) or (2) hereof, shall constitute a (b) 22 material breach of the contract or purchase order that shall entitle the city to exercise all of its rights 23 at law or equity for such material breach, in addition to exercising any of the other sanctions set out 24 in section 28-150 below. If, following award of a contract or purchase order, an SBE has its 25 certification terminated for reasons other than expiration or graduation from certification, such 26 termination of certification shall not be deemed to affect compliance with the contract or purchase 27 order and shall not be deemed a breach of the contract or purchase order as long as the vendor, 28 contractor or consultant can demonstrate that such termination or failure did not result from any 29 action or inaction, whether direct or indirect, of or by the vendor, contractor or consultant.

30 (c) The following good faith requirements shall apply to sections 28-146 and 28-147. In the 31 event that additional goods or services are added to an on-going contract or purchase order and the

SBE in such event is in noncompliance with either the requirement to self-perform no less than thirty (30) percent of the total amount of the contract or purchase order with its own forces or to perform a commercially useful function for the provision of the additional goods or services, the following good faith efforts must be completed. Failure of a vendor, contractor or consultant to show good faith efforts as to any one (1) of the following categories shall render its overall good faith efforts showing insufficient; and its contract performance in noncompliance with this article V:

- 7 (1) Verification that the vendor, contractor or consultant used the most current SBE 8 directory from the DSBO in order to contact SBEs that are certified in the identified goods at the 9 time of the modified good faith effort.
- 10 (2) Verification of efforts to contact appropriate SBEs within the same identified 11 goods must be documented. The DSBO director may verify such contacts as he or she deems 12 appropriate.
- 13 (3) Documentation of the good faith efforts must be submitted to the DSBO prior to
  14 the payment to the vendor, contractor or consultant of the next progress or other partial payment or
  15 fund release under the contract or purchase order.
- 16 Sec. 28-149. Defined procurement pool—Burden of proof; investigations of compliance.
- 17 Any business enterprise affected by the operation of sections 28-140 through 28-150, shall 18 have the burden of proving its compliance with the requirements and obligations herein. The DSBO 19 is empowered to receive and investigate complaints and allegations by SBEs, third parties, or city 20 personnel, or to initiate its own investigations regarding compliance with the requirements and 21 obligations of this article V. If the DSBO determines in its sole discretion that an investigation is 22 warranted, upon written notice of such investigation the affected party shall be obligated to cooperate 23 fully with the investigation and shall have a continuing burden of providing complete, truthful 24 information to the DSBO director and of otherwise proving compliance with the requirements and 25 obligations of this article V.
- 26 Sec. 28-150. Defined procurement pool—Sanctions for failure to comply with requirements.

(a) If a vendor, contractor, or consultant is found to be in violation of the provisions of article
V, to otherwise be in breach of a contract or purchase order, to perform a non-commercially useful
function or act as a conduit, to fail to submit information required under this article V, to submit false,
misleading, or materially incomplete statements, documentation, or records, or to fail to cooperate
in an investigation, it shall be subject to sanctions. The city may exercise any or all of its rights,

including withholding funds, imposition of monetary penalty, suspension, or termination, contained
in the contract or purchase order terms and conditions. If the contract or purchase order is
suspended or terminated, the city reserves all its rights at law or equity.

4 (b) If the DSBO director determines, in his or her sole discretion, that an SBE is in 5 noncompliance with the defined procurement pool requirements contained in sections 28-140 6 through 28-150, the SBE may be assessed a civil, remedial penalty of not more than one hundred 7 fifty (150) percent of the value of underutilization of the minimum participation required. In assessing 8 such civil penalty:

9 (1) The DSBO director shall calculate the applicable amount of civil penalty and may 10 reduce or waive all or part of such penalty, in his or her sole discretion, in consideration of the 11 following factors:

12

a. The length of the period of noncompliance;

13

b. The history of previous noncompliance with this article V;

c. The monetary impact of the civil penalty on the SBE vendor, contractor, or
 consultant in correcting such noncompliance; or

d. The other facts and circumstances relevant to the noncompliance of the
SBE vendor, contractor, or consultant.

18 (2) The DSBO director shall collect assessed and unpaid civil penalties under this 19 subsection by action initiated in the state district court for collection of such penalty. A stay of any 20 order of the DSBO director pending judicial review shall not relieve any SBE vendor, contractor, or 21 consultant from any civil penalty obligation imposed under this subsection.

(3) Any such assessed civil penalties may also be offset against any amount
otherwise due and owing to the SBE vendor, contractor, or consultant on the contract or purchase
order.

(4) The contract or purchase order may be suspended or terminated with the city
reserving all its rights at law or equity.

(5) The debarment board established under section 20-77 of this Code, upon request
of the DSBO director, may suspend or debar the vendor, contractor, or consultant from participation
in city contracting covered hereunder for a period as may be determined by the debarment board, in
its sole discretion, based upon the grounds of violating this article V, pursuant to such suspension
and debarment procedures as may be established by the city, as set forth in section 20-77. The

DSBO director, in that event, shall regard as nonresponsive any bid or proposal received during this
 time period that includes the vendor, contractor, or consultant as a vendor, contractor, consultant,
 subcontractor, subconsultant, supplier, manufacturer, or distributor.

4 (6) If a vendor, contractor, consultant, or other business enterprise knowingly 5 receives new or additional work as a result of actions set out in this section, then the penalties in this 6 section may be applied to such business enterprise.

7 (7) The DSBO may suspend or revoke an offending SBE's eligibility for certification, 8 as an SBE, may suspend its participation in a city contract or purchase order from the calculation of 9 annual goals, and, subject to other city law, may suspend or debar the SBE from participating in 10 future city contract's, based upon the SBEs acting as a conduit, failing to comply with the provisions 11 of article V, failing to perform a commercially useful function on a contract or purchase order, failing 12 to submit information as required by section 28-147, or submitting false, misleading, or materially 13 incomplete statements, documentation, or records, or failing to cooperate in investigations.

14 (c) The DSBO director may, in his or her sole discretion, impose any one (1) or more of the 15 sanctions set out in this section against any vendor, contractor, or consultant determined to be in 16 violation of the section, provided that the director shall first advise the affected department head of 17 the proposed sanction in writing. If the department head advises the DSBO director in writing that 18 the department head believes that imposition of such sanction would not be in the best interests of 19 the city, the DSBO director shall consult with the department head prior to making a final decision 20 as to whether to impose such sanctions.

(d) Consistent with article V and the rules and regulations, the DSBO is authorized to
 prescribe corrective actions in the case of potential violations or in lieu of potential enforcement.

(e) Suspected criminal violations shall be referred to the proper authorities for prosecution.
If a conviction or a guilty plea is obtained pursuant to such prosecution, the perpetrator may be
barred from contracting with the city to the extent authorized by law.

#### 26 Sec. 28-151. [Reserved]

#### 27 Sec. 28-152. - State or federal law and other guidelines.

In making any findings required herein, the DSBO director may incorporate by reference rules, procedures and powers of C.R.S. § 24-4-101 et seq. as they may exist on the date of enactment of this article V or as they may hereinafter be amended. In making any findings required herein, or in aid of definition or interpretation of any term or phrase herein, the DSBO director may utilize as a guide, insofar as they are consistent with the purposes of this article V, provisions of federal law,
 including without limitation the provisions of 49 Code of Federal Regulations and 13 Code of Federal
 Regulations, or successor regulations, as they exist on the date of enactment of this article V or as
 they may hereafter be amended.

#### 5 Sec. 28-153. - Reporting.

6 The DSBO director shall prepare written reports no less than two (2) times each year which 7 shall describe progress in meeting the annual goals set out in section 28-124, as well as progress 8 under defined procurement pool as applied to city contracts and purchase orders for goods and 9 services under this article V. Copies of quarterly reports shall be provided to the manager, 10 purchasing director, affected department heads, city council, and the mayor.

In addition, the reports shall describe the implementation of this article V and provide an evaluation of individual contracts and purchase orders, including all change orders, amendments, and modifications awarded for goods and services through the participation goal and defined procurement pool provisions of this article V.

In calculating MWBE participation under this article V, all funds paid to such firms on city contracts and purchase orders for goods and services during the year shall be counted independent of whether or not such funds were (1) used to accomplish participation goal applicable at the time of bid opening or other proposal receipt; or (2) used to compensate SBEs who are MWBEs for the performance of a commercially useful function under defined procurement pool contract or purchase order.

## 21 Sec. 28-154. - Annual report.

22 *MWBE utilization.* If the annual goal in section 28-124 is not met in any year, then by (a) 23 March 1 of the following year, the DSBO director shall submit to the mayor, city council, manager, 24 purchasing director, and affected department heads a report comparing MWBE utilization achieved 25 in the year to the aspirational annual goal through the participation goals and defined procurement 26 pool stating the reasons why the goal was not met, substantiating any waivers for participation goals 27 granted under section 28-124, and advising and making recommendations as to continuing or further 28 efforts that the city should make in remedying discrimination and its effects in contracting for goods 29 and services, and recommending what should be done to assist in meeting such goal in the future.

30 (b) SBE utilization. The DSBO director will include in the report under Section 28-154 the
 31 following:

(1) Description of utilization levels achieved for SBEs in the preceding year through
 the defined procurement pool;

3 (2) Recommendations as to further efforts that the city should make to assist in the
4 development and utilization of such firms in the acquisition of goods and services; and

5 (3) Recommendation regarding assistance in achieving such participation by SBEs6 in the future.

7 (c) This annual report under Section 28-154 shall be considered one of the two required
8 reports under Section 28-153.

#### 9 Sec. 28-155. - Rules and regulations.

10 The DSBO director shall have the power and authority to adopt rules and regulations or 11 guidelines to effectuate the purpose, procedures, and operations of this article V. The manager and 12 department heads shall each have the power and authority to adopt policies, procedures, or 13 guidelines consistent with DSBO rules to effectuate the purpose, procedures, and operations of this 14 article V.

15 Sec. 28-156. - Severability.

If any provision of this article V or its application is held invalid or unenforceable, such invalidity or unenforceability shall not affect other provisions or applications of this article V which can be given effect without the invalid provisions or applications, and the remaining provisions are to be severable and shall remain in full force and effect.

#### 20 Sec. 28-157. - Effective date of article.

This article V shall become effective on May 2, 2020 and shall apply to all contracts and purchase orders within the scope of the article for which bids or proposals are made available for bidding or competitive selection on or after May 2, 2020.

#### 24 Sec. 28-158. - Review and sunset.

(a) This article V shall be reviewed by the mayor, manager, department heads and the
DSBO director on the third anniversary of its enactment, in order to determine whether adjustments
or revisions to article V or additional studies or inquiries in furtherance of article V are deemed
appropriate and should be undertaken or recommended to further and maintain the purpose and
intent of article V.

30 (b) This article V shall be repealed effective April 30, 2025.

1 Section 4. That article VII of chapter 28 of the revised municipal code be and the same are

2 hereby repealed and reenacted as a new article VII to read as follows:

## 3 ARTICLE VII. OPPORTUNITIES FOR SMALL BUSINESS ENTERPRISES IN CITY 4 CONTRACTS FOR CONSTRUCTION, RECONSTRUCTION, AND REMODELING, AND 5 PROFESSIONAL DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION SERVICES, AND IN CONCESSION 6 AGREEMENTS, THROUGH DEFINED SELECTION POOL CONTRACTS AND CONCESSION 7 AGREEMENTS.

# 8 Sec. 28-201. – [Reserved].

# 9 Sec. 28-202. - Purpose and scope.

10 The purpose of this article VII is to enable the city, through the department of transportation 11 and infrastructure, department of aviation, general services and other user departments, and the division of small business opportunity ("DSBO"), to undertake specific activities to promote use of 12 13 small business enterprises ("SBEs") and emerging business enterprises ("EBEs"), in construction 14 and professional design and construction services contracts and in concession agreements, in the 15 execution by the above user departments of their duties pursuant to the Charter of the City and 16 County of Denver. The director of the DSBO and the department heads of the user departments are 17 expressly delegated the necessary powers and rule-making authority to effectuate the purpose of 18 this article VII, and to undertake such additional studies or inquiries as they may deem appropriate.

# 19 Sec. 28-203. - Contracts excluded from this article VII.

20 Contracts for which bids or proposals are sought under the minority and women business 21 enterprise (MWBE) ordinance established pursuant to article III of this chapter 28, and its divisions, 22 are excluded from the coverage of this article VII. In addition, in the case of a contract for which a 23 part of the contract price is to be paid with funds from the United States Government or the State of 24 Colorado and for which the United States Government or the State of Colorado have made 25 applicable to such contract requirements, terms or conditions that are inconsistent with the terms of 26 this article VII, the provisions of this article VII shall not apply to such contract to the extent of such 27 inconsistency.

# 28 Sec. 28-204. - Definitions.

As used in this article VII, the following words and phrases shall have the following meanings, unless otherwise clearly required by the context:

(1) Affiliate means any business enterprise that is affiliated with an SBE or with the owner(s)
 of such SBE. Business enterprises are affiliates of each other when one controls or has the power

to control the other, or a third party or parties' controls or has the power to control both. It does not
matter whether control is exercised, so long as the power to control exists. The director may utilize,
in the interpretation of this definition, the definition of affiliate set forth in C.F.R. § 121 or successor
regulation, as from time to time amended.

5 (2) *Applicant business enterprise* means a business enterprise seeking to be certified as 6 a small business enterprise under this article VII.

*Bidder* means a business enterprise that submits a bid on a construction contract that
is offered for competitive bidding by the city or otherwise offered by a private owner.

9 Broker means a business enterprise that performs a commercially useful function as an (4) 10 intermediary, for a fee, in the acquisition of materials, supplies or equipment, regardless of whether 11 or not it takes title to such materials, supplies or equipment, for the city or a private owner or its 12 contractors, consultants or suppliers, but is not a manufacturer, manufacturer's representative or 13 regular dealer. Only bona fide commissions earned by a broker for its activities in performing a 14 commercially useful function on a city contract shall be counted toward legitimate participation by an 15 SBE on such contract as set out in this article VII. A packager shall be considered and treated as a 16 broker.

17 (5) *Business enterprise* means an individual, sole proprietorship, corporation, limited liability 18 company, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability limited partnership, joint stock company, 19 joint venture, professional association or any other legal entity operated for profit that is properly 20 licensed or registered, as applicable, owned, and controlled by persons who are citizens of the 21 United States or lawful permanent residents of the United States, and otherwise authorized to do 22 business in the State of Colorado.

(6) *Certification* means completion by a business enterprise of an application procedure to
 be developed by the DSBO, and formal authorization by the director to participate as an SBE under
 this article VII. Certification neither represents nor implies that a business enterprise is qualified to
 perform on a contract or concession agreement, nor that it performs a commercially useful function.

27

(7) *City* means the City and County of Denver and its participating user departments.

(8) *City project; city contract; city construction practices* mean any contract or project
 encompassed within the definition of contract in this article VII, regardless of whether the project
 owner is the city or a private owner. All provisions of this article VII shall apply to such contracts let
 by private owners, provided that the city shall not dictate means and methods of construction to such

private owners. Copies of all documents required to be provided by a subcontractor, subconsultant,
 supplier, manufacturer, manufacturer's representative or broker hereunder shall be sent to the
 director when the originals are sent to a private owner.

4 *Commercially useful function* means an SBE is responsible for the execution of a distinct (9) element of the work of a contract or concession agreement and is carrying out the work by actually 5 6 performing, maintaining control, managing, and supervising the work involved, or fulfilling 7 responsibilities as a joint venturer. In determining whether an SBE is performing or has performed a 8 commercially useful function, the DSBO will analyze whether the SBE is performing functions set 9 forth in this definition and this division including but not limited to being responsible for, with respect 10 to materials, supplies or equipment used for the contract work, negotiating price, determining 11 quantity and quality of the materials, supplies or equipment, ordering the materials, supplies or 12 equipment, performing installation where applicable, and paying for the materials, supplies or 13 equipment. To determine whether an SBE is performing a commercially useful function, the DSBO 14 will evaluate the amount of work contracted or subcontracted, industry practices, amounts paid to the SBE in proportion to the work actually performed, progress toward compliance with this article, 15 16 and other relevant factors. Commercially useful function is measured for purposes of determining 17 participation on a contract or concession agreement, not for determination of certification eligibility.

(10) Competitive selection process has the meaning ascribed to that phrase in sections
2.3.(A) and 2.11.3(B) of the Denver City Charter, and in D.R.M.C. sections 5-19 and 20-56, as that
meaning may pertain to a contract(s) at issue.

(11) *Concessionaire* means a business enterprise that enters into a competitively selected
 or negotiated concession agreement with the city, in privity of contract with the city, for the operation
 of a retail, food service or other concession in a building, or aviation or aeronautical facility, or
 improvements thereto, situated on real property owned or operated by the city.

(12) Concession agreement means any city agreement for the operation of a retail, food
 service or other concession authorized by any provision of the Charter or ordinances of the city,
 including, but not limited to, agreements awarded by competitive selection procedures or negotiated
 contracts, in a building, or aviation or aeronautical facility, or improvements thereto, situated on real
 property owned or operated by the city.

30 (13) *Conduit* means an SBE that knowingly agrees to pass the scope of work for which it is 31 listed for participation and is scheduled to perform or supply on a contract or concession agreement, to a non-SBE, or does not carry out the responsibilities required by actually performing, managing, controlling and supervising the work involved. In this type of relationship, the SBE has not performed a commercially useful function and the arranged agreement between the two (2) parties is not consistent with standard industry practice. This arrangement does not meet the commercially useful function requirement, and therefore the SBE's participation is not considered to be a legitimate portion of the work on the contract or concession agreement. Conduit is also referred to as a passthrough.

8 (14) *Construction* means those areas of construction, reconstruction and remodeling as 9 encompassed within the city's contracting processes authorized by the Charter and ordinances of 10 the city. This definition shall encompass design-build contracts as appropriate.

11 (15) *Consultant* means a business enterprise that enters into a negotiated contract with the 12 city, in privity of contract with the city, for professional design and construction services or enters 13 into such a contract with a private owner, in privity of contract with such private owner, for such 14 services on a building or aviation or aeronautical facility, or improvements thereto, situated on real 15 property owned by the city.

16 *Contract* means any city contract for construction or for professional design and (16)17 construction services authorized by any provision of the Charter or ordinances of the city, excepting 18 only those contracts subject to division of article III of this chapter 28, or to federal g requirements. 19 Contract shall also include other contracts ancillary to cooperative agreements or understandings 20 with other public and private agencies for purposes including the development of public facilities, 21 park and recreational facilities, museums, zoological and other gardens, collections of natural 22 history, and observatories, if such contracts provide for funding in whole or in part by the city and 23 provide for utilization of such funds for the purpose of construction or professional design and 24 construction services for any public facility or area owned or leased by the city or situated on real 25 property owned or leased by the city. Notwithstanding the foregoing, contract shall also include 26 construction or professional design and construction services for buildings or aviation or aeronautical 27 facilities or improvements thereto, constructed by private owners on real property owned by the city, 28 without regard to the utilization of city funding.

(17) *Contractor* means a business enterprise that enters into a competitively bid, otherwise
 competitively selected or negotiated construction contract with the city, in privity of contract with the
 city, or enters into such a construction contract with a private owner, whether or not bid, in privity of

contract with such private owner for such work on a building or aviation or aeronautical facility, or
 improvements thereto, situated on real property owned by the city. Contractor includes general
 contractors and prime contractors.

4

(18) *Day*, unless otherwise indicated, means calendar day.

5 (19) Defined selection pool contract or concession agreement means a contract or 6 concession agreement which is determined by the director to be appropriate for restriction of the 7 selection of the contractor, consultant or concessionaire and, as applicable, subcontractors, 8 subconsultants and suppliers on such contract or concession agreement to the pool of certified SBEs 9 or PBEs, as determined by the director.

10 (20) *Department head* means the manager or director of the city department entering into 11 contract(s) or concession agreement(s) with SBE(s), or such person's designee.

12 (21) *Design-build contract* means a contract for the procurement of both the design and the 13 construction, reconstruction or remodeling of a public work in a single contract with a single design-14 build contractor or combination of such contractors that are capable of providing the necessary 15 design and construction, reconstruction or remodeling services.

16 (22) *Director* means the director of the division of small business opportunity or successor 17 agency, or such director's designee.

18

(23) DSBO or the DSBO means the division of small business opportunity.

19 (24) *DSBO required forms* means the certifications, letters of intent, commitment forms and 20 other forms and documents developed by the DSBO or described in this article VII and the rules and 21 regulations, referenced in the applicable procurement documents, and required by the DSBO to 22 confirm and evaluate a bidder's or proposer's commitment to utilization of certified firms and other 23 DSBO program requirements. No authorized alteration or modification of a DSBO required form is 24 permitted. The DSBO reserves the right to reject altered or modified forms.

25 (25) *Emerging business enterprise* or *EBE* means a business enterprise that is certified by 26 the director under this article VII as meeting all of the requirements for certification set forth in 27 sections 28-205 and 28-206.

(26) *Expertise* means demonstrated skills, knowledge or ability to perform in the field of
 endeavor in which certification is sought by the business enterprise as defined by normal industry
 practices, including licensure or registration where required.

1 Joint venture means an association of two (2) or more business enterprises to (27)2 constitute a single business enterprise to perform a city construction or professional design or 3 construction services contract, or concession agreement for which purpose they combine their 4 property, capital, efforts, skills and knowledge and in which venture each joint venturer is responsible for a distinct, clearly defined portion of the work of the contract or concession agreement, performs 5 6 a commercially useful function, and whose share in the capital contribution, control, management 7 responsibilities, risks and profits of the joint venture are equal to its ownership interest. Joint ventures 8 must have an agreement in writing specifying the terms and conditions of the relationships between 9 the joint venturers and their relationship and responsibility to the contract or concession agreement.

10 (28) *Manufacturer* means a business enterprise that operates or maintains a factory or 11 establishment that produces, or substantially alters on the premises the materials, supplies or 12 equipment provided to contractors, consultants, subcontractors, subconsultants, suppliers, brokers 13 or manufacturer's representatives on a contract, required under the contract and of the general 14 character described by the contract specifications. For manufacturers, one hundred (100) percent of 15 the value the materials, supplies or equipment provided by an SBE under a contract shall count 16 toward SBE participation.

17 (29) *Manufacturer's representative* means a business enterprise that sells products for one 18 (1) or more manufacturers. A manufacturer's representative does not take legal title to or physical 19 possession of the products that it sells, such products generally being sent directly from the 20 manufacturer to the contractor or subcontractor purchasing such products. Only bona fide 21 commissions earned by a manufacturer's representative in performing a commercially useful 22 function on a contract shall be counted toward legitimate participation by an SBE on such contract 23 as set out in this article VII.

(30) *Packager* means a business enterprise that performs a commercially useful function
in the packaging of goods for the city or a private owner or its contractors, consultants,
manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives or suppliers but is not itself a regular dealer or a
manufacturer or manufacturer's representative. A packager shall be considered as, and treated as,
a broker. A packager shall be considered and treated as a broker.

(31) Personal net worth means the net value of the assets of an individual after total
 liabilities are deducted. An individual's personal net worth does not include the individual's ownership
 interest in an applicant business enterprise or participating SBE or the individual's equity, if any, in

his or her primary place of residence. An individual's personal net worth includes only his or her share of assets held individually and jointly with the individual's spouse. For the purposes of certification as an SBE or an EBE under this article VII, an individual must have a personal net worth equal to or less than the permissible personal net worth amount determined by the U.S. Department of Transportation to be applicable to its DBE programs, or as otherwise promulgated by the director by rule and regulation. This requirement shall not apply to SBEs certified under this article VII solely as concessionaires.

8 (32) *Private owner* means a private or other non-city owner undertaking to contract for 9 construction work or for professional design and construction services on buildings or aviation or 10 aeronautical facilities or improvements thereto, on real property owned by the city.

11 (33) *Professional design and construction services* means those areas of services ancillary 12 to construction as encompassed within the city's contracting processes authorized by the Charter 13 and ordinances of the city, including engineering, architectural, testing, construction management 14 services and planning services related to a construction project.

15 (34) *Proposal* means an offer to perform construction or professional design and 16 construction services or to operate a concession pursuant to a negotiated or otherwise competitively 17 selected city contract or concession agreement with either the city or a private owner, and whether 18 in response to a request for qualifications, request for proposals or otherwise. The department head 19 shall designate the proposal, and the date of receipt for each solicitation of proposers subject to this 20 article VII.

(35) *Proposer* means a business enterprise that submits a proposal on a city construction contract or professional services, including design and construction services contract, or for a concession agreement, that is negotiated and not competitively bid or that utilizes a competitive selection process.

(36) Regular dealer means a business enterprise that owns, operates or maintains a store, warehouse or other establishment in which the materials, supplies, articles or equipment of the general character described by the contract specifications and required for the performance of the contract are bought and regularly sold or leased to the public in the usual course of business. To be a regular dealer, the business enterprise must be an established, regular business engaged in, as a substantial and material portion of its business, and in its own name, the purchase and sale or lease of the products in question. A regular dealer is presumed to keep such materials, supplies, articles

or equipment in stock, but must in any event bear the risk of loss of such items. A regular dealer in 1 2 such bulk items as steel, cement, gravel, stone, asphalt and petroleum products need not own, 3 operate or maintain a place of business if it both owns and operates distribution equipment for the 4 products. Any supplementation of a regular dealer's distribution equipment shall be by a long-term lease agreement and not on an ad hoc or contract-by-contract basis. For regular dealers, sixty (60) 5 6 percent of the value of the commercially useful function performed by the SBE shall be counted 7 toward the participation goal. Brokers, conduits, packagers, manufacturers and manufacturer's 8 representatives shall not be regarded as regular dealers within the meaning of this term.

9 (37) *Small business enterprise* or *SBE* means a business enterprise that is certified by the 10 director under this article VII as meeting all of the requirements for certification set forth in sections 11 28-205 and 28-206.

12 (38) Subcontractor or subconsultant means a business enterprise that either directly 13 contracts with a contractor or consultant or directly contracts with subcontractors or subconsultants 14 under such contractor or consultant on a city contract or concession agreement, and which business 15 enterprise will provide services or perform work under agreements with the contractor or consultant 16 or with other subcontractors or subconsultants under such contractor or consultant.

17 Supplier means a business enterprise that either directly contracts with a contractor or (39) 18 consultant or directly contracts with subcontractors or subconsultants under such contractor or 19 consultant on a city contract, and which business enterprise will provide materials, supplies or 20 equipment under agreements with the contractor or consultant, or with other subcontractors or 21 subconsultants under such contractor or consultant. A supplier may be a regular dealer, 22 manufacturer, manufacturer's representative or broker. Participation goal shall be counted in 23 accordance with the function performed by the SBE supplier under a contract and determined on a 24 per-contract or per-project basis.

25 Sec. 28-205. - SBE and EBE certification; eligibility of applicant business enterprises.

(a) *Procedures and methods.* The director shall, by rule and regulation or informal
 guidelines relating solely to internal management and procedure, establish reasonable procedures
 and methods for the certification of applicant business enterprises as SBEs and EBEs in order to
 effectuate the purposes of this article VII. The director may seek input and advice from appropriate
 industry sources as to appropriate aspects of work performance, equipment and staffing in these
 industry areas in which certification is being sought.

(b) Only applicant business enterprises that meet the criteria for certification as an SBE or
EBE may participate in the program established under this article VII. The applicant business
enterprise has the burden of persuasion by a preponderance of the evidence. SBEs and EBEs shall
be certified only for the certification area(s) for which they apply and in which they have had sustained
business activity for a minimum of six (6) months. Certification areas shall correspond to the codes
set forth in North American Industrial Classification Standard (NAICS) Codes, or successor
classification system, Code of Federal Regulations § 121.201, as amended, or successor regulation.

8 (c) To determine whether the requirements set forth below are met, the division must 9 consider all of the facts in the record, viewed as a whole.

10 (1) Ownership. In order for the owner(s) to be found to own the applicant business
 11 enterprise for purposes of certification, as applicable, the applicant business enterprise or owner(s)
 12 must meet the requirements set forth below.

a. Own in his or her own name the legal and equitable interest in the applicant
business enterprise;

b. Have acquired the interest in a verifiable and substantial arms-length
transaction utilizing verifiable, substantial, and continuing consideration, going beyond pro forma
ownership of the applicant business enterprise as reflected in ownership documents;

c. Enjoy customary incidents of ownership and share in the risks and profits
commensurate with his or her ownership interest in practice, not merely in the form of arrangements;
and

d. Have acquired the interest with a contribution of his or her own capital resources, by having put his or her own financial resources at risk in the operation of the applicant business enterprise, or subject to requirements below, with a contribution of expertise. All contributions by the owner(s) to acquire the ownership interest in the applicant business enterprise must be verifiable, substantial, and continuing, which in part, means that it be commensurate with the ownership interest acquired.

(A) If expertise is relied upon as part of an owner's contribution to
acquire ownership, the expertise must be of the requisite quality generally recognized in a
specialized field, in areas critical to the operations of the applicant business enterprise, indispensable
to the applicant business enterprise's potential success, specific to the type of work the applicant
business enterprise performs and documented in the applicant business enterprise's records. These

records must clearly show the contribution of expertise, including its equivalent monetary value. The
 individual(s) whose expertise is relied upon must have a commensurate capital investment in the
 applicant business enterprise.

4 (2) *Management and control.* The owner(s) shall manage and control the daily 5 business operations of the applicant business enterprise. The owner(s) management and control 6 must be verifiable, substantial, and continuing and go beyond the pro forma ownership of the 7 applicant business enterprise as reflected in its ownership documents. Ownership alone is not 8 sufficient to establish management and control. To determine whether the owner(s) satisfy these 9 requirements, the DSBO shall consider the criteria below.

10 (3) *Management and control.* The owner(s) shall manage and control the daily 11 business operations of the applicant business enterprise. The owner's(s') management and control 12 must be real, substantial, and continuing and go beyond the pro forma ownership of the applicant 13 business enterprise as reflected in its ownership documents. Ownership alone is not sufficient to 14 establish management and control. To determine whether the owner(s) satisfy these requirements, 15 the DSBO shall consider the criteria below.

16 If federal or state law or city ordinance requires the owner(s) to have a a. 17 particular license or other credential to own or control a certain type of business enterprise, then the 18 owner(s) must possess the required license or other credential. If federal or state law or city 19 ordinance does not require that the owner possess the license or other credential to own or control 20 the business enterprise, including control, direction, or supervision of the work performed under the 21 license, to determine whether the owner(s) manage and control the business enterprise, the DSBO 22 may consider whether the owner(s) holds the license or other credential as a factor. If there is not a 23 legal requirement for the owner to hold the license or other credential to own or control a certain type 24 of business enterprise, failure of the owner to hold the license or other credential does not by itself 25 indicate lack of management and control of a business enterprise without other factors indicating to 26 the contrary.

b. An owner(s) shall have substantial experience in the trade or industry that
would be necessary to make routine and major decisions for the applicant business enterprise.

c. An owner(s) shall regularly make decisions, hold himself or herself out to the public, and sign important documents and financial instruments in a manner that is indicative of primary management and control of daily business operations and responsibility for routine and
 major decisions.

d. There may not be any restriction through corporate charter provisions, by
law provisions, contracts or any other formal or informal devices that prevent the owner(s), without
the cooperation or vote of any other individual, from making any business decision of the applicant
business enterprise, including the making of obligations or the dispersing of funds.

e. The owner(s) must possess the power to direct or cause the direction of the
management and policies of the applicant business enterprise and to make day-to-day as well as
long-term decisions on management, policy, and operations.

f. The owner(s) may delegate various areas of the management, policymaking,
or daily operations of the applicant business enterprise to another participant(s) who are not
owner(s). Such delegations of authority must be revocable, and the owner(s) must retain the power
to hire and fire any such person. The owner(s) must actually exercise control over the applicant
business enterprise's operations, management, and policies.

15 The owner(s) must have an overall understanding of, and managerial and g. 16 technical competence, experience and expertise, directly related to the type of business in which the 17 applicant business enterprise is engaged and its operations. The owner(s) is not required to have 18 experience or expertise in every critical area of the applicant business enterprise's operations or 19 have greater experience or expertise in a given field than managers or key employees. The owner(s) 20 must have the ability to intelligently and critically evaluate information presented by other participants 21 in the applicant business enterprise's activities and to make independent decisions concerning the applicant business enterprise's daily operations, management, and policymaking. Generally, 22 23 expertise or responsibilities primarily in office management, administration, bookkeeping, or other 24 functions unrelated to the principal business activities of the applicant business enterprise are 25 insufficient to demonstrate management and control.

h. An owner(s) may not engage in outside employment or other business interests that conflict with the management of the applicant business enterprise or prevent the owner(s) from devoting sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the applicant business enterprise to manage and control its day to day activities. For example, absentee ownership of a business and part-time work in a full-time applicant business enterprise are not viewed as constituting management and control. An individual, however, could be viewed as controlling a part-time

business that operates only evenings or weekends or both, provided the individual manages and
 controls it throughout all hours of operation.

(4) Independence. Only an independent applicant business enterprise may be
certified as an SBE or an EBE. An independent applicant business enterprise is one whose viability
does not depend on its relationship with another business enterprise. Recognition of an applicant
business enterprise as a separate entity for tax or corporate purposes is not necessarily sufficient to
demonstrate that the applicant business enterprise is independent and not an affiliate. In determining
whether an applicant business enterprise is an independent business, the director shall:

9 a. Examine whether there is actual or potential affiliation between the 10 applicant business enterprise and individuals or non-certified business enterprises. To determine 11 whether affiliation exists, the division considers factors such as ownership, management, previous 12 relationships with or ties to another individual or non-certified business entity, and contractual 13 relationships. Affiliation may be based on common management, identity of interest, newly organized 14 concern rule, joint venture, or any combination thereof.

b. Scrutinize relationships with non-certified business enterprises in areas of
personnel, finance, facilities, equipment, and other resources. The division may consider shared
employees (including administrative staff), office space, phone numbers, and equipment and
whether there is any support or sharing of bonding capacity, lines of credit, and other resources.

c. Consider present or recent employer/employee relationships between the
 owner(s) of the applicant and non-owner individuals, non-certified business enterprises, and persons
 associated with non-certified business enterprises.

d. Examine the applicant business enterprise's relationships with non-certified
 business enterprises to determine whether there is a pattern of exclusive or primary dealings with
 non-certified business enterprises.

e. Consider whether relationships between the applicant business enterprise and other non-certified persons and business enterprises is consistent with normal industry practice.

27 (5) Other ownership criteria. The director may establish by rule and regulation other
28 appropriate criteria of ownership, including but not limited to conditions of personal net worth of SBEs
29 owners, other than those certified solely as concessionaires. Personal net worth shall be the amount
30 of personal net worth described in subsection 28-204(31).

- 1 (6) Actively in business for six (6) months. The applicant business enterprise may 2 not be certified until six (6) months after the satisfaction of each of the following:
- 3

a. Formation of the applicant business enterprise;

b. Commencement of sustained business activity in the trade or profession
described on the certification application; and

6 c. Commencement of ownership, management and control of daily business
7 operations by the identified owner(s).

8 (7) Lawfully present in the United States. The owner(s) must be a citizen of the 9 United States or a lawfully admitted permanent resident of the United States, and must not have the 10 status of an unauthorized worker or otherwise be disqualified from lawfully residing in the United 11 States, engaging in business and seeking this certification. As a condition of certification, owner(s) 12 must comply with all reporting, submittal and other requirements that may be imposed by the city, 13 State of Colorado or United States governments regarding such lawful presence.

14 (8) Threshold size; continued eligibility and renewal of certification. No applicant 15 business enterprise or SBE or EBE shall be eligible for initial or subsequent renewal of certification 16 if such applicant business enterprise or SBE or EBE combined with any affiliates meets the criteria 17 set forth in section 28-206 for graduation from this article VII. An SBE or EBE will be certified for a 18 three-year period. Following initial certification, an SBE or EBE that desires to continue its 19 certification shall, no later than thirty (30) days prior to each three-year anniversary of the 20 certification, submit a certification renewal application that shall update and reaffirm all requirements 21 for certification. No later than thirty (30) days prior to each annual anniversary of the certification, an 22 SBE shall submit an affidavit certifying that there has been no change in any information affecting 23 certification eligibility, and other required tax or other financial information and documents. A 24 certification may be terminated by the director upon the failure of the SBE to satisfy any certification 25 requirement set forth in this article VII.

26 (9) *City officials, officers and employees ineligible*. No applicant business enterprise
27 shall be eligible to be certified as an SBE if ownership or control of such business enterprise is held
28 by a current official, officer or employee of the city.

(10) Interviews, investigation and onsite visits. The DSBO shall personally interview
 all persons upon whom eligibility for certification is based, and is empowered to interview such other
 persons and conduct such onsite visits and investigations as may be appropriate in its sole discretion

to verify eligibility for certification. An applicant business enterprise wishing to be certified as an SBE
or EBE shall cooperate with the DSBO in supplying additional information that may be requested in
order to make a determination.

4 (d) An applicant business enterprise shall be certified only for specific types of work in which
5 the owner(s) has the ability and expertise to manage and control the applicant business enterprise's
6 operations and work.

7 (e) In lieu of conducting its own certifications, the DSBO may accept formal certifications 8 by other governmental entities as meeting the requirements of this article VII provided that the 9 director determines that the certification standards and safeguards of such entities are substantially 10 equivalent to those of the city.

# Sec. 28-206. - SBE and EBE certification and graduation size standards; renewal of certification; decertification; graduation.

(a) No applicant business enterprise shall be certified as an SBE, and following certification
 of an SBE, no certification shall be renewed if on the effective date of the application or renewal the
 applicant business enterprise, SBE (combined with all affiliates) has achieved a size standard
 exceeding the following size standards:

17 For construction, reconstruction and remodeling, and construction management (1) 18 services, applicant business enterprises cannot exceed one hundred (100) percent of the applicable 19 size standards established by the U.S. Small Business Administration ("SBA") at C.F.R. § 121.201, 20 as amended, or successor SBA regulation or classification system, which are incorporated herein 21 by reference. The size standard is based on annual receipts averaged over the three (3) preceding 22 consecutive fiscal years; whether the applicant business has otherwise achieved a size standard 23 based upon its number of employees; or other criteria applicable to any of the work activities for 24 which the applicant business enterprise seeks certification or is certified. The director may adjust or 25 modify such SBE graduation size standards if it appears, after further inquiry and review by the 26 director, that such standards are no longer appropriate to the purposes of this division 3.

27 (2) For professional design and construction services (excluding construction 28 management), applicant business enterprises cannot exceed fifty (50) percent of the applicable size 29 standards established by the U.S. Small Business Administration ("SBA") at C.F.R. § 121.201, as 30 amended, or successor SBA regulation or classification system, which are incorporated herein by 31 reference. The size standard is based on annual receipts averaged over the three (3) preceding 1 consecutive fiscal years; whether the applicant business has otherwise achieved a size standard 2 based upon its number of employees; or other criteria applicable to any of the work activities for 3 which the applicant business enterprise seeks certification or is certified. The director may adjust or 4 modify such SBE graduation size standards if it appears, after further inquiry and review by the 5 director, that such standards are no longer appropriate to the purposes of this article VII.

6 No applicant business enterprise shall be certified as an EBE, and following certification (b) 7 of an EBE, no certification shall be renewed if on the effective date of the application or renewal the 8 applicant business enterprise or EBE (combined with all affiliates) has achieved a size standard, 9 based on annual receipts averaged over the three (3) preceding consecutive fiscal years, of more 10 than three million dollars (\$3,000,000.00) for a construction company, or more than one million 11 dollars (\$1,000,000.00) for a professional design or construction services firm. The director may 12 adjust or modify such EBE graduation size standards if it appears, after further inquiry and review 13 by the director, that such standards are no longer appropriate to the purposes of this article VII.

14 If an SBE or EBE has been certified by the city in more than one (1) NAICS Code or has (c) 15 an affiliate that has been certified by the city in a NAICS Code other than that of the SBE or EBE. 16 then the annual receipt level or employee or other criterion used as the graduation criterion for such 17 SBE or EBE shall apply separately to each NAICS Code for which the SBE or EBE and its affiliate 18 have been certified. Such an SBE or EBE and any affiliate that has exceeded the graduation criteria 19 in one (1) NAICS Code shall be deemed to be graduated from this article VII as to that Code, and if 20 the graduation requirements of subsection (a) above do not apply, may continue to be certified in 21 another NAICS Code having a higher monetary or employee number graduation level but shall no 22 longer be considered eligible to be or remain certified in the NAICS Code with the lower size 23 standard. Such an SBE or EBE, or any affiliate thereof that has exceeded the graduation criteria for 24 the largest NAICS Code applicable to its activities shall be deemed to be graduated from this article 25 VII criteria. Graduated SBEs and EBEs may reapply for certification if they meet the criteria for 26 certification. Utilization of SBE contractors, consultants and concessionaires shall be counted under 27 defined selection pool contracts to the extent that an SBE is performing a commercially useful 28 function corresponding to a NAICS Code in which it is certified.

(d) Graduation of an SBE shall not affect the contribution made by the SBE toward its
 performance under defined selection pool requirements if the work was bid or proposed to be

performed by the SBE prior to the date of ineligibility for certification based on achievement of the
 graduation criterion.

(e) Application to affiliates. The graduation criteria set forth above shall be deemed to apply
to the owner(s) upon whom eligibility for certification is based and all affiliates of such owner(s). No
applicant business enterprise shall be certified based upon one (1) or more owner(s) who owned or
who was an affiliate of an SBE or EBE that has become ineligible for renewal of certification because
of the achievement of graduation criteria.

- 8 (f) The certification status of all SBEs and EBEs shall be reviewed periodically by the DSBO.
  9 Failure of a certified and eligible SBE or EBE to seek timely renewal of certification by filing the
  10 necessary documentation with the DSBO may result in decertification.
- (g) The DSBO shall decertify an SBE or EBE that does not continuously meet the eligibility
   criteria for certification.
- (1) The SBE shall notify the DSBO of any change in its circumstances affecting its
  continued eligibility for certification under this article VII within thirty (30) days of the SBE's or EBE's
  actual awareness of such change of circumstances. Failure to do so may result in the SBE's or EBE's
  decertification.
- 17 (2) The director may move to decertify an SBE or EBE that repeatedly fails to submit
  18 bids or proposals on city contracts, attend relevant pre-bid or pre-proposal conferences, or otherwise
  19 comply with the requirements of this article VII.

(h) An applicant business enterprise or SBE or EBE that has been denied certification or
renewal of certification or decertified may protest the denial of certification or decertification by the
procedure set out in section 28-69. An applicant business enterprise or SBE or EBE found to be
ineligible for certification or renewal of certification may not apply for certification or recertification for
one (1) year after the effective date of the final decision.

Sec. 28-207. - Identification of defined selection pool contracts and concession agreements;
 determination of defined selection pool requirements.

The director, in collaboration with the department heads, may on the basis of contract or concession agreement categories, types, size standards or other consistent criteria for selection, identify and determine those contracts and concession agreements proposed to be restricted by the director for award to SBEs or EBEs under this article VII. The stated selection criteria may differ among agencies of the city. Certification as an SBE or EBE shall thereupon be established as a

condition of responsiveness to a bid or proposal on such selected contracts and concession 1 2 agreements. Such selected contracts and concession agreements, referred to as defined selection 3 pool contracts and concession agreements, shall be awarded only to responsive low-bidder SBE or 4 EBE (as applicable) bidders on bid contracts and to responsive SBE or EBE proposers (as 5 applicable) on non-bid contracts and concession agreements. Such bidders and proposers may also 6 function as brokers, joint venturers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives, packagers, 7 regular dealers or suppliers, to the extent consistent with the definitions of those terms contained in 8 section 28-204, so long as the SBE bidder or proposer, also performs a commercially useful function 9 as a contractor, consultant, or concessionaire, as applicable, on the contract or concession 10 agreement, and does not function as a conduit.

Sec. 28-208. - Contracts for construction, reconstruction and remodeling—Defined selection
 pool contracts—Compliance with defined selection pool requirements.

(a) The bid or competitive selection process specifications for each defined selection pool
 construction contract shall require that all bidders or proposers seeking to contract with the city or a
 private owner on such project shall address the project defined selection pool requirements through
 one (1) or both of the following subsections:

17 (1) The value of the commercially useful function to be self-performed by the SBE or
18 EBE bidder or proposer shall count to the extent provided in section 28-212 toward satisfaction of
19 the SBE or EBE defined selection pool performance requirements; or

20 If the bidder or proposer submits a joint venture agreement that includes one (1) (2) 21 or more SBEs or EBEs, the value of the commercially useful function to be performed by the SBE or 22 EBE in the joint venture shall count to the extent provided in section 28-212 toward satisfaction of 23 the SBE or EBE defined selection pool requirements. The joint venture is subject to the review and 24 approval by the director and the joint venture agreement shall be provided to the director within a 25 time period before the date of bid opening or the date of proposal in the case of a competitive 26 selection process defined by the director. Joint venturer participation will count toward the 27 satisfaction of the SBE or EBE defined selection pool requirements upon confirmation by the director 28 of the utilization in the joint venture of joint management and full integration of work forces by the 29 joint venturers.

30 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article VII, if a department head finds, with 31 respect to a particular contract, that the best interests of the city would be served by the negotiation of a contract, including but not limited to a design-build or construction manager-general contractor contract, through a competitive selection process based wholly on quality, without reference to selection by low bid of the contractor or its subcontractors or suppliers, the analysis of the SBE or EBE defined selection pool requirements by such contractor shall be determined on the basis set out in sections 28-214 through 28-218, provided that, in the event of such an analysis, all references in those sections to consultant shall also be deemed to refer to contractor.

Sec. 28-209. - Contracts for construction, reconstruction and remodeling—Defined selection
 pool contracts—SBE subcontractor and supplier minimum utilization requirements.

9 In addition to determining that a contract should be subject to the defined selection pool (a) 10 requirements set out in section 28-207, the director may, in collaboration with the department heads, also add a requirement to the bid or competitive selection process instructions for each defined 11 12 selection pool construction contract assigning a minimum utilization requirement on such contract 13 for SBE utilization as subcontractors or suppliers, based upon a percentage of the dollar value of all 14 work on such contract; provided that, if the director determines it to be in the best interests of the 15 city, the director may in consultation with the user department waive the application of minimum SBE 16 subcontractor or supplier utilization for a given contract. The minimum utilization requirement 17 assigned by the director to each such contract may vary from contract to contract consistent with the 18 availability of SBEs with respect to such contract. Such minimum utilization requirement, if 19 established, is not a goal, but a mandatory requirement of the contract. The DSBO shall establish a 20 methodology for the establishment of minimum utilization requirements through rules and 21 regulations. Such methodology shall consider the reasonably known availability of SBEs in specific 22 industry groupings that are associated with individual projects.

(b) The following factors shall count toward SBE utilization requirements as more
 specifically provided below: portions of work undertaken by SBEs as subcontractors, suppliers,
 manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives or brokers.

26 Sec. 28-210. [Reserved]

27 Sec. 28-211. - Defined selection pool contracts for construction, reconstruction and 28 remodeling—Compliance with SBE minimum utilization.

(a) The bid or competitive selection process specifications for each defined selection pool
 construction contract shall require that all bidders or proposers seeking to contract with the city on
 such project shall address any project SBE minimum utilization requirements as follows. If the bidder

or proposer utilizes SBEs as subcontractors, suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives or brokers, the value of the commercially useful function to be performed by such SBEs, including the cost of supplies and materials obtained by the SBE for the work of the contract, and supplies purchased or equipment leased by the SBE, except supplies and equipment the SBE purchases or leases from the bidder or proposer or its affiliate, shall count to the extent provided in section 28-212 toward satisfaction of the SBE minimum utilization requirements.

(b) In order for its bid or proposal to be deemed responsive, a bidder or proposer must meet
the minimum utilization requirements for SBEs on a particular contract as well as the bidder's or
proposer's self-performance or joint venture obligations set out in section 28-208 above.

10 (c) For contracts selected in accordance with sections 2.3.3(A) and 2.11.3(B) of the Denver 11 City Charter, and D.R.M.C. Sections 5-19 and 20-56, including on call construction contracts, the 12 department head may determine to address the minimum utilization requirements by means of a 13 small business utilization plan for utilization of SBEs on such contract. In that event, the department 14 head shall request the director to approve the utilization of such a utilization plan, consistent with the 15 scope and intent of this article VII. The development, scope and utilization of such utilization plans 16 shall be addressed in rules and regulations promulgated by the director.

17Sec. 28-212. - Defined selection pool contracts for construction, reconstruction and18remodeling—Identification of work scope of performing SBE and of other participating SBEs.

(a) At the time of bid opening, or date of proposal in the case of a competitive selection
process, the bidder or proposer shall provide to the city or private owner a list of all SBEs that are
being utilized on the contract whether as a self-performing bidder or proposer or as subcontractors,
suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives, brokers or members of a joint venture.
The list shall specify:

24

(1) The name and contact name for each SBE;

(2) The dollar value and description of the commercially useful function to be
performed by the SBE, consistent with subsections (c) and (d). In the case of utilization of a supplier,
manufacturer, manufacturer's representative, or broker, the appropriate percentage of dollar value
attributable to such SBE as a commercially useful function shall be calculated with all underlying
data supplied;

30 (3) The percentage of the value of the commercially useful function to be performed
31 by the SBE, consistent with subsections (c) and (d), as compared to the total contract amount;

1 (4) An adequate statement from the bidder or proposer that the dollar amount of 2 work to be performed by such SBE on the contract, other than that self-performed by the bidder or 3 proposer, was furnished to the bidder or proposer and agreed upon prior to bid opening or date of 4 proposal in the case of a competitive selection process; and

5 (5) An adequate statement from the bidder or proposer that it understands that a 6 letter of intent, including, but not limited to, values provided by self-performing bidders or proposers, 7 joint venturers, subcontractors, suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives and 8 brokers, expressed in dollar values and as a percentage of the overall work, must be submitted to 9 the user department or director for each SBE listed, including a self-performing bidder or proposer, 10 at the time bids are opened by the city or by the date of proposal in the case of a competitive selection 11 process, or bid selection made by a private owner.

(b) Only that level of SBE utilization demonstrated in accordance with this section at the time of such bid opening, date of proposal in the case of a competitive selection process or private selection may be counted in satisfaction of the requirements of this article VII. Bidders or proposers must submit an executed letter of intent for each SBE listed by the bidder or proposer, including a self-performing bidder or proposer, at the time bids are opened, proposals are received, in the case of a competitive selection process, or bid selection is made. Failure to do so will render the bid or proposal nonresponsive.

19 (c) All SBE contractors, subcontractors, joint venturers, suppliers, manufacturers, 20 manufacturer's representatives or brokers listed in a bid or proposal must actually perform a 21 commercially useful function in the work of a contract within the area(s) for which they are certified, 22 and must not function as a conduit. Consistent with industry or professional practice, and as 23 permitted by rules and regulations adopted by the director, SBEs may enter into subcontracts, 24 including subcontracts with non-SBEs. In no case, however, shall an SBE act as a conduit, nor shall 25 the participation of an SBE count toward satisfaction of the requirements of this article VII to the 26 extent it fails to perform a commercially useful function.

(d) All expenditures for materials, supplies and equipment obtained from an SBE
manufacturer, manufacturer's representative or supplier shall count toward SBE self-performance or
utilization as specified in subsection 28-204(39). Expenditures for materials, supplies and equipment
paid to SBEs that are not manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives or suppliers may count
toward compliance with the requirements of this article VII only to the extent of fees or commissions

charged for providing a bona fide service, such as professional, technical, consultant or managerial services and assistance in the procurement of essential personnel, facilities, equipment, materials or supplies required for performance of the contract, provided that the fee or commission is determined by the director to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees customarily allowed for similar services.

6 (e) Any agreement between a bidder or proposer and an SBE in which the bidder or 7 proposer requires that the SBE not provide subcontracting quotations to other bidders or proposers 8 is prohibited and shall render a bidder's bid or proposer's proposal nonresponsive.

9 Sec. 28-213. - Defined selection pool contracts for construction, reconstruction and 10 remodeling—Responsive and nonresponsive bids or proposals.

(a) *Responsive; compliance with requirements.* If the low monetary bid or competitive
selection process proposal subject to the defined selection pool requirements indicates that the SBE
or EBE bidder or proposer is appropriately performing a commercially useful function on the contract,
and is otherwise responsive to the requirements of the contract and this article VII, then the director
shall notify the department head to regard the bid or proposal as responsive to this article VII.

(b) *Failure to meet requirements.* If a bid or proposal subject to the defined selection pool
requirements does not demonstrate performance by the SBE or EBE bidder or proposer of a
commercially useful function, as set out in section 28-208, minimum utilization of SBE subcontractors
or suppliers as set out in section 28-211 or provide timely information as set out in section 28-212,
then the director shall notify the department head to regard the bid or proposal as nonresponsive,
and such determination shall result in no further consideration by the city or private owner of the bid
or proposal.

23 Commercially useful function or minimum utilization of SBE subcontractors—Informal (c) 24 meeting. In the event the director finds inadequacies in a bidder or proposer's demonstration of 25 commercially useful function under section 28-208 or minimum utilization of SBE subcontractors or 26 suppliers under section 28-211, the director will provide written notice of such inadequacies to the 27 bidder or proposer prior to notifying the appropriate department head of bid or proposal 28 responsiveness. Within two (2) business days from the date that the city notifies the bidder or 29 proposer of such inadequacies, the bidder or proposer may request an informal meeting with the 30 director. Such informal meeting shall be scheduled by the director. All deficiencies shall be explained 31 to the bidder or proposer at such informal meeting. Within twenty-four (24) hours after the informal

meeting, the bidder or proposer shall be allowed to submit additional information or to clarify its performance of a commercially useful function. At no time, however, will the director count toward the minimum utilization the addition of subconsultants, joint venturers, suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives, or brokers that may later be added to the contract or to the original SBE participation submitted at either the time of the bid or the date of proposal, in the case of a competitive selection process. After this informal meeting, the director will:

7

(1) Determine whether the bid or proposal will be responsive or nonresponsive;

8

(2) Make the notification as stated in subsection (b) above, as applicable; and

9 (3) Provide written notice to the bidder or proposer of the director's final 10 determination.

# Sec. 28-214. - Contracts for professional design and construction services and concession agreements—Compliance with defined selection pool requirements.

The proposal specifications for each defined selection pool professional design and construction services contract and concession agreement shall require that all proposers seeking to contract with the city or a private owner on such contract or concession agreement shall address the SBE or EBE defined selection pool requirements through one (1) or both of the following subsections:

17 (1) The value of the commercially useful function to be self-performed by the SBE or EBE
18 (as applicable) proposer shall count to the extent provided in section 28-218 toward satisfaction of
19 the SBE or EBE defined selection pool requirements; or

20 If the proposer submits a joint venture agreement that includes one (1) or more SBEs (2) 21 or EBEs, the value of the commercially useful function to be performed by the SBEs or EBEs (as 22 applicable) in the joint venture shall count to the extent provided in section 28-218 toward satisfaction 23 of the SBE or EBE defined selection pool requirements. The joint venture is subject to the review 24 and approval by the director and the joint venture agreement shall be provided to the director within 25 a time period before the date of proposal defined by the director. Joint venturer participation will 26 count toward the satisfaction of the SBE or EBE defined selection pool requirements upon 27 confirmation by the director of the utilization in the joint venture of joint management and full 28 integration of work forces by the joint venturers.

Sec. 28-215. - Contracts for professional design and construction services and concession
 agreements—SBE subconsultant and supplier minimum utilization requirements.

1 In addition to determining that a contract should be subject to the defined selection pool (a) 2 requirements set out in section 28-214, the director may, in collaboration with the department heads, 3 also add a requirement to the proposal instructions for each defined selection pool professional 4 design and construction services contract assigning a minimum utilization requirement on such contract for SBE utilization as subconsultants and/or suppliers, based upon a percentage of the 5 6 dollar value of all work on such contract; provided that, if the director determines it to be in the best 7 interests of the city, the director may in consultation with the user department waive the application 8 of minimum SBE subconsultant or supplier utilization for a given contract. The minimum utilization 9 requirement assigned by the director to each such contract may vary from contract to contract 10 consistent with the availability of SBEs with respect to such contract. Such minimum utilization 11 requirement, if established, is not a goal, but a mandatory requirement of the contract. The DSBO 12 shall establish a methodology for the establishment of minimum utilization requirements through 13 rules and regulations. Such methodology shall consider the reasonably known availability of SBEs 14 in specific industry groupings that are associated with individual projects.

(b) The following factors shall count toward SBE utilization requirements as more
 specifically provided below: portions of work undertaken by SBEs as subconsultants, suppliers,
 manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives or brokers.

18 (c) The SBE minimum utilization requirements shall not be applied to concession19 agreements under this article VII.

### 20 Sec. 28-216. [Reserved]

# Sec. 28-217. - Defined selection pool contracts for professional design and construction services—Compliance with SBE minimum utilization.

23 The competitive selection process specifications for each defined selection pool (a) 24 professional design and construction services contract shall require that all proposers seeking to 25 contract with the city on such project shall address any project SBE minimum utilization requirements 26 as follows. If the proposer utilizes SBEs as subconsultants, suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's 27 representatives or brokers, the value of the commercially useful function to be performed by such 28 SBEs, including the cost of supplies and materials obtained by the SBE for the work of the contract, 29 and supplies purchased or equipment leased by the SBE, except supplies and equipment the SBE: 30 purchases or leases from the proposer or its affiliate, shall count to the extent provided in section 31 28-218 toward satisfaction of the SBE minimum utilization requirements.

(b) In order for its proposal to be deemed responsive, a proposer must meet the minimum
 utilization requirements for SBEs on a particular contract as well as the proposer's self-performance
 or joint venture obligations set out in Section 28-214 above.

4 Sec. 28-218. - Defined selection pool contracts for professional design and construction 5 services—Identification of work scope of performing SBE and of other participating SBEs.

6 At the time of the proposal submitted to and authorized by the city or a private owner (a) 7 the proposer shall provide to the city or private owner a list of all SBEs that are being utilized on the 8 contract or concession agreement whether as a self-performing proposer or as subconsultants, suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives, brokers or members of a joint venture. 9 10 Unless otherwise specified in a request for qualifications, request for proposal or other proposal 11 solicitation, in the event that a proposal is requested for the provision of on-call services for a period 12 of time, with no delineation of the dollar amount of specific on-call projects, the proposer need list 13 only the anticipated percentage participation of SBEs rather than specific dollar amounts. The list 14 shall specify:

15

(1) The name and contact information for each SBE;

16 (2) The description and percentage of the value of the commercially useful function 17 to be performed by the SBE or the percentage of the revenues expected to be generated by the 18 concession agreement, consistent with subsections (b) and (c), as compared to the total contract 19 amount or the total revenues expected to be generated by the concession agreement. In the case 20 of utilization of a supplier, manufacturer, manufacturer's representative, or broker, the appropriate 21 percentage of dollar value attributable to such SBE as a commercially useful function shall be 22 calculated with all underlying data supplied. If the proposer provides a dollar fee amount, then both 23 the dollar value and percentage must be listed in the proposal.

24 (3) The percentage of the value of the commercially useful function to be performed
25 by the SBE, consistent with subsections (c) and (d), as compared to the total contract or concession
26 agreement amount;

(4) An adequate statement from the proposer that the dollar amount of work and/or
the percentage of the work to be performed by such SBE on the contract or concession agreement,
other than that self-performed by the proposer, was furnished to the proposer and agreed upon prior
to the time of submission of the proposal submitted to and authorized by the city or a private owner;
and

1 (5) An adequate statement from the proposer that it understands that a letter of 2 intent, including, but not limited to, values provided by self-performing proposers, joint venturers, 3 subconsultants, suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives and brokers, expressed 4 in dollar values and as a percentage of the overall work, must be submitted to the director for each 5 SBE listed, including a self-performing proposer, at the time of submission of the proposal submitted 6 to and authorized by the city or a private owner.

7 (b) Only that level of SBE utilization demonstrated in accordance with this section at the 8 time of such date of proposal submitted and authorized by the city or a private owner may be counted 9 in satisfaction of the requirements of this article VII. Proposers must submit an executed letter of 10 intent for each SBE listed by the proposer, including a self-performing proposer, at the time of 11 submission of the proposal submitted to and authorized by the city or a private owner. Failure to do 12 so will render the proposal nonresponsive.

13 All SBE consultants, subconsultants, joint venturers, suppliers, manufacturers, (c) 14 manufacturer's representatives or brokers listed in a proposal must actually perform a commercially 15 useful function in the work of a contract or the operation of a concession agreement within the area(s) 16 for which they are certified, and must not function as a conduit. Consistent with industry or 17 professional practice, and as permitted by rules and regulations adopted by the director, SBEs may 18 enter into subcontracts, including subcontracts with non-SBEs. In no case, however, shall an SBE 19 act as a conduit, nor shall the participation of an SBE count toward satisfaction of the requirements 20 of this article VII to the extent it fails to perform a commercially useful function.

21 (d) All expenditures for materials, supplies and equipment obtained from an SBE 22 manufacturer, manufacturer's representative or supplier shall count toward SBE self-performance or 23 utilization as specified in subsection 28-204(39). Expenditures for materials, supplies and equipment 24 paid to SBEs that are not manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives or suppliers may count 25 toward compliance with the requirements of this article VII only to the extent of fees or commissions 26 charged for providing a bona fide service, such as professional, technical, consultant or managerial 27 services and assistance in the procurement of essential personnel, facilities, equipment, materials 28 or supplies required for performance of the contract or concession agreement, provided that the fee 29 or commission is determined by the director to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with 30 fees customarily allowed for similar services.

1 (e) Any agreement between a proposer and an SBE in which the proposer requires that the 2 SBE not provide subconsulting quotations to other proposers is prohibited and shall render a 3 proposer's proposal nonresponsive.

4 Sec. 28-219. - Defined selection pool contracts for professional design and construction 5 services—Responsive and nonresponsive proposals.

6 (a) *Responsive; compliance with requirements.* The director shall notify the department 7 head to regard the proposal as responsive if such proposal submitted to and authorized by the city 8 or a private owner subject to the defined selection pool requirements indicates that the SBE or EBE 9 proposer is appropriately performing a commercially useful function on the contract or concession 10 agreement, and is otherwise responsive to the requirements of the contract or concession agreement 11 and this article VII.

(b) *Failure to meet requirements.* The director shall notify the department head to regard the proposal as nonresponsive if such proposal subject to the defined selection pool requirements does not demonstrate performance by the SBE or EBE proposer of a commercially useful function, as set out in section 28-214, minimum utilization of SBE subconsultants and suppliers as set out in section 28-217, as applicable, or provide timely information as set out in section 28-218. Such determination that the proposal is nonresponsive shall result in no further consideration by the city or private owner of the proposal.

19 Commercially useful function or minimum utilization of SBE subcontractors or (c) 20 suppliers—Informal meeting. In the event the director finds inadequacies in a bidder or proposer's 21 demonstration of commercially useful function under section 28-214 or minimum utilization of SBE 22 subcontractors or suppliers under section 28-217, the director will provide written notice of such 23 inadequacies to the bidder or proposer prior to notifying the appropriate department head of bid or 24 proposal responsiveness. Within two (2) business days from the date that the city notifies the bidder 25 or proposer of such inadequacies, the bidder or proposer may request an informal meeting with the 26 director. Such informal meeting shall be scheduled by the director. All deficiencies shall be explained 27 to the bidder or proposer at such informal meeting. Within twenty-four (24) hours after the informal 28 meeting, the bidder or proposer shall be allowed to submit additional information or to clarify its 29 performance of a commercially useful function. At no time, however, will the director count toward 30 the minimum utilization the addition of subconsultants, joint venturers, suppliers, manufacturers, 31 manufacturer's representatives, or brokers that may later be added to the contract or to the original

- SBE participation submitted at either the time of the bid or the date of proposal, in the case of a 1 2 competitive selection process. After this informal meeting, the director will:
  - Determine whether the bid or proposal will be responsive or nonresponsive; (1)
- 4

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(2)Make the notification as stated in subsection (b) above, as applicable; and

5 (3) Provide written notice to the bidder or proposer of the director's final 6 determination.

#### 7 Sec. 28-220. - Time periods for documentation submitted to the city.

8 The documentation of achievement of defined selection pool and minimum SBE utilization 9 performance requirements of a bidder or proposer, as applicable, shall be submitted to the director 10 at the time of the bid opening date or proposal in the case of a competitive selection process or 11 private owner selection for a construction contract, or at the time of submission of the proposal 12 submitted to and authorized by the city or a private owner for a professional design and construction 13 services contract or a concession agreement.

### 14 Sec. 28-221. [Reserved]

### 15 Sec. 28-222. - Compliance with committed SBE contractor, consultant or concessionaire performance and minimum SBE utilization required throughout performance of contract or 16 17 concession agreement.

18 Upon award of a defined selection pool contract or concession agreement by the city. (a) 19 including those containing a minimum SBE utilization requirement, compliance with the performance 20 and utilization requirements set out in this article VII by the bidder or proposer becomes a covenant 21 of performance by the contractor or consultant in favor of the city.

22 All contracts and concession agreements subject to this article VII shall be reviewed by (b) 23 the DSBO for compliance with the provisions hereof. This review shall examine, but not be limited 24 to, whether the SBE contractor, consultant or concessionaire performance dollar amounts and 25 percentages and achievement of defined selection pool requirements and minimum utilization of 26 SBE subcontractors, subconsultants and suppliers upon which the contract or concession 27 agreement was awarded are maintained over the term or duration of the contract or concession 28 agreement.

29 (c) For any defined selection pool contract or concession agreement, it shall be an ongoing, 30 affirmative obligation of the contractor, consultant or concessionaire on such contract or concession 31 agreement to maintain, at a minimum, compliance with such defined selection pool requirements and with the minimum utilization, if applicable, of SBE subcontractors, subconsultants and suppliers upon which the contract or concession agreement was awarded, for the duration of the contract or concession agreement, unless the city initiates a material alteration to the scope of work affecting SBE performance of a commercially useful function on the contract or concession agreement through change order, contract or concession agreement amendment, force account or as otherwise described in section 28-223. SBE performance of such material alteration of the contract or concession agreement scope shall be documented in writing to the director by the SBE.

8 (d) The DSBO shall evaluate the performance of the SBE contractor, consultant or 9 concessionaire to determine whether such contractor, consultant or concessionaire, and any utilized 10 SBE subcontractor, subconsultant or supplier, is performing a commercially useful function on the 11 contract or concession agreement. The evaluation shall examine the amount of work subcontracted, 12 industry practice and other relevant factors. The amount of SBE participation credited toward defined 13 selection pool requirements and minimum SBE utilization requirements shall be based upon an 14 analysis of the specific duties performed by the SBE contractor, consultant or concessionaire, and any utilized SBE subcontractor, subconsultant or supplier, and the extent to which such duties 15 16 constitute a commercially useful function. The director may undertake such inquiries or studies, 17 engage such employees or retain such consultants as may be necessary to assist the director in 18 rendering these determinations. In order for the DSBO to accurately track the amount of SBE 19 participation credited toward defined selection pool requirements and minimum SBE utilization 20 requirements, SBE contractors, consultants and concessionaires, as well as any utilized SBE 21 subcontractors, subconsultants or suppliers, shall submit regularly the following information on a 22 form prescribed by the DSBO:

23 (1) Prime contractor information (name, address, contact person, telephone, and
24 email address);

(2) SBE subcontractor information (name, address, contact person, telephone, email
 address, and certification number);

27 (3) Contract information and city contract control number (report for month of,
 28 contract name, date executed, original dollar amount, current dollar amount if changed, and all
 29 change orders);

30 (4) Subcontract information (original amount, current amount if changed, scope of 31 work, and change orders);

- 1 (5) Payment received in current month;
  - (6) Total payments received;

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- (7) Percent of work completed;
- (8) Billing request rejection date and reason for rejection; and
- 5 (9) Past due invoices (invoice date, reference number, number of days past due,
  6 and amount outstanding).

(e) Work performed by an SBE contractor, consultant or concessionaire, or utilized SBE
subcontractor, subconsultant or supplier not providing a commercially useful function, or functioning
as a conduit, shall not count toward achieving ongoing defined selection pool and, if applicable,
minimum SBE utilization requirements on contracts and concession agreements under this article
VII.

## 12 Sec. 28-223. - Project change orders, amendments and modifications.

(a) Contractors and consultants on contracts and concessionaires on concession
agreements hereunder shall have a continuing obligation to immediately inform the DSBO in writing
of any agreed upon and user department approved increase or decrease in the scope of work of
such contract or concession agreement, upon any of the bases discussed in this section, regardless
of whether such increase or decrease in scope of work has been reduced to writing at the time of
notification.

19 (b) Any increase in the scope of work of a contract for construction, reconstruction, or 20 remodeling, whether by amendment, change order, force account or otherwise, or any increase in 21 the scope of services of a contract for professional design or construction services or of a concession 22 agreement, whether by amendment or any other addition of special, additional or other services to 23 the contract or concession agreement, which increases the dollar value of the contract or concession 24 agreement, if such change is within the scope of work designated for performance by the SBE or 25 EBE or any utilized SBE subcontractor, subconsultant or supplier at the time of contract or 26 concession agreement award, shall be immediately submitted to the DSBO. The contractor is 27 responsible for obtaining user department approval of any such change. The contractor, consultant 28 or concessionaire shall achieve defined selection pool requirements and, if applicable, minimum 29 SBE subcontractor, subconsultant and supplier utilization requirements as respects such changed 30 scope of work by performing such work or by retaining additional SBE subcontractor(s). 31 subconsultant(s) or supplier(s).

# Sec. 28-224. - Payments to SBE subcontractors, subconsultants, joint venturers, suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives and brokers.

3 All contractors and consultants shall promptly render payment to all subcontractors, 4 subconsultants, joint venturers, suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives and 5 brokers on a contract. Each contractor and consultant shall provide with each pay request to the city 6 or private owner on each contract, beginning with the second pay request, partial claim releases 7 from subcontractors, subconsultants, joint venturers, suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's 8 representatives and brokers in form and content satisfactory to the city, or shall provide, at the city's sole option, alternative proof of payment to subcontractors, subconsultants, joint venturers, 9 suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives and brokers, in form and content approved 10 11 by the department head and the director, evidencing that all subcontractors, subconsultants, 12 suppliers, manufacturers, manufacturer's representatives and brokers have been duly paid out of 13 the proceeds of the contractor's or consultant's payments from the city or private owner under the 14 contract; unless a bona fide dispute, documented in writing, exists between the contractor or 15 consultant and the unpaid subcontractor, subconsultant, joint venturer, supplier, manufacturers, 16 manufacturer's representatives or broker. As provided by city and state law and city contracts, an 17 agency, upon request from a contractor, may authorize payments to contractors from withheld 18 retainage for contractors who have completed their work in a manner acceptable to the city.

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### Sec. 28-225. - Prompt Payment to SBE subcontractors

(a) Each contractor on a city contract with certified SBEs as subcontractors shall pay the respective subcontractors any invoiced and undisputed amounts for accepted and completed work within thirty-five (35) days of the contractor's receipt of the subcontractor's invoice. Payment to the subcontractor shall be timely made as required under this section regardless of whether the contractor has been paid for the same work or payment period. For the purposes of the section 28-225, any subcontractor, regardless of whether that subcontractor holds a city contract, may be required to make payments to MWBEs as set forth in this section.

(b) Contractor is required to provide written notice of either approval or rejection of the
subcontractor's invoice within ten (10) days of receipt. If the invoice is rejected, the written notice to
the subcontractor shall include the objections, discrepancies or disputes regarding the invoice.

1 (c) Failure to comply with the payment requirements in this section may be grounds for 2 withholding of payment by the city to the contractor, and may be grounds for breach of the city 3 contract.

4 (d) The payment requirements under this section shall apply to SBEs utilized for 5 satisfaction of the goal regardless of tier.

6 (e) SBEs performing as prime contractors shall be subject to the requirements under this
7 section 28-225 regarding payment to MWBE or SBE subcontractors.

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(f) This section 28-225 shall apply only to contracts in the amount of one million dollars (\$1,000,000.00) or more based on the original contract amount before amendments or changes.

10 Sec. 28-226. – Participation modification; substitution; termination of SBE subcontractors.

(a) A contractor that has been awarded a contract which includes SBE participation, or has duly added an additional or substitute SBE subcontractor to the contract in accordance with this division, may not substitute or terminate an SBE subcontractor without the DSBO's and user department's prior written concurrence as set forth herein. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which a contractor seeks to perform work with its own forces or those of an affiliate, a non-SBE firm, or with another SBE firm that was originally designated for an SBE subcontractor.

(b) In the event that a contractor or consultant must substitute or terminate an SBE
subcontractor, subconsultant, joint venturer, supplier, manufacturer, manufacturer's representative
or broker, except in cases where directed by the city, the following must be completed:

20 (1) The contractor must provide notice in writing to the SBE subcontractor, with a 21 copy to DSBO and the user department, of its intent to request to terminate or substitute, and the 22 reason for the request.

23 (2) The contractor must give the SBE subcontractor at least five (5) business days
24 to respond to the contractor's notice.

25 (3) The DSBO in conjunction with the user department must provide concurrence 26 and the reasons therefor stated in a written notification that the prime contractor has good cause to 27 substitute or terminate the firm.

(4) In determining good cause to substitute or terminate the DSBO will consider all
 circumstances as a whole based on the following factors:

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(i) The SBE subcontractor fails or refuses to execute a written contract;

- (ii) The SBE subcontractor fails or refuses to perform the work consistent with
   normal industry standards; provided, however, that good cause does not exist if the failure or refusal
   of the SBE subcontractor to perform its work results from the bad faith or discriminatory action of the
   contractor;
- 5 (iii) The SBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the contractor's reasonable,
  6 nondiscriminatory bond requirements or insurance requirements;
- 7 (iv) The SBE subcontractor becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit8 unworthiness;
- 9 (v) The SBE subcontractor is or becomes ineligible to work on city projects
  10 because of suspension and debarment;
- (vi) The non-city owner or contractor has determined that the SBE subcontractor
  is not a responsible contractor;
- (vii) The SBE subcontractor voluntarily withdraws from the project and provides
  to you written notice of its withdrawal;
- (viii) The SBE subcontractor's cannot be counted toward the minimumparticipation requirement;
- (ix) A SBE subcontractor owner dies or becomes disabled resulting in the SBE
  subcontractor's inability to perform or complete its work on the contract; or
- 19 (x) Other documented good cause that the DSBO determines requires20 termination of the SBE subcontractor.
- (5) The SBE subcontractor shall be provided the opportunity to advise the DSBO,
  user department and the contractor of the reasons, if any, why it objects to the proposed termination,
  and why the DSBO should not concur with the contractor's action. If required in a particular case as
  a matter of public necessity (*e.g.*, safety), DSBO may provide a response period shorter than five (5)
  business days.
- (6) In addition to post-award substitutions or terminations, the provisions of this
  section apply to reductions in scope of work and pre-award deletions of or substitutions of SBE firms
  by bidders or proposers prior to execution of a contract.
- (c) If the DSBO and the user department concurs with the contractor's request to
   substitute, terminate or reduce the scope of work of the SBE subcontractor, the contractor must
   replace the terminated SBE subcontractor with another SBE firm certified to perform the same scope

of work unless the contractor can demonstrate that it cannot replace the subcontractor to the DSBO's
 satisfaction.

3 (d) If a contractor substitutes or terminates the SBE subcontractor, or reduces the scope 4 of work of the SBE subcontractor, without first complying with this section 28-226, the DSBO may 5 find the contractor in violation of this ordinance and the contractor may be subject to enforcement 6 and sanctions.

7 Sec. 28-227. - Potential violations during contract or concession agreement performance.

8 (a) A contractor, consultant or concessionaire that has been awarded a contract or 9 concession agreement based upon a given level of SBE or EBE participation shall not, at any time 10 before or during the performance of such contract or concession agreement:

(1) Fail to in fact perform as an SBE or EBE, as applicable, to achieve the work
scope that was originally listed at bid opening or proposal submission in order to achieve defined
selection pool requirements; or

14 (2) Fail to in fact utilize SBE subcontractor(s), subconsultant(s) or supplier(s) to 15 achieve the work scope that was originally listed at bid opening or proposal submission in order to 16 achieve required minimum utilization of SBE subcontractors, subconsultants and suppliers, if 17 applicable; or

18 (3) Modify or eliminate all or a portion of the scope of work attributable to the SBE or 19 EBE upon which the contract or concession agreement was awarded, unless directed by the city; or

(4) Terminate an SBE originally utilized as a subcontractor, subconsultant, joint
 venturer, supplier, manufacturer, manufacturer's representative or broker in order to be awarded the
 contract without replacing such SBE subcontractor with another SBE subcontractor, performing the
 same commercially useful function and dollar amount, or demonstrating good faith efforts, as defined
 in subsection (c) hereof, to substitute another SBE subcontractor; all subject to the DSBO's approval;

(5) Retaliate against any SBE subcontractor that reports issues to the DSBO or user
 department;

27 (6) Participate in a conduit relationship with an SBE subcontractor scheduled to
 28 perform work on the contract;

29

(7) Otherwise fail to meet the minimum utilization requirements; or

30 (8) Commit any other violation of this article VII, or rules and regulations promulgated
 31 hereunder, which constitutes a material breach of the contract, not mentioned above.

1 (b) Any action by a contractor, consultant or concessionaire in violation of subsections (a)(1)2 through (8) hereof, shall constitute a material breach of the contract or concession agreement that 3 shall entitle the city or private owner to exercise all of its rights at law or equity for such material 4 breach, in addition to exercising any of the other sanctions set out in section 28-229. If, following contract or concession agreement award, an SBE or EBE has its certification terminated for reasons 5 6 other than expiration of certification, or graduation from certification under section 28-206, or an SBE 7 or EBE fails to perform a commercially useful function, the participation of which was originally 8 counted for that SBE or EBE in awarding the contract or concession agreement, or an SBE 9 voluntarily withdraws its SBE participation on the contract or concession agreement and the 10 contractor, consultant or concessionaire can demonstrate that such termination or failure did not 11 result from any action or inaction, whether direct or indirect, of or by the contractor, consultant or 12 concessionaire, such termination of certification or failure to perform a commercially useful function 13 shall not be deemed to affect compliance with the contract or concession agreement defined 14 selection pool requirements or minimum SBE utilization requirements, and shall not be deemed a 15 breach of the contract or concession agreement.

16 Sec. 28-228. - Burden of proof; investigations of compliance.

17 Any business enterprise affected by the operation of this article VII shall have the burden of 18 proving its compliance with the requirements and obligations of the article, as applicable. The DSBO 19 is empowered to receive and investigate complaints and allegations by SBEs, EBEs, third parties or 20 city personnel, or to initiate its own investigations regarding compliance with the requirements and 21 obligations of this article VII. If the DSBO determines in its sole discretion that an investigation is 22 warranted, upon written notice of such investigation the affected party shall be obligated to cooperate 23 fully with the investigation and shall have a continuing burden of providing complete, truthful 24 information to the director and of otherwise proving compliance with the requirements and obligations 25 of this article VII.

26 Sec. 28-229. - Sanctions for failure to comply with article VII requirements.

(a) If a contractor, consultant or concessionaire is found to be in violation of the provisions
of article VII, to otherwise be in breach of a contract or concession agreement, to perform as an SBE
or EBE for a non-commercially useful function or as a conduit, to fail to achieve required minimum
SBE subcontractor, subconsultant and/or supplier utilization, if applicable, to fail to submit
information required in section 28-220, to submit false, misleading or materially incomplete

1 statements, documentation or records, or to fail to cooperate in an investigation, it shall be subject 2 to sanctions. The city may exercise any or all of its rights, including, but not limited to, withholding 3 funds including retentions, imposition of monetary penalty, suspension or termination, contained in 4 the contract or concession agreement terms and conditions. If the contract or concession agreement is suspended or terminated, the city reserves all its rights at law or equity, with such suspension or 5 6 termination being deemed a response to a contractor, consultant or concessionaire default, as 7 appropriate, by applicable law.

8 (b) If the director determines, in his or her sole discretion, that a contractor, consultant or 9 concessionaire is in noncompliance with article VII. the contractor, consultant or concessionaire may 10 be assessed a civil, remedial penalty of not more than one hundred fifty (150) percent of the value 11 of the minimum SBE participation underutilization, or in the case of a concession agreement, of not 12 more than the revenues accruing to the concessionaire from its concession operations over the past 13 three-month period. In assessing such civil penalty:

14 (1) The director shall calculate the applicable amount of civil penalty, and may 15 reduce or waive all or part of such penalty, in his or her sole discretion, in consideration of the 16 following factors:

17

The length of the period of noncompliance; a.

- 18

b. The history of previous noncompliance with this article VII;

19 C. The monetary impact of the civil penalty on the contractor, consultant or 20 concessionaire in correcting such noncompliance; or

21 d. The other facts and circumstances relevant to the noncompliance of the 22 contractor, consultant or concessionaire.

23 (2) The director shall collect assessed and unpaid civil penalties under this 24 subsection by action initiated in the state district court for collection of such penalty. A stay of any 25 order of the director pending judicial review shall not relieve any contractor, consultant or 26 concessionaire from any civil penalty obligation imposed under this subsection.

27 (3) Any such assessed civil penalties may also be offset against any amount, 28 including, but not limited to, contract retainage, otherwise due and owing to the contractor, consultant 29 or concessionaire on the contract or concession agreement.

1 (4) The contract or concession agreement may be suspended or terminated with the 2 city reserving all its rights at law or equity, with such suspension or termination being deemed a 3 response to a contractor, consultant or concessionaire default, as appropriate, by applicable law.

- 4 The debarment board established under Denver Revised Municipal Code Section (5) 5 20-77, upon request of the director, may suspend or debar the contractor, consultant or 6 concessionaire from participation in city or private contracting covered hereunder for a period as 7 may be determined by the debarment board, in its sole discretion, based upon the grounds of 8 violating this article VII, pursuant to such suspension and debarment procedures as may be 9 established by the city, as set forth in Denver Revised Municipal Code Section 20-77. The director 10 in that event shall regard as nonresponsive any bid, proposal or competitive selection process 11 proposal received during this time period that includes the contractor, consultant or concessionaire 12 as a contractor, consultant, concessionaire, subcontractor, subconsultant, joint venturer, supplier, 13 manufacturer, manufacturer's representative, or broker.
- 14 (6) If a contractor, consultant, concessionaire or other business enterprise knowingly
  15 receives new or additional work on a contract or concession agreement as a result of actions set out
  16 in this section, then the penalties in this section may be applied to such business enterprise.
- 17 The DSBO may suspend or revoke an offending SBE's or EBE's eligibility for (7)18 certification, may suspend its participation from counting toward achieving defined selection pool 19 and/or SBE minimum utilization requirements if applicable, and, subject to other city law, may refer 20 to the debarment board to suspend or debar it from participating in future city contracts or concession 21 agreements, based upon such SBE's or EBE's acting as a conduit, failing to comply with the 22 provisions of article VII, failing to perform a commercially useful function on a project, failing to 23 achieve required SBE minimum subcontractor, subconsultant and/or supplier utilization if applicable, 24 failing to submit information as required by section 28-220, submitting false, misleading or materially 25 incomplete statements, documentation or records, or failing to cooperate in investigations.
- (c) The director may, in his or her sole discretion, impose any one (1) or more of the sanctions set out in this section against any contractor, consultant, concessionaire or joint venturer determined to be in violation of the section, provided that the director shall first advise the affected department head of the proposed sanction in writing. If the department head advises the director in writing that the department head believes that imposition of such sanction would not be in the best

interests of the city, the director shall consult with the department head prior to making a final
 decision as to whether to impose such sanctions.

3 (d) Consistent with article VII and the rules and regulations, the DSBO may prescribe
4 corrective actions in the case of potential violations or in lieu of potential enforcement.

5 (e) Suspected criminal violations shall be referred to the proper authorities for prosecution. 6 If a conviction or a guilty plea is obtained pursuant to such prosecution, the perpetrator may be 7 barred from contracting with the city to the extent authorized by law.

### 8 Sec. 28-230. - State or federal law and other guidelines.

9 In making any findings required herein, the director may incorporate by reference rules. 10 procedures and powers of C.R.S. § 24-4-101 et seq. as they may exist on the date of repeal and 11 reenactment of this article VII or as they may be amended. In making any findings required herein 12 or in aid of definition or interpretation of any term or phrase herein, the director may utilize as a guide 13 or adopt by rule and regulation, insofar as they are consistent with the purposes of this article VII, 14 provisions of federal law, including without limitation the provisions of 49 Code of Federal 15 Regulations and 13 Code of Federal Regulations, or successor regulations, as they exist on the date 16 of repeal and reenactment of this article VII or as they may be amended.

## 17 Sec. 28-231. - Reporting.

18 The director shall prepare written reports two (2) times each year that this article VII is in effect 19 that shall describe defined selection pool requirements applied to contracts and concession 20 agreements under this article VII. Copies of such reports shall be provided to the affected department 21 heads, city council and the mayor according to the following schedule:

In addition, the report shall encompass the implementation of this article VII as well as a report and justification of SBE and EBE defined selection pool requirements and minimum SBE utilization requirements by contract or concession agreement including all change orders, amendments and modifications.

In calculating SBE or EBE participation, all funds paid to SBEs and EBEs on city defined selection pool contracts and all revenues received by SBEs from city concession agreements during the year shall be counted whether or not such funds were used to compensate SBEs and EBEs or such concession revenues were received by SBEs for the performance of a commercially useful function.

31 Sec. 28-232. - Annual report.

For each year that this article VII is in effect, by March 1 of the following year, the director shall submit to the mayor and council a report describing SBE and EBE defined selection pool levels achieved in the preceding year and making recommendations as to continuing or further efforts that the city should make in efforts to assist in the development and utilization. of SBEs in city construction and professional design and construction services contracting, and in city concession opportunities, and recommending what should be done to assist in achieving such SBE and EBE participation in the future. The annual report shall be regarded as one of the reports required under Section 28-231.

## 8 Sec. 28-233. - Rules and regulations; guidelines.

- 9 The director shall have the power and authority to adopt rules and regulations or guidelines 10 to effectuate the purpose, procedures and operations of this article VII.
- 11 Sec. 28-234. Severability.

If any provision of this article VII or its application is held invalid or unenforceable, such invalidity or unenforceability shall not affect other provisions or applications of this article VII that can be given effect without the invalid provisions or applications and the remaining provisions are to be severable and shall remain in full force and effect.

16 Sec. 28-235. - Effective date of ordinance.

This article VII shall become effective on May 2, 2020 and shall apply to all contracts and concession agreements within the scope of the article for which bids or proposals are publicly advertised on or after May 2, 2020.

20 Sec. 28-236. - Review and sunset.

(a) This article VII shall be reviewed by the mayor, director and department heads on the
third anniversary of its enactment, in order to determine whether adjustments or revisions to article
VII or additional studies or inquiries in furtherance of article VII are deemed appropriate and should
be undertaken or recommended, in order to further and maintain the purpose and intent of article
VII.

- (b) This article VII shall be repealed effective April 30, 2025.
- 27

1	1 COMMITTEE APPROVAL DATE:	
2	2 MAYOR-COUNCIL DATE:	
3	3 PASSED BY THE COUNCIL:	
4	4 PRESIDENT	
5	5 APPROVED: MAYOR	
6 7 8	7 EX-OFFICIO CLERK OF TH	
9	9 NOTICE PUBLISHED IN THE DAILY JOURNAL:;;	
10	0 PREPARED BY:, Assistant City Attorney DATE:	
11 12 13 14 15	Pursuant to section 13-12, D.R.M.C., this proposed ordinance has been reviewed by the office of the City Attorney. We find no irregularity as to form, and have no legal objection to the proposed ordinance. The proposed ordinance is not submitted to the City Council for approval pursuant to § 3.2.6 of the Charter.	
16 17		
18	8 BY:, Assistant City Attorney DATE:	